

Radioactive molecules as laboratories for fundamental physics

Ronald F. Garcia Ruiz
MIT

TRIUMF Science Week
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Radioactive molecules as laboratories for fundamental physics

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- Why (radioactive) Molecules?
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Radioactive Molecules

Nuclear EM
structure

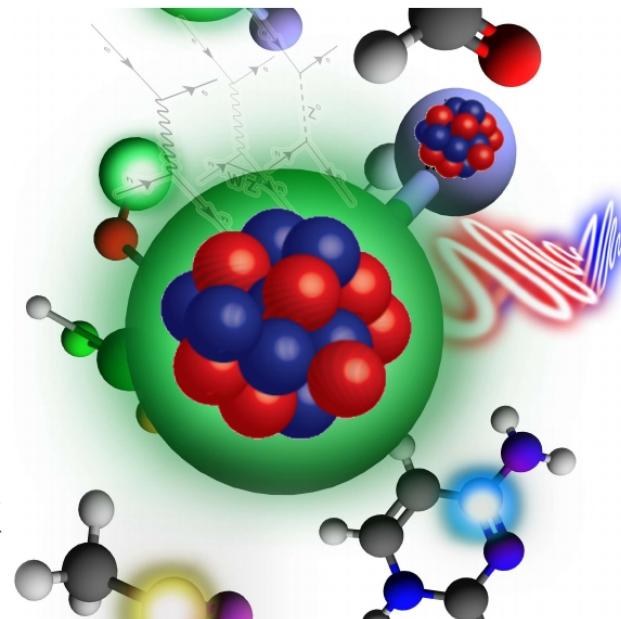
Astrophysics

Nuclear EW
structure

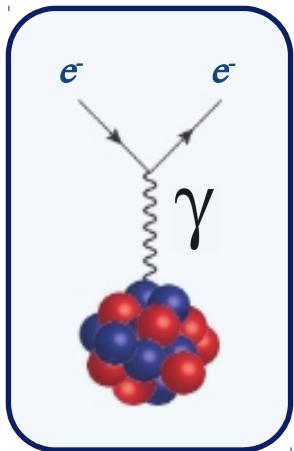
Nuclear
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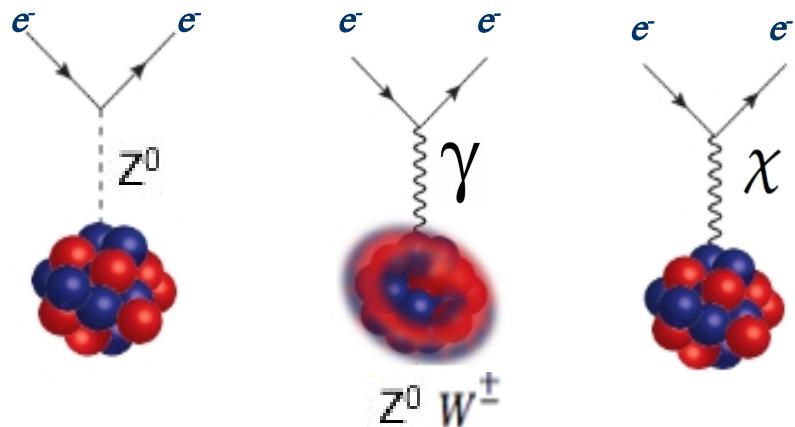
Why (radioactive) molecules?



Long range

Electromagnetic structure

Atoms $\langle r^2 \rangle, I, \mu, Q, \dots$

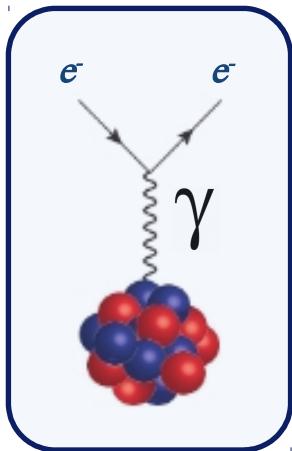


Short range (< 0.1 fm)

Electroweak structure

- Nuclear force → QCD
- Emergence of nuclear phenomena
- Understanding of nuclear matter

Why (radioactive) molecules?



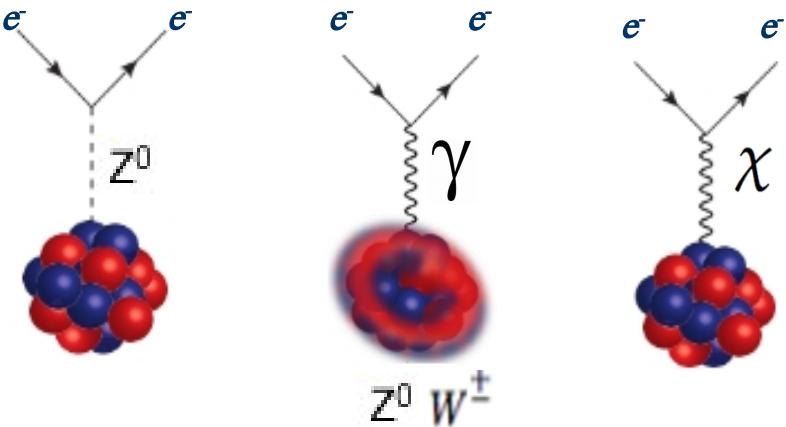
Long range

Electromagnetic structure

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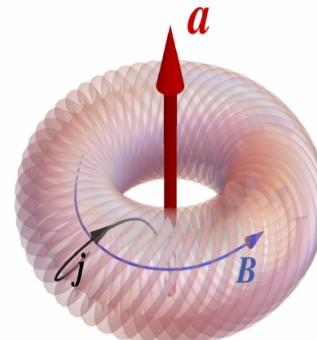
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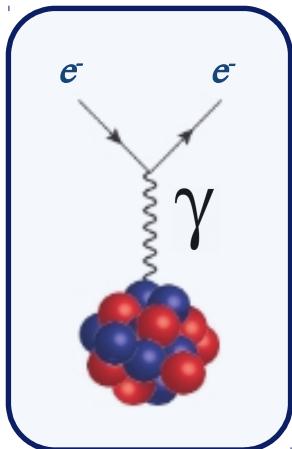
Short range (< 0.1 fm)

Electroweak structure



[Safronova et al. RMP 90, 025008 (2018)]
[Wood et al. Science 275, 1759 (1997)]

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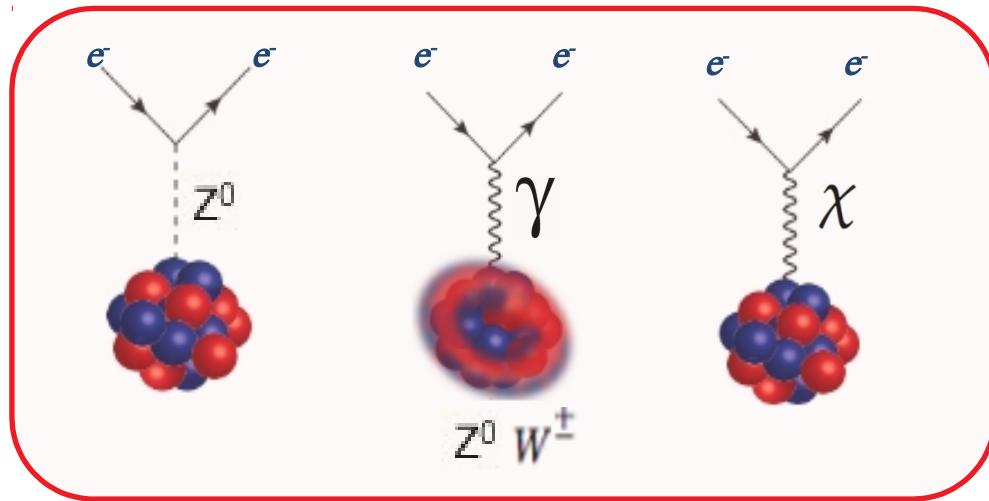
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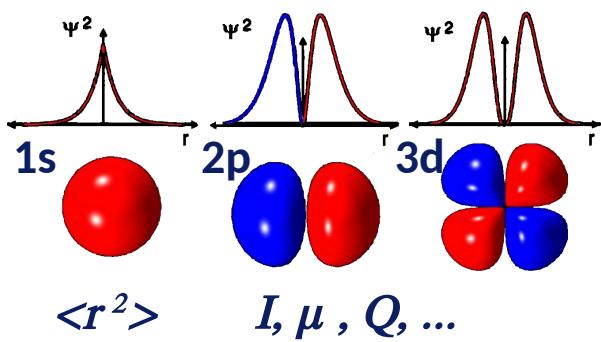
Molecules

$A_{AM}, eEDM, S_{schiff}, MQM$

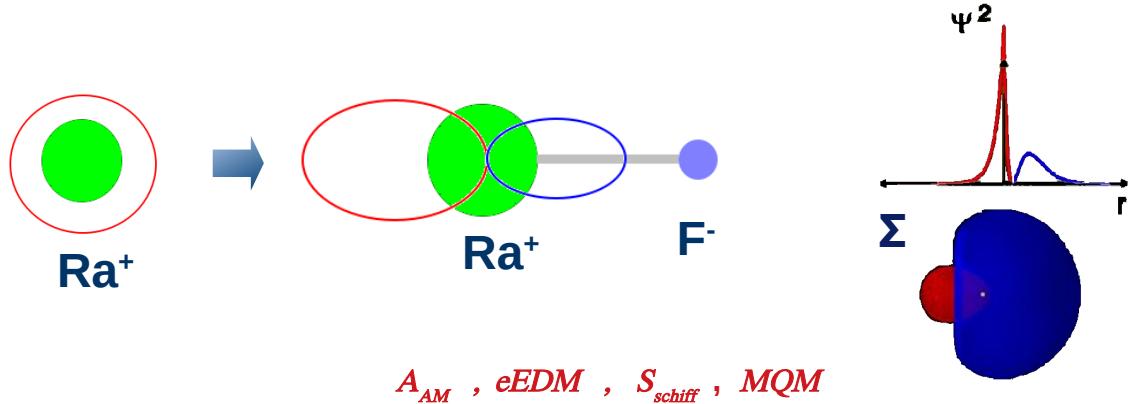
- Fundamental symmetries, BSM physics
- Matter / Antimatter asymmetry
- Dark matter

Why (radioactive) molecules?

Atoms

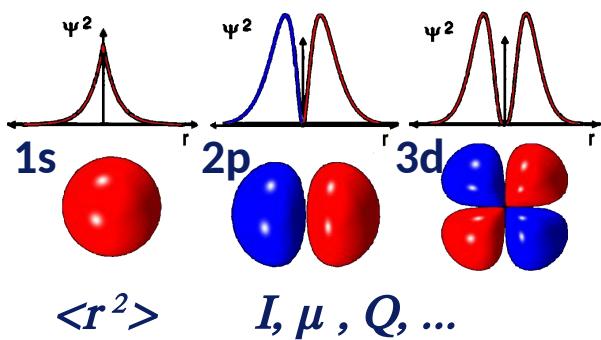


Molecules

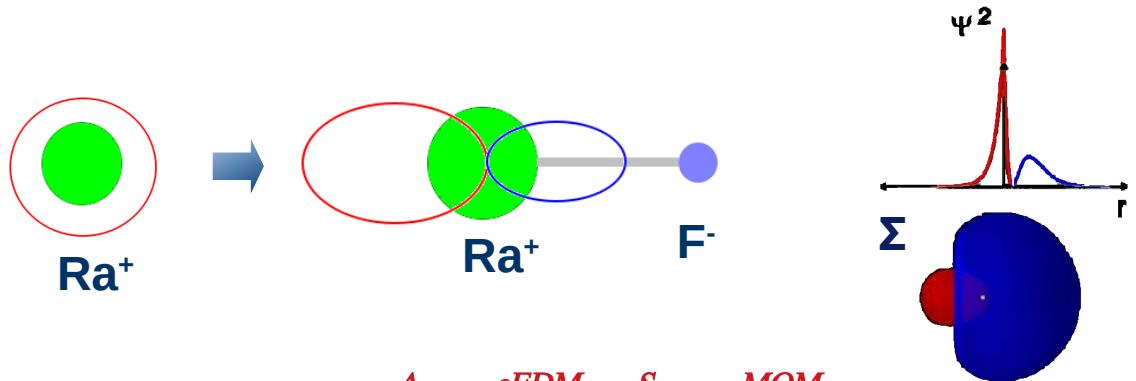


Why (radioactive) molecules?

Atoms



Molecules



A_{AM} , $eEDM$, S_{schiff} , MQM

$$E_{PNC} \sim \frac{\langle P\text{-odd} | H_w | P\text{-even} \rangle}{E_- - E_+}$$

Atoms: ($E_+ - E_-$) ~ 1 eV

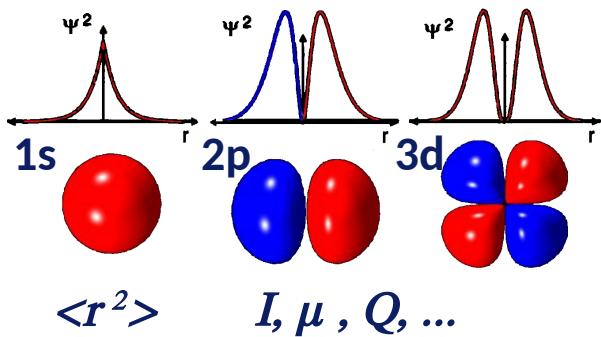
Molecules: ($E_+ - E_-$) $\sim 10^{-5}$ eV

- Parity violation $> 10^{11}$

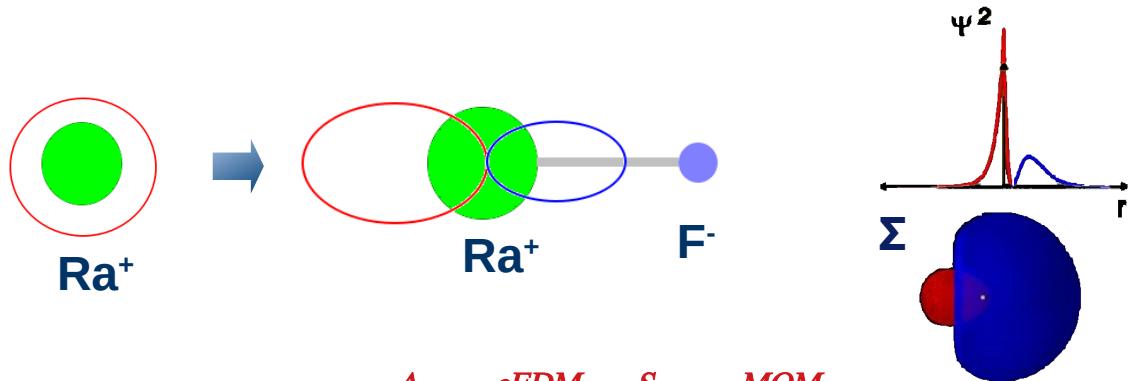
[Phys Rev Lett 120, 142501 (2018)]
 [Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 223201 (2017)]

Why (radioactive) molecules?

Atoms



Molecules



A_{AM} , $eEDM$, S_{schiff} , MQM

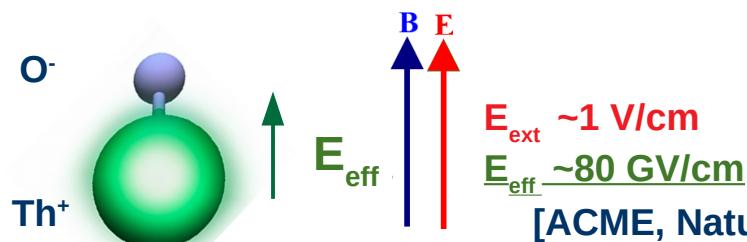
$$E_{PNC} \sim \frac{\langle \text{P-odd} | H_w | \text{P-even} \rangle}{E_- - E_+}$$

Atoms: $(E_+ - E_-) \sim 1 \text{ eV}$

Molecules: $(E_+ - E_-) \sim 10^{-5} \text{ eV}$

- Parity violation $> 10^{11}$

[Phys Rev Lett 120, 142501 (2018)]
[Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 223201 (2017)]



$\sim Z^n$

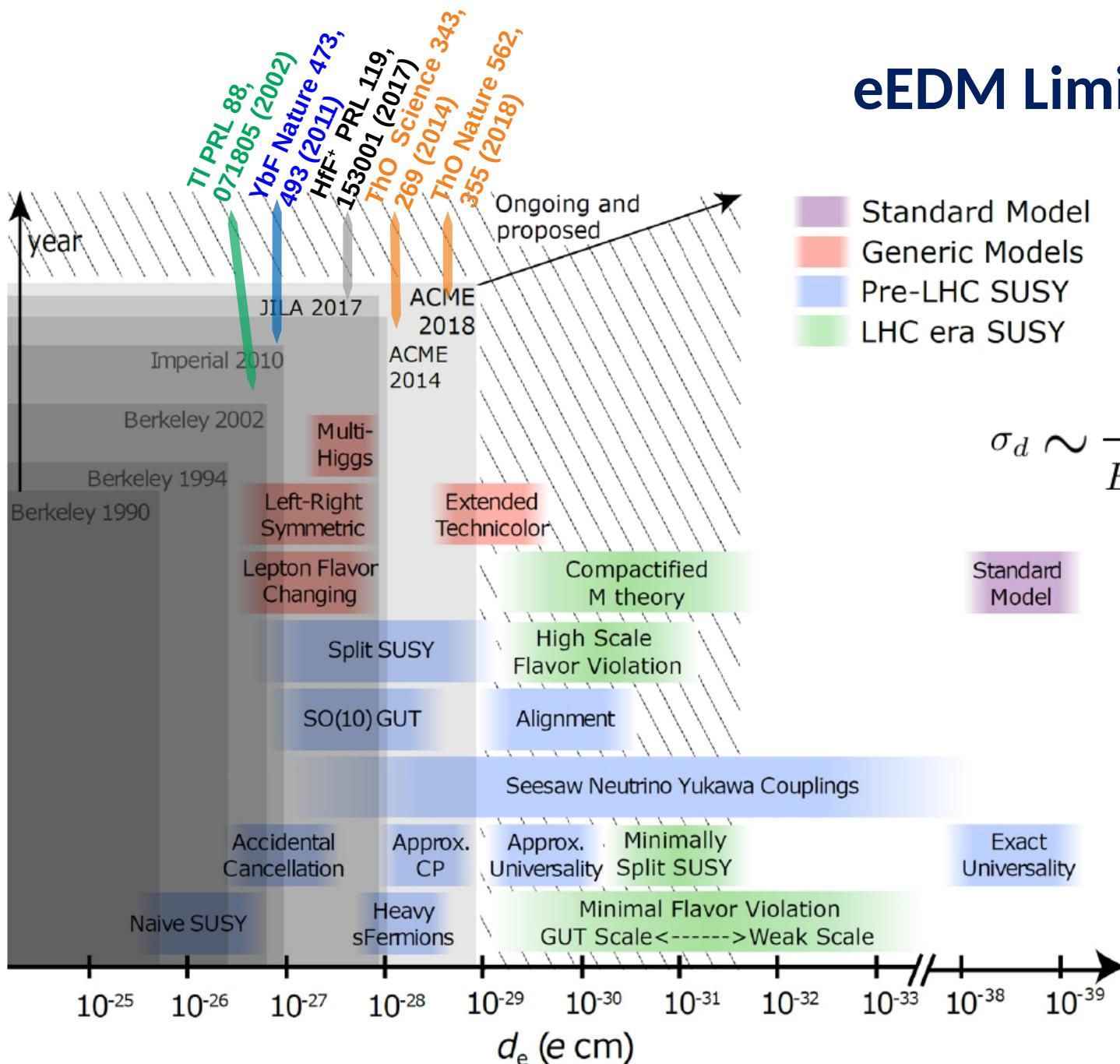
- Parity and Time reversal violation $> 10^3$

[ACME, Nature 562, 355 (2018)]

[Baron et al. Science 343, 269 (2014)]

[Sandars Phys. Rev. Lett. 18, 1396 (1967)]

eEDM Limits



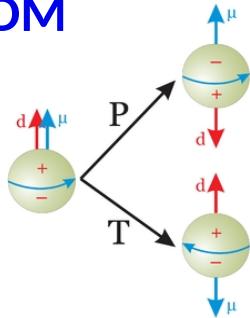
$$\sigma_d \sim \frac{1}{E_{\text{eff}} \tau \sqrt{\dot{N} T}}$$

Standard Model

Why (radioactive) molecules?

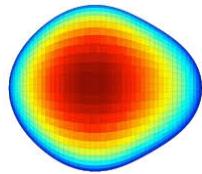
P,T- violation

EDM



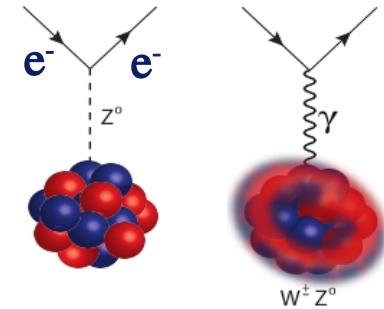
$$\sim Z^3 R(Z)$$

S_{schiff}



$$\sim Z^3 \beta_2 \beta_3 A^{2/3} / (E_+ - E_-)$$

P- violation

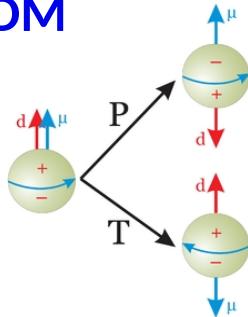


$$\sim Z^3 \quad \sim Z^2 A^{2/3} R(Z)$$

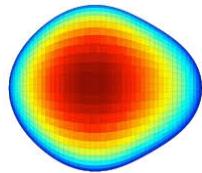
Why (radioactive) molecules?

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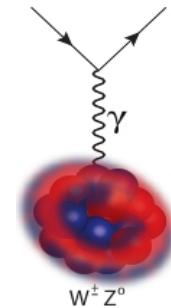
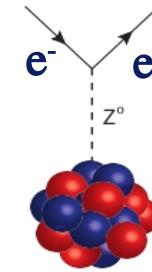
S_{schiff}



$$\sim Z^3 R(Z)$$

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P- violation

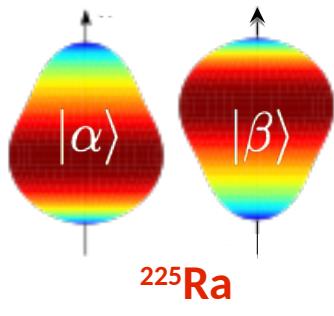


$$\sim Z^3$$

$$\sim Z^2 A^{2/3} R(Z)$$

[Gaffney et al. Nature 497, 199 (2013)]

[Parker et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 233002 (2015)]



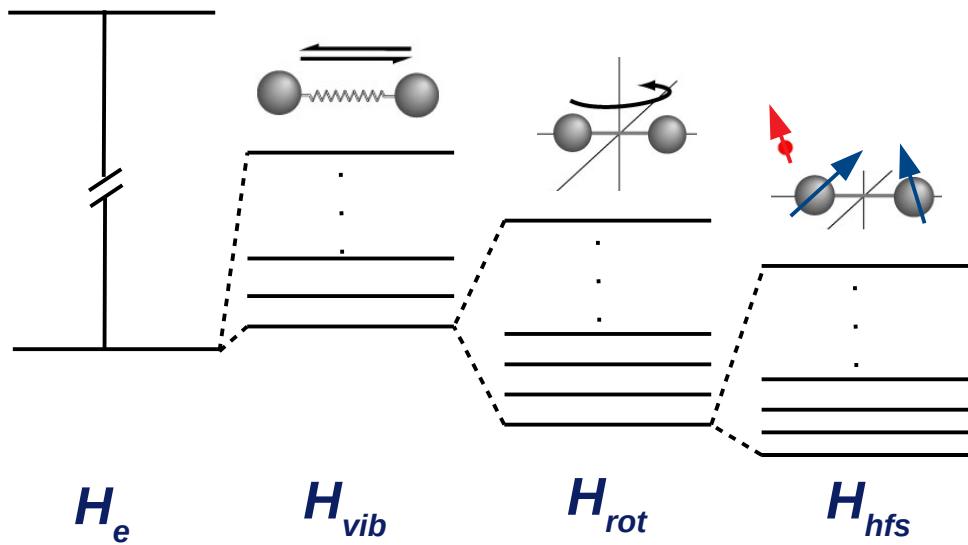
Radioactive nuclei

- Max. $Z, A, I > 0$
- Max. β_2, β_3
- Min. $(E_+^N - E_-^N)$

Radioactive molecules: Best of all worlds

Recent Results (RaF)

Collinear resonance ionization spectroscopy of Ra(Z=88)F molecules
 [Garcia Ruiz, Berger et al. CERN-INTC-2018-017 (2018)]



$$H_{mol} = H_e + H_{vib} + H_{rot} + H_{sr} + H_{hfs} + H_{PV} + H_{PTV}$$

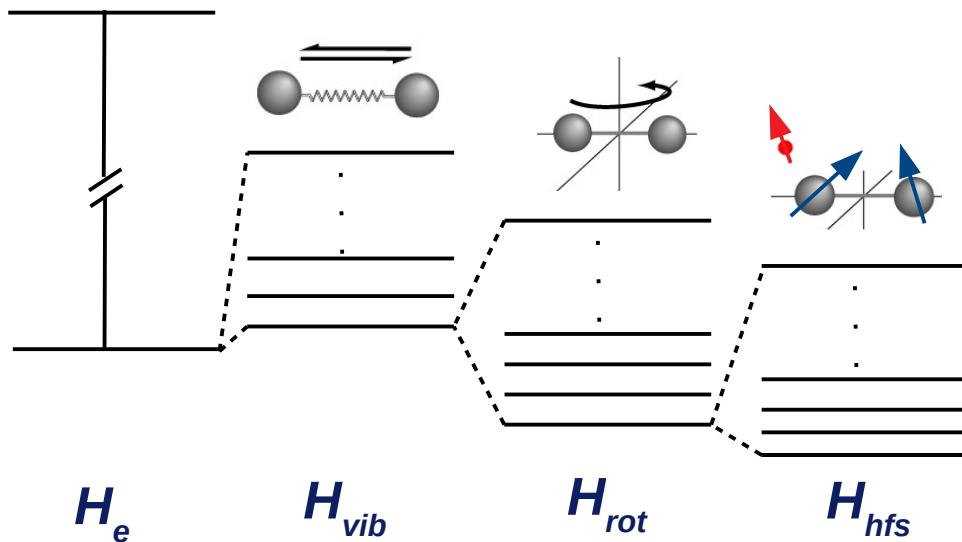
eV ~ 2 10^{-2} 10^{-5} 10^{-6} 10^{-8} $<10^{-12}$ $<10^{-15}$

$$\sigma_d \sim \frac{1}{E_{\text{eff}} \tau \sqrt{N T}}$$

$\sim Z^3$

Recent Results (RaF)

Collinear resonance ionization spectroscopy of Ra(Z=88)F molecules
[Garcia Ruiz, Berger et al. CERN-INTC-2018-017 (2018)]



- I. Low-lying structure?
- II. Feasibility of laser cooling?
 1. Dominant f_{00} ?
 2. Short-lived excited state ($T_{1/2}$)?
 3. Electronic states of lower energy (E)?

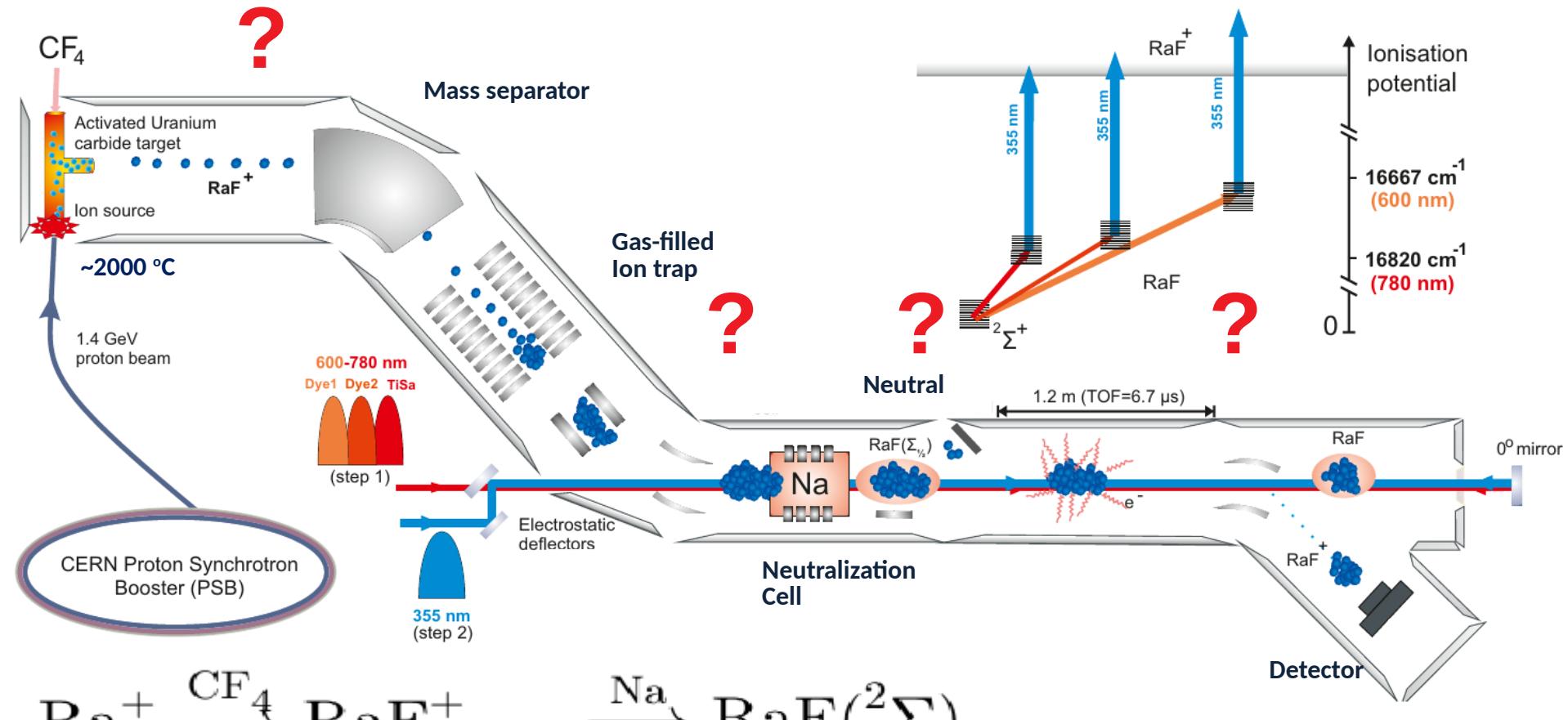
SrF: First evidence of laser cooling
[Shuman et al. Nature 467, 820-823 (2010)]

$$\sigma_d \sim \frac{1}{E_{\text{eff}} \tau \sqrt{N T}}$$

Red arrows point from the text below to the variables in the equation:
~Z³ points to E_{eff}
>1 s points to τ
? points to $N T$

Recent Results (RaF)

Collinear resonance ionization spectroscopy of Ra(Z=88)F molecules
 [Garcia Ruiz, Berger et al. CERN-INTC-2018-017 (2018)]



Production

State preparation

Study

Recent Results (RaF)

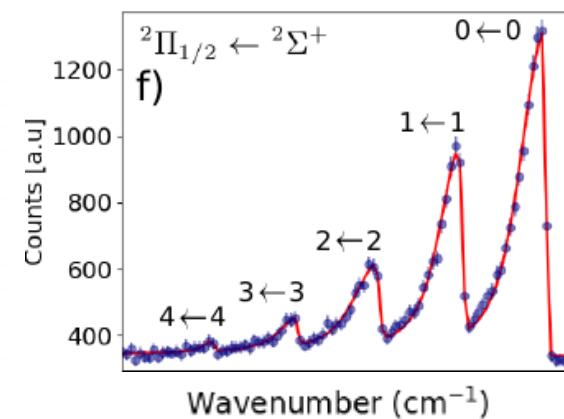
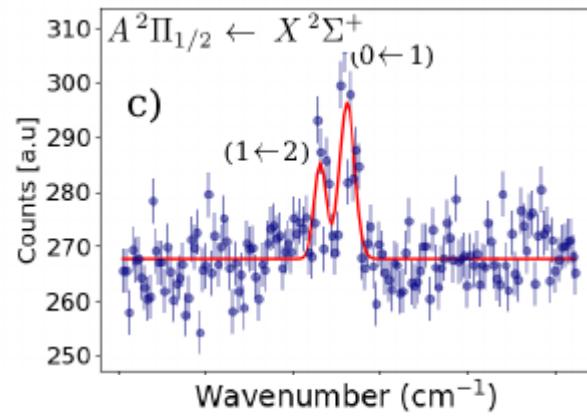
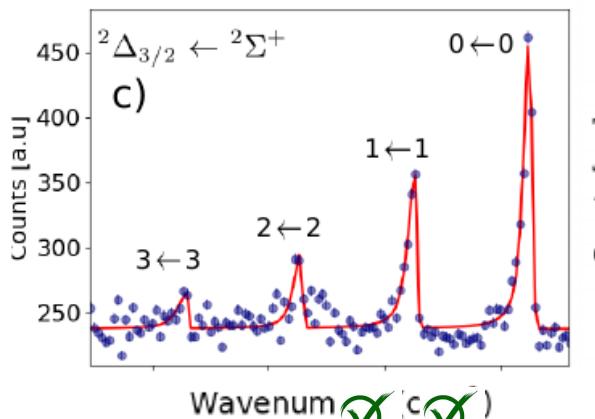
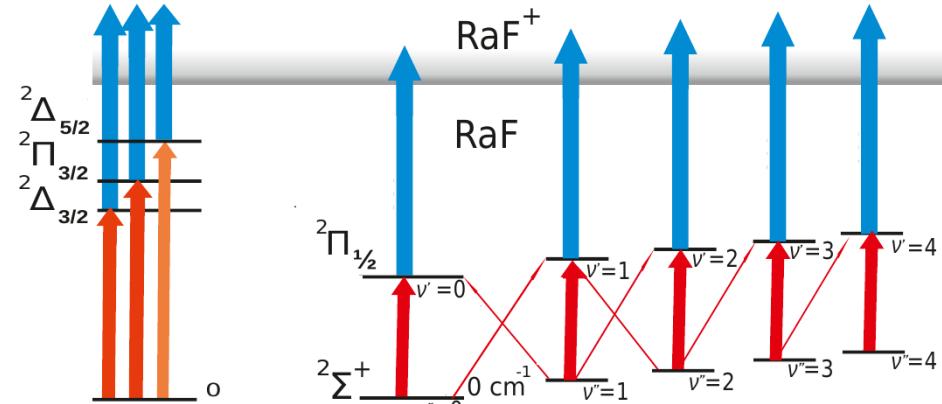
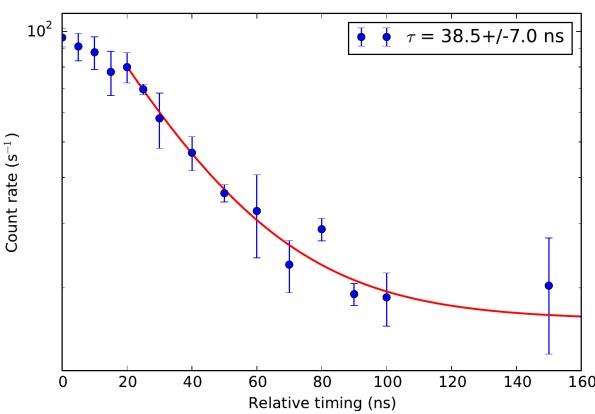
I. Low-lying structure ✓

II. Feasibility of laser cooling?

1. Dominant f_{00} ? $\rightarrow f_{00}/f_{ij} > 0.97$ ✓

2. Short-lived excited state ($T_{1/2}$)? $\rightarrow T_{1/2} < 50$ ns ✓

3. Electronic states of lower energy (E)? $\rightarrow 2000$ cm⁻¹ above ✓



$$H_{mol} = H_e + H_{vib} + H_{rot} + H_{hfs} + H_{PV} + H_{PTV}$$

[Garcia Ruiz et al. Nature 581, 396 (2020)]

Recent Results (RaF)

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“Hot” molecules can be super cool!

Recent Results (RaF)

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“Hot” molecules can be super cool!

nature

Article | Open Access | Published: 27 May 2020

Spectroscopy of short-lived radioactive molecules

R. F. Garcia Ruiz , R. Berger , [...] X. F. Yang

Nature 581, 396–400(2020) | Cite this article

9173 Accesses | 2 Citations | 152 Altmetric | Metrics

$$H_{mol} = H_e + H_{vib} + H_{rot} + H_{hfs} + H_{PV} + H_{PTV}$$

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DOI:10.1063/PT.6.1.20200611a

11 Jun 2020 in Research & Technology

Spectroscopy of molecules with unstable nuclei

Pinning down the energy transitions of radium monofluoride, and eventually other short-lived molecules, could reveal the ways they are influenced by the properties of heavy radioactive nuclei.

Andrew Grant

physicsworld

ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR | RESEARCH UPDATE

Exotic radioactive molecules could reveal physics beyond the Standard Model

05 Jun 2020

CHEMISTRY WORLD

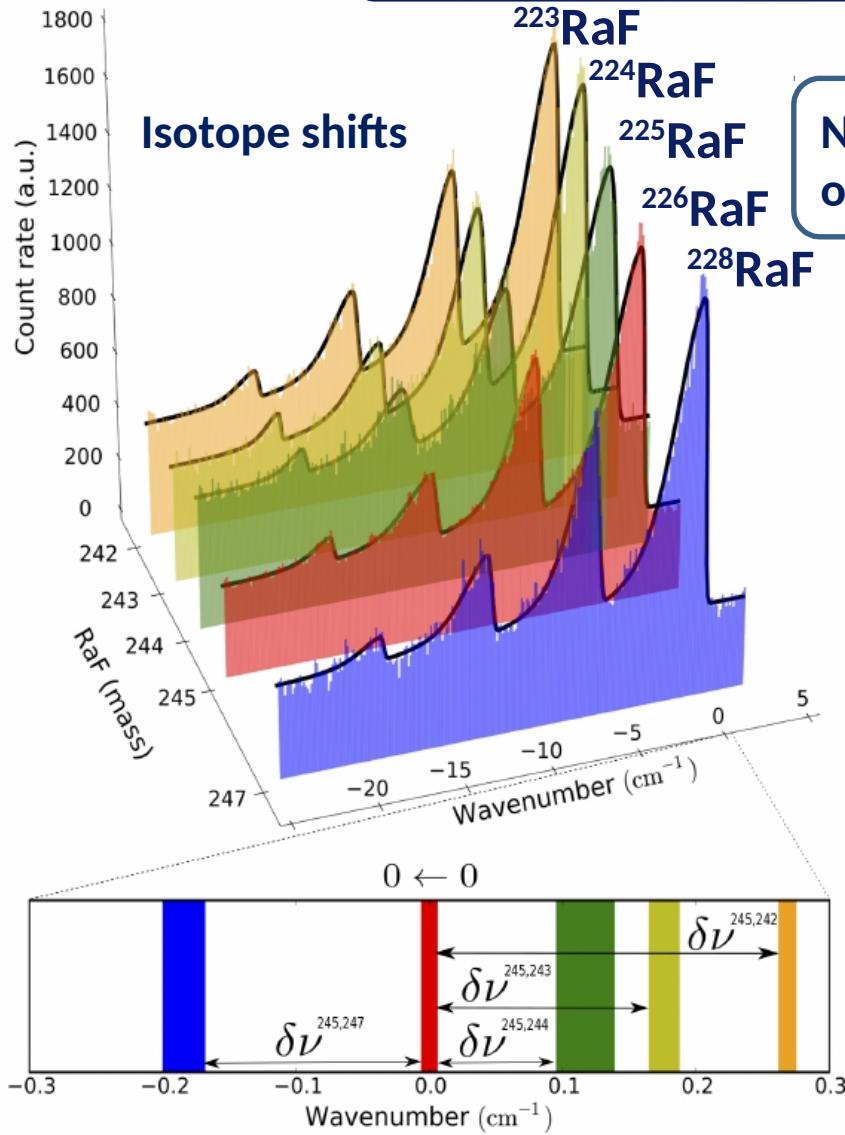
Molecular experiments hope to reveal new physics

BY ANDY EXTANCE | 5 JUNE 2020

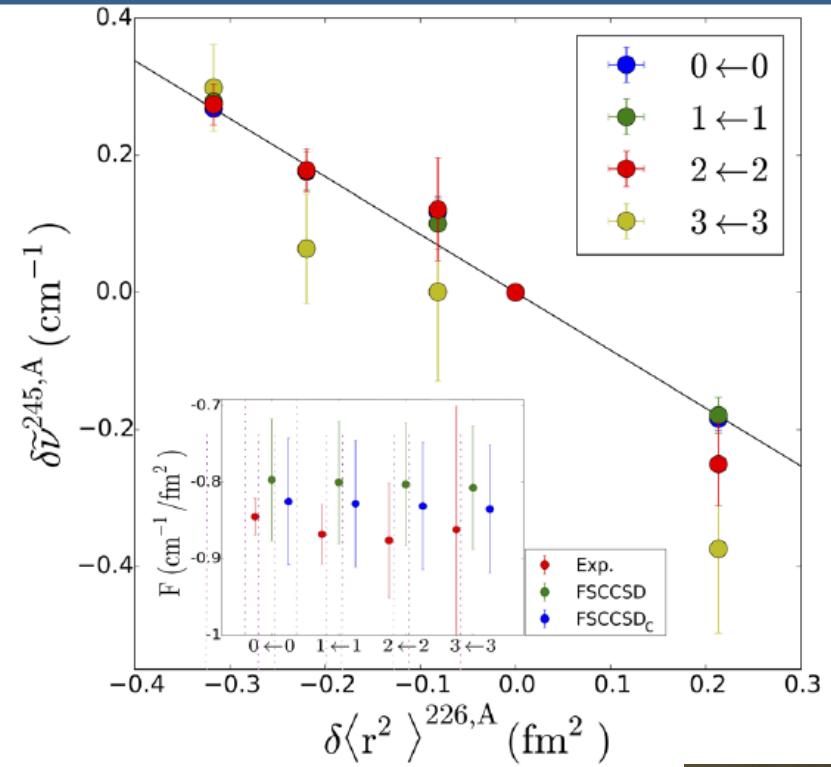
Detecting extremely short-lived radium fluoride can explore standard model's limits

[Garcia Ruiz et al. Nature 581, 396 (2020)]

Recent Results (RaF)



New opportunities for nuclear structure studies
of the heaviest elements (e.g. ThO, PaO,...)

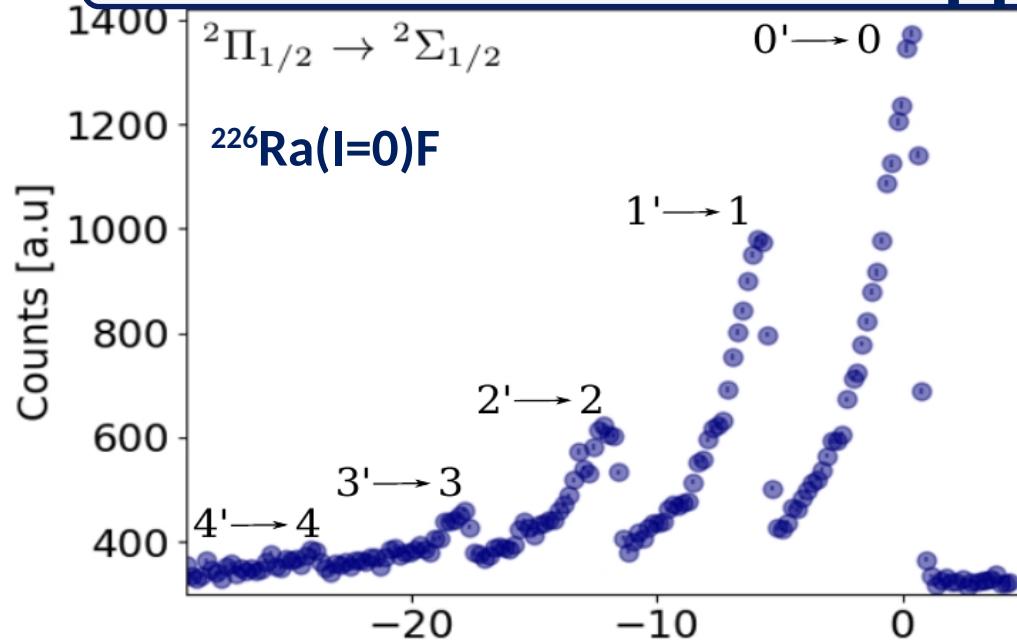


[Udrescu et al.
In preparation (2020)]



$$H_{mol} = H_e + H_{vib} + H_{rot} + H_{hfs} + H_{PV} + H_{PTV}$$

Recent results: Sub-Doppler spectroscopy (RaF)

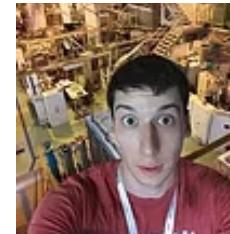


✓ ✓

$$H_{mol} = H_e + H_{vib} + H_{rot} + H_{sr} + H_{hfs} + H_{PV} + H_{PTV}$$

eV ~ 2 10^{-2} 10^{-5} 10^{-6} 10^{-8} $< 10^{-12}$ $< 10^{-15}$

Graduate students @ MIT

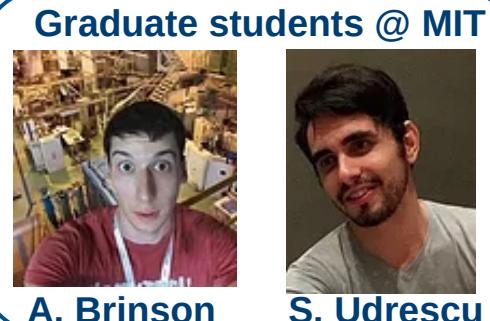
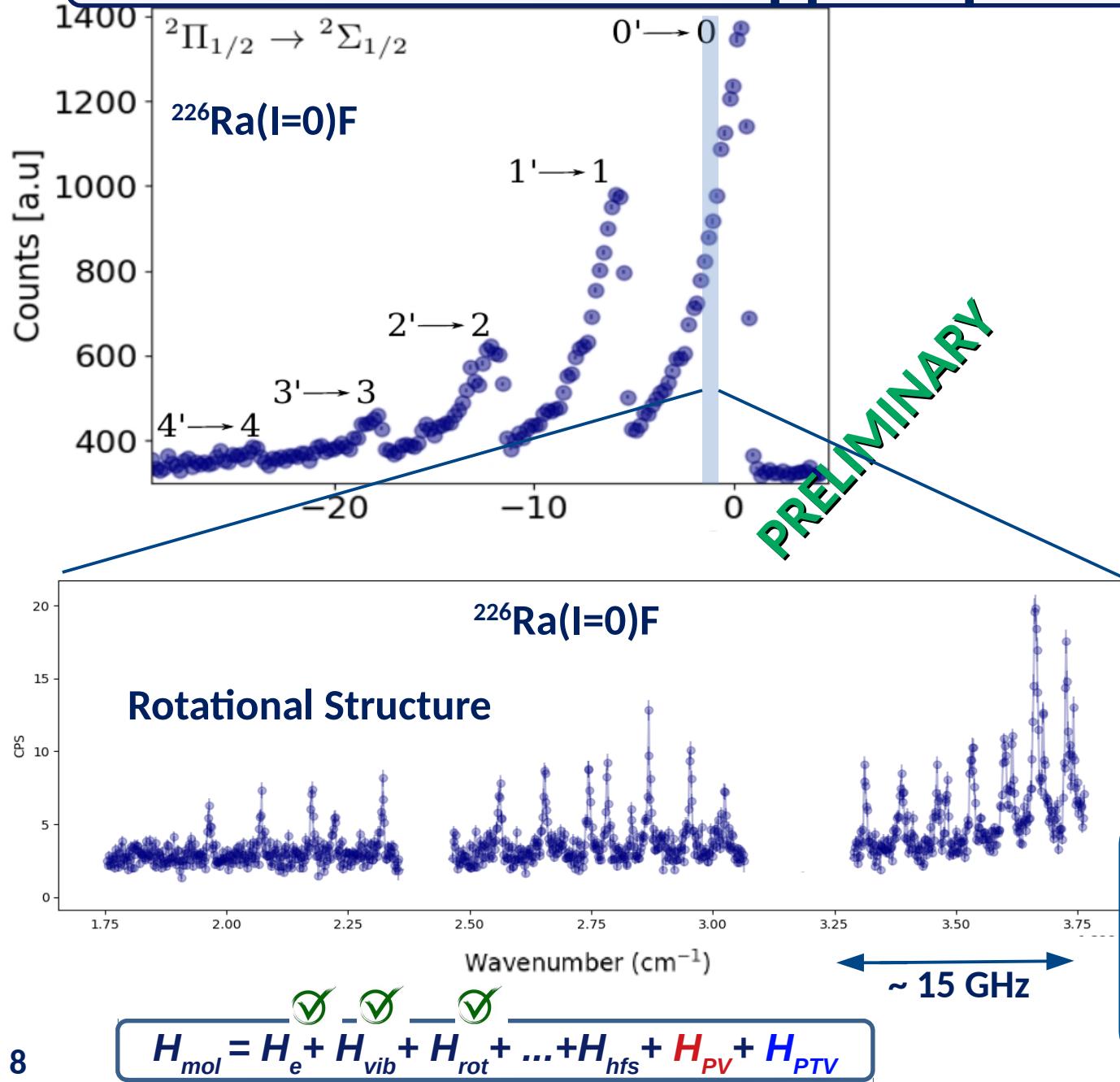


A. Brinson

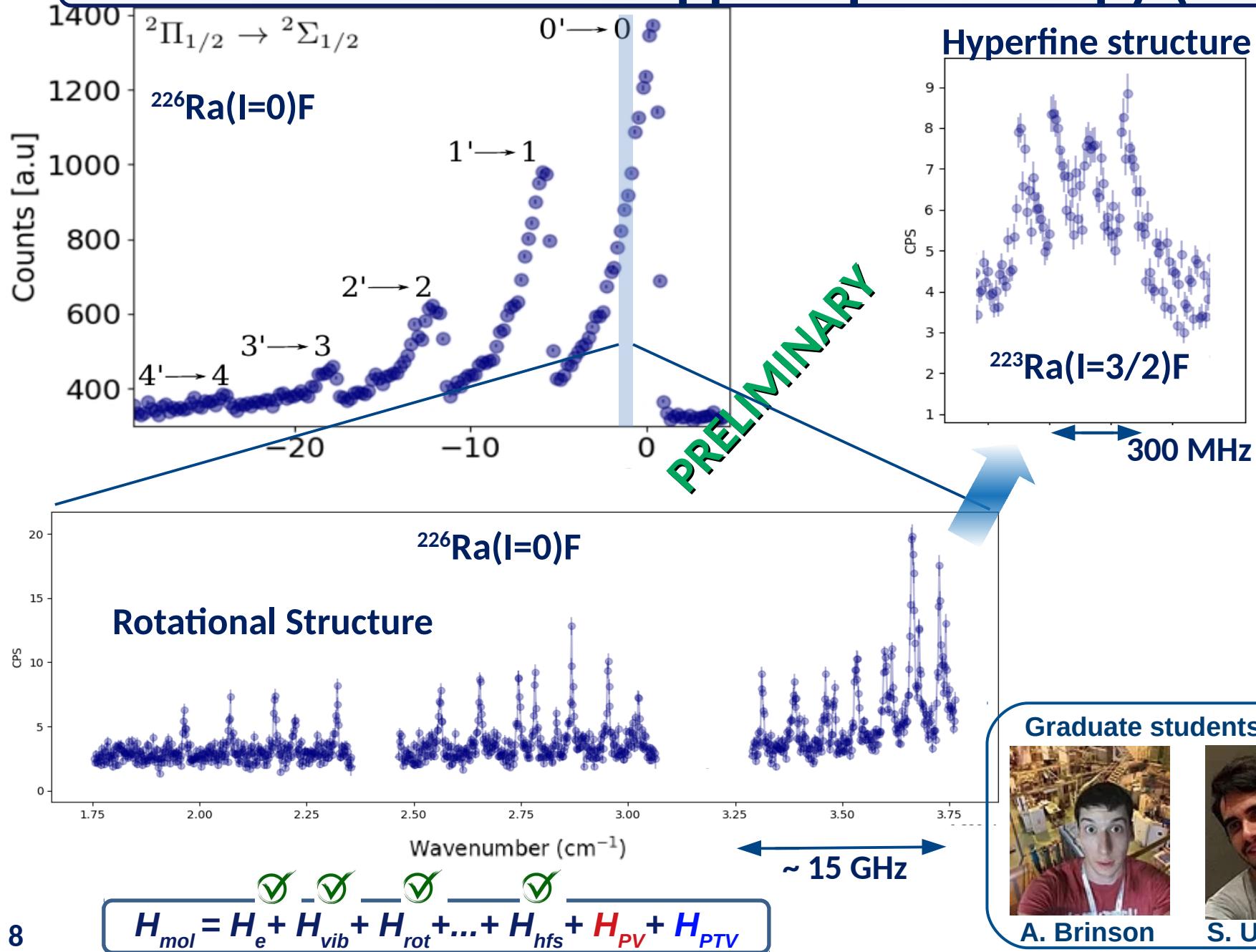


S. Udrescu

Recent results: Sub-Doppler spectroscopy (RaF)



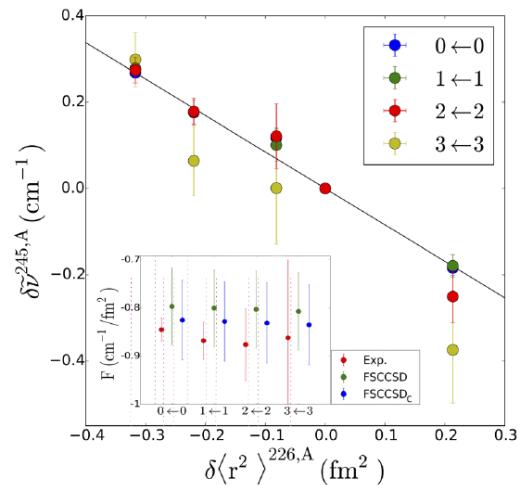
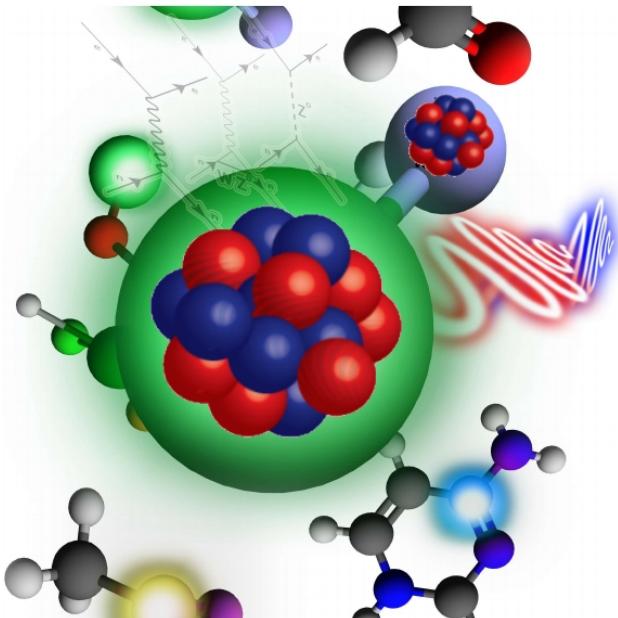
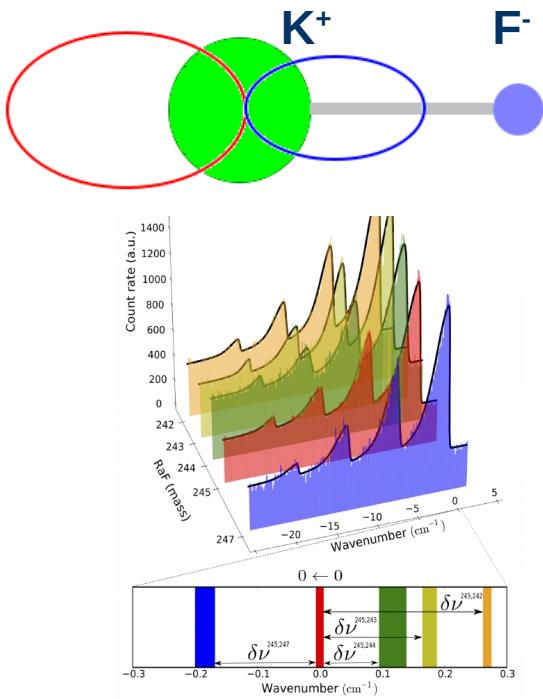
Recent results: Sub-Doppler spectroscopy (RaF)



Summary and Outlook

Radioactive Molecules

Nuclear EM structure



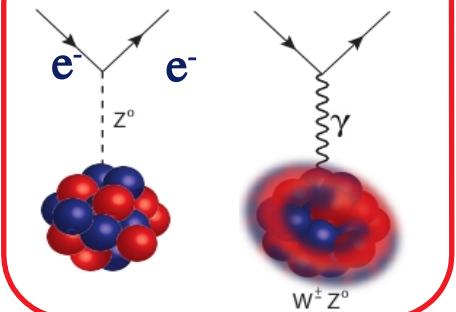
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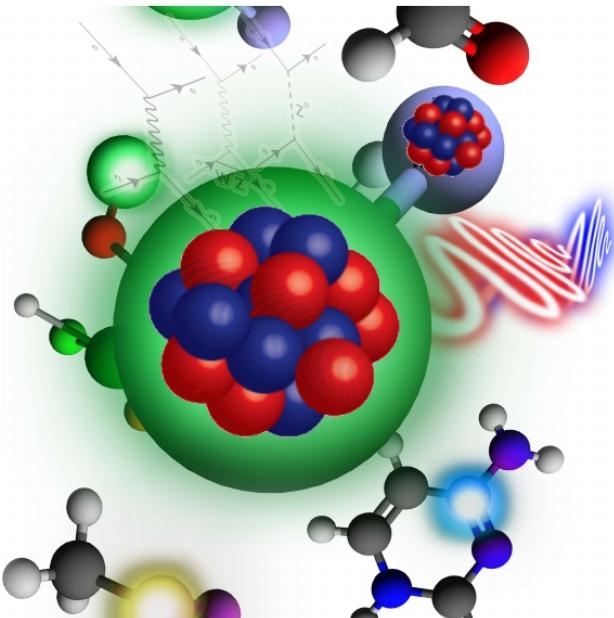
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P-violation



$$E_{PNC} \sim \frac{\langle P\text{-odd} | H_w | P\text{-even} \rangle}{E_- - E_+}$$

Molecular enhancement $> 10^{11}$



Summary and Outlook

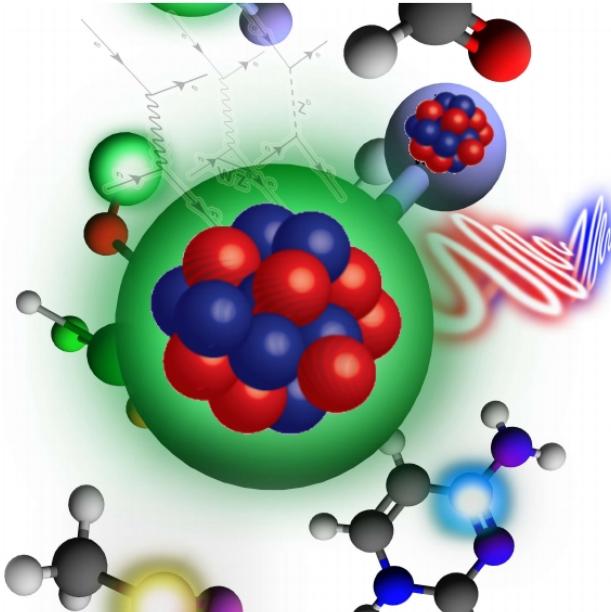
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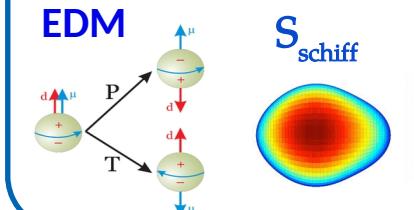
Fundamental
symmetries

→ AcF, RaO, PaO,
RaOH,

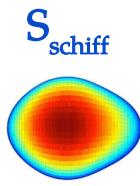


P,T- violation

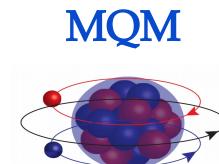
EDM



S_{schiff}



MQM



Molecular + Nuclear amplification
→ $E_{\text{eff}} > 10 \text{ GV/cm}$

Summary and Outlook

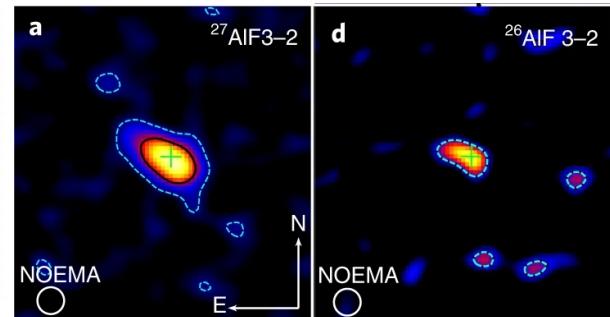
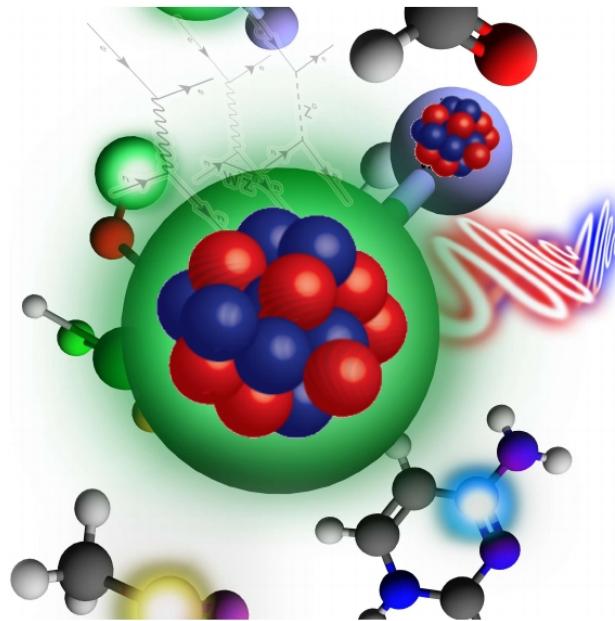
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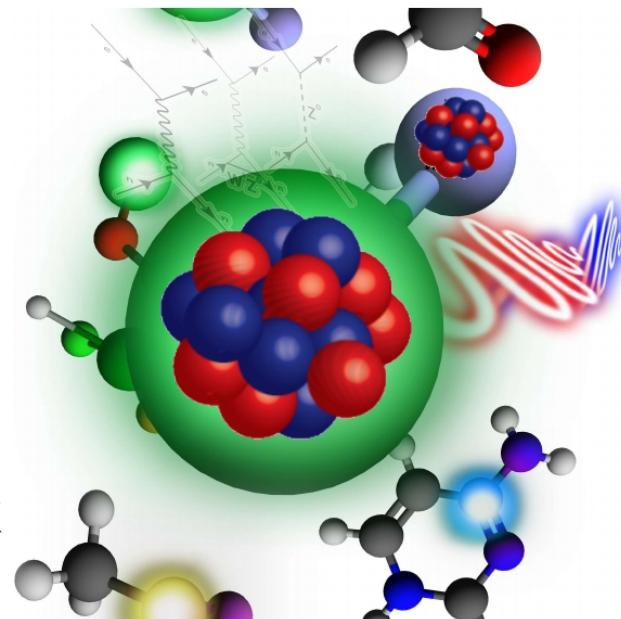
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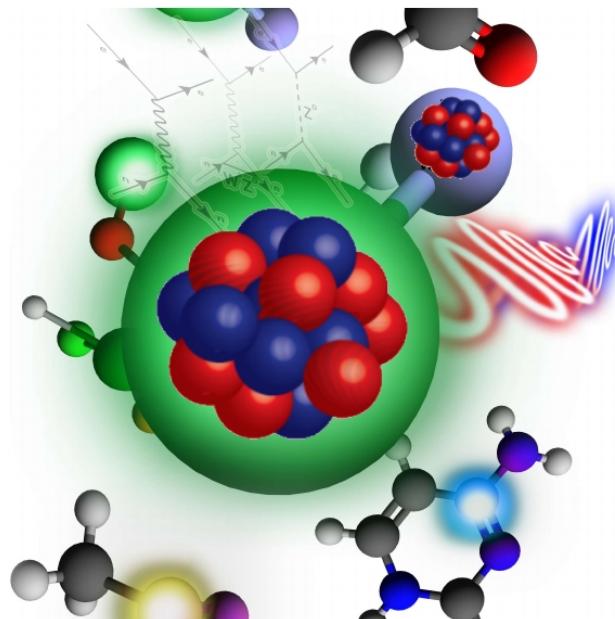
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Lots of opportunities!





TRIUMF EEC NEW LETTER OF INTENT

Detailed Statement of Proposed Research for Experiment S2068-LOI

Radioactive Molecules for Nuclear Structure and Fundamental Physics Research

R.F. Garcia Ruiz^{1,2}, J. Behr³, R. Berger⁴, J. Dilling^{3,5}, R. de Groot⁶, K. Flanagan⁷,
N. Hutzler⁸, A. Kwiatkowski³, S. Malbrunot-Ettenauer², G. Neyens^{2,9}, S. Wilkins²

...collaboration in the making!

Thanks to...



Nuclear theory: *W. Nazarewicz (FRIB/MSU),
P.-G. Reinhard (Erlangen-Nürnberg),
G. Hagen (ORNL),
J. Holt (TRIUMF),
R. Stroberg (U. Washington)...*

Quantum chemistry: *R. Berger (U. Marburg, Germany),
T. Isaev (PNPI NRCKI, St. Petersburg)*

ISOLTRAP (F. Wienholtz), **RILIS** (S. Wilkins, K. Chrysalidis)
Target group (S. Rothe), **ISOLDE Technical group**

Graduate students @



A. Brinson



S. Udrescu

