Illuminating the Dark Photon with DarkLight

Ethan Cline

Center for Frontiers in Nuclear Science Department of Physics and Astronomy Stony Brook University

New Scientific Opportunities at the TRIUMF ARIEL e-linac May 27, 2022







The Standard Model



Here be Dragons



Anomalies Abound

• $(g-2)_{\mu}$ anomaly (among other μ puzzles)

• Differences in standard model values between theorists calculations

• Could be indicative of BSM physics



Anomalies Abound

- King Plots show super ratios of isotope transition frequencies, anomaly in Ytterbium
- 3×10^{-7} deviation from linearity at 3σ level
- Potentially higher-order nuclear effects within standard model
- Could be described by bosonic force carrier
- new electron-neutron interaction?



Anomalies Abound

• Excess in e^+e^- invariant mass spectra in ⁸Be and ⁴He

• Corresponds to a mass of $\approx 17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

• Seen at different angles and different experimental setups

• Proton-phobic boson could explain excess



arxiv:1910.10459 and PRL 116, 042501 (2016)

Atomki Experiment

- ⁸Be has several narrow states at higher energy
- Decay to ground state via electromagnetic transitions
- Produced from $p+^{7}$ Li



Figures from https://arxiv.org/pdf/1707.09749.pdf

Atomki Experiment

- Decay modes of ⁸Be
- Internal conversion of γ leads to e^+e^- pairs with measurable opening angle



Figures from https://arxiv.org/pdf/1707.09749.pdf

Atomki Experiment

- Signal rises and falls with proton beam energy
- Bump within acceptance, not edge effect
- Appears only for symmetric pairs, which is expected for intermediate massive particle
- Similar story for ⁴He, different angle, same mass



Figures from https://arxiv.org/pdf/1707.09749.pdf

X17 - Measurable in an Accelerator!

- Potential proto-phobic boson which couples to electrons
- Scatter low energy electrons on high Z target
- Spectrometer pair setup to measure e^+e^- pairs
- Can extract mass and coupling strength to electrons

X17 - Measurable in an Accelerator!



- Measure the produced e^+e^- spectrum and reconstruct invariant mass
- $m(e^+ + e^-) = m(X17)$

Background Processes

- Irreducible background
 - $X17
 ightarrow e^+e^-$ competes with $\gamma
 ightarrow e^+e^-$
 - γ from scattering or radiative terms
 - e^+e^- pairs from γ scales with ${\cal L}$
- Random background
 - Any e^+ with beam e^-
 - Scales with \mathcal{L}^2
- Figure of merit for bump hunt



• Independent of \mathcal{L} at large $\mathcal{L}!$

Bump Hunt



DarkLight at ARIEL!

The DarkLight Collaboration

R. Alarcon, R. Dipert, G. Randall Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ

A. Christopher, T. Gautam, M. Kohl, J. Nazeer, T. Patel, M. Rathnayake, M. Suresh Hampton University, Hampton, VA

S. Benson Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, Newport News, VA

J. Bessuille, P. Fisher, D. Hasell, E. Ihloff, R. Johnston, J. Kelsey, I. Korover, S. Lee, X. Li, P. Moran, R. Milner, C. Vidal, Y. Wang Laboratory for Nuclear Science, MIT, Cambridge, MA

> R. Kanungo Saint Mary's University, Halifax, Canada

J. C. Bernauer^a, E. Cline, R. Corliss, K. Dehmelt, A. Deshpande CFNS, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY

R. Baartman, J. Dilling, O. Kester, R. Laxdal, T. Planche, S. Yen **TRIUMF, Vancouver, Canada**

M. Hasinoff University of British Columbia, Vancouver, Canada

W. Deconinck, M. Gericke University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Canada

J. Martin University of Winnipeg, Winnipeg, Canada

> I. Friščić University of Zagreb, Croatia

Co-Spokespeople: Jan Bernauer^b, Ross Corliss, and Richard Milner

DarkLight at ARIEL!



DarkLight Target and Beam

- 1 μ m thick Ta disc target
- 150 $\mu {\rm A}$ beam, 30 MeV \rightarrow 4 W heating
- Spinning target sufficient for cooling
- Pass-through configuration possible

Spectrometers

- Up to 28 MeV central momentum
- $\pm 2^{\circ}$ in-plane acceptance
- $\pm 5^{\circ}$ out-of-plane acceptance
- ± 20 % momentum acceptance
- Single-dipole setup
- Final configuration and placement design work ongoing
- Mass resolution \approx 120 keV



Tracking Detectors

- $25 \times 40 \text{ cm}^2$ triple-GEMs built by Hampton
- APV+MPD4 readout
- Planes constructed and already available



Trigger Hodoscope

- Trigger via segmented scintillator hodoscope
- Following design at MUSE:
 - 2 mm thick scintillator
 - Double-ended SiPM readout
 - Resolution <100 ps
 - Tested up to 8 mm wide and 15 cm long



Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump



Photo from T. Planche's talk

Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
- Stage 1
 - Single user mode
 - Up to 51 MeV



Photo from T. Planche's talk

Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
- Stage 1
 - Single user mode
 - Up to 51 MeV
- Stage 2
 - Multi-User mode
 - 51 MeV



Photo from T. Planche's talk

• Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall



- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump



- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
- Stage 1
 - Recirculation
 - Up to 51 MeV



- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Stage 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
- Stage 1
 - Recirculation
 - Up to 51 MeV
- Stage 2
 - Additional Cryo module installed
 - Run DL simultaneously with ARIEL operation



Projected Reach



Current Status



Current Status



Test Run Upcoming



Moving near the beam dump in 2023. Photo Credit: T. Planche's talk.

Timeline

- Stage 0: Existing ARIEL Design
 - GEMs can be commissioned and available within 9-12 months
 - Can begin commissioning at TRIUMF ${\approx}12$ months after funding becomes available
 - Fall 2023(!)
- Second cryo-module design
 - Stage 1: additional cryo-module installed to reach 50 MeV beam
 - Stage 2: Septum + kicker to allow simultaneous running with ARIEL
- ERL upgrade path
 - Stage 1: Recirculation to reach 50 MeV beam, potential chicane to separate 1st and 2nd pass beams
 - Stage 2: Additional cryo target needed for beam to allow simultaneous running of DarkLight with ARIEL

Summary

- Many hints of BSM physics in a variety of experiments
- PP-EEC approved for 1300 h of beamtime
- Tuning the spectrometer design and placement
- Data taking in 2023