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Direct Population and Lifetime Measurement of the 2_1^+ State in 40 Ca via an Alpha-transfer Reaction

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At TRIUMF, Canada's particle accelerator centre, the TIGRESS Integrated Plunger (TIP) and its configurable detector systems have been used for charged-particle tagging and light-ion identification in Doppler-shift lifetime measurements using gamma-ray spectroscopy with the TIGRESS array of HPGe detectors. An experiment using these devices to measure the lifetime of the 2_1^+ state of 40 Ca has been performed by projecting an 36 Ar beam onto a nat C target. Analysis of the experimental gamma-ray spectra confirmed the direct population of the 2_1^+ state. The reaction mechanism was identified using Monte-Carlo simulations, which also enabled the use of charged-particle correlations to select reactions that populated a specific excited state in the 40 Ca immediately after its production. Selection of the 2_1^+ state with this additional sensitivity further eliminated feeding cascades, and therefore restricted the decay kinetics predominantly to first order. The current work is on expanding the simulation to incorporate the stopping of the 40 Ca and enabling the emission of gamma rays to provide a Doppler Shift Attenuation Method measurement of the lifetime of the 2_1^+ state in 40 Ca. Results of analysis of the experimental data and simulations will be presented and discussed.

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Please select: Experiment or Theory

Experiment

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