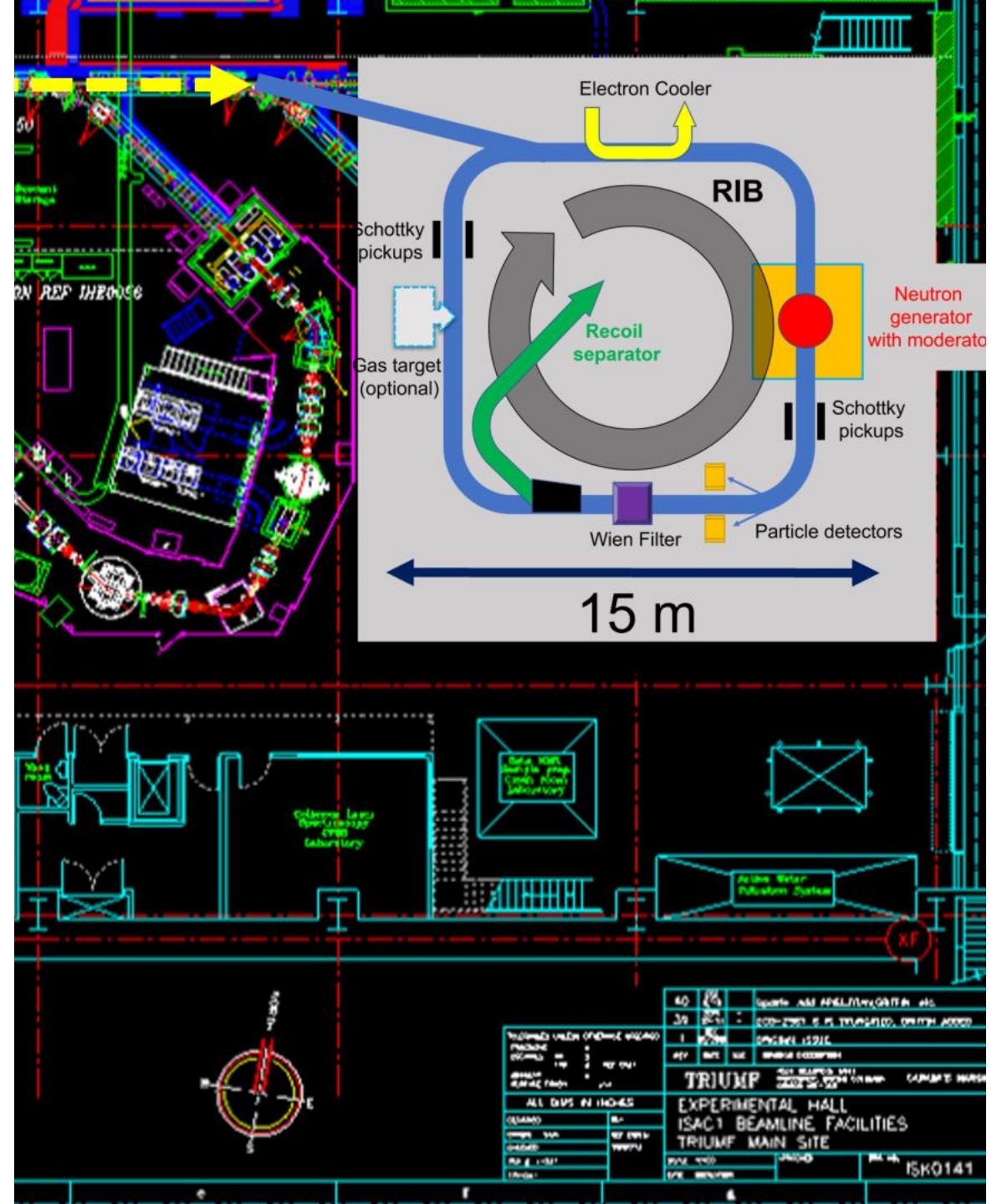


TRISR: The TRIUMF Storage Ring Project

Iris Dillmann

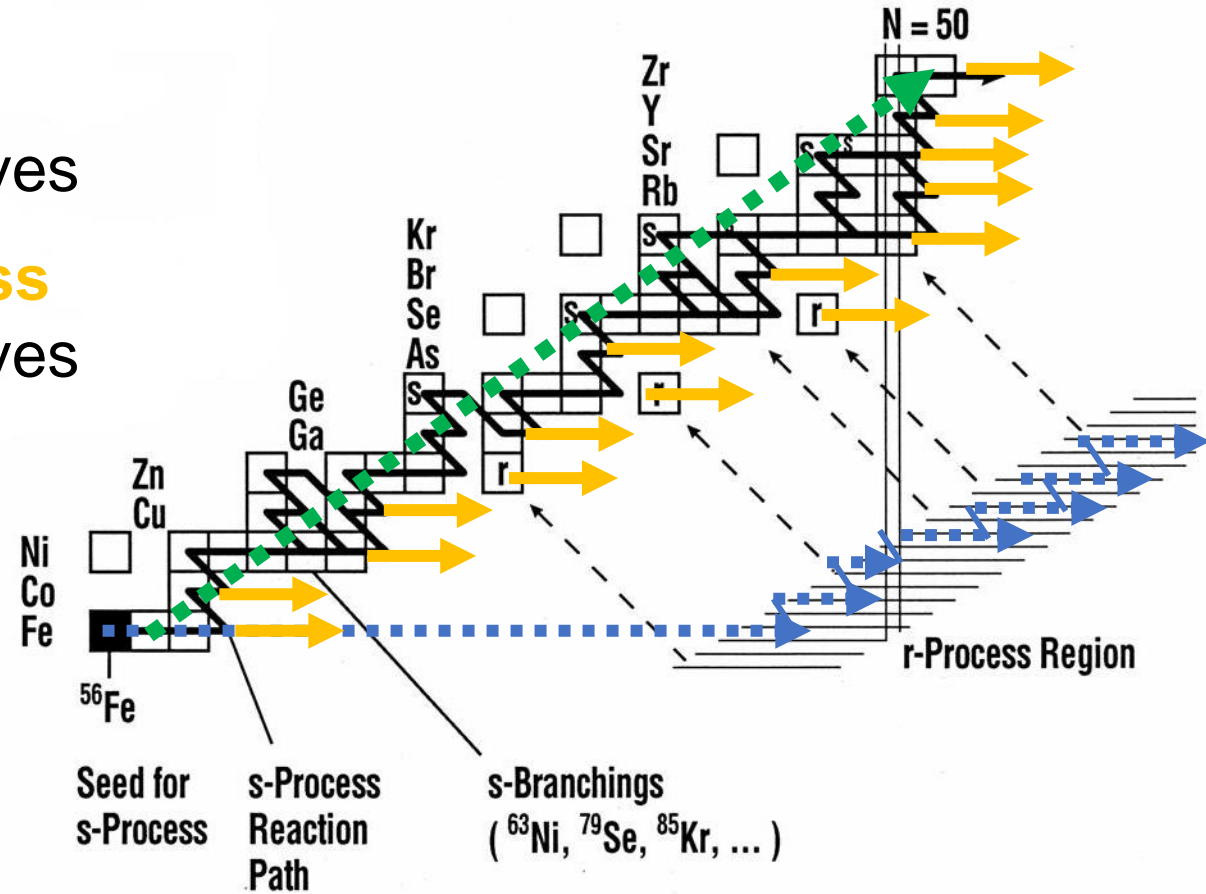
Research Scientist (TRIUMF)

Adjunct Professor (University of Victoria)



Nuclear Physics Input for Astrophysical Neutron Capture Processes

- “slow” neutron capture process
neutron capture cross sections, half-lives
- “intermediate” neutron capture process
neutron capture cross sections, half-lives
- “rapid” neutron capture process
neutron capture cross sections, half-lives, masses, neutron-branching ratios, fission probabilities ($A > 240$),

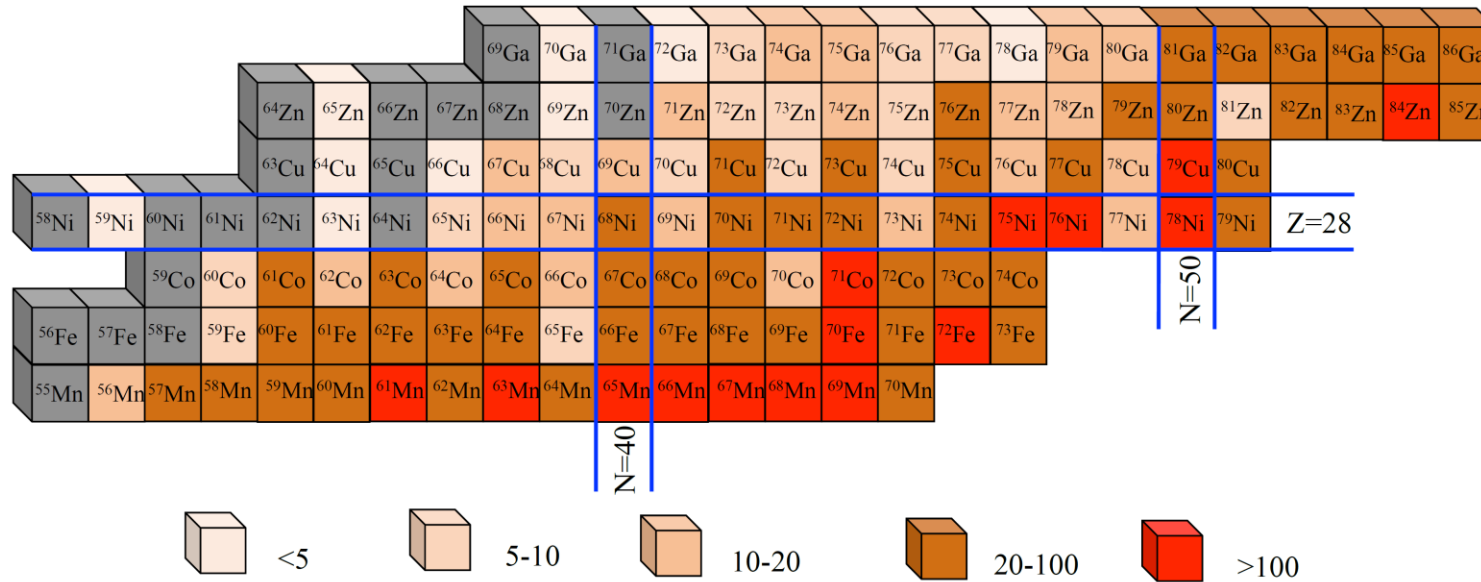


Creation of elements heavier than iron DRIVEN by neutron captures!

How well are (n,γ) cross sections for radioactive nuclei known?

- Statistical model (NON-SMOKER): **factor ~2 around stability** (except for N_{magic})
→ More than factor 100 for more n-rich nuclei

Variations in (n,γ) predictions within same model



Ratio of calculated (n,γ) cross sections at 1.5 GK

Model: TALYS, varying level density and γ -strength functions

Figure 2: Variation in the theoretical prediction of neutron-capture reaction rates around mass 70. The (n,γ) rates were calculated with the reaction code TALYS [73, 74] varying the level density and γ -strength function as listed in Tab. I of Liddick *et al.* [76].

Liddick and Spyrou, PRL (2016)
 Larsen, Spyrou, Liddick, Guttormsen (2019)

Impact for r-process abundances

- At the moment: **largest nuclear contribution to uncertainty in r-process predictions comes from (n,γ) cross sections!**

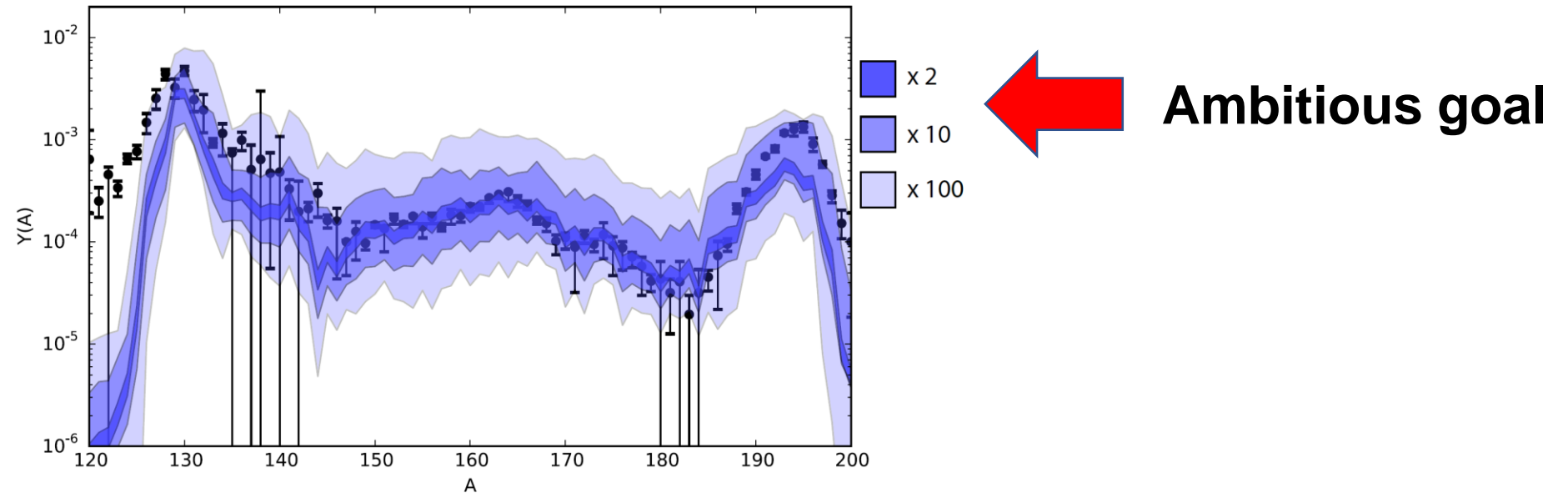


FIG. 1: Monte Carlo study of the effect of reaction rate uncertainties to calculations of nucleosynthesis yields in an r-process example. The blue shaded area

Nikas, Perdikakis et al, arXiv:2010.01698v1

How to measure direct neutron cross sections?



Beam



Target



Neutrons





Stable/ long-lived nuclei



Measure decay or reaction products

For astrophysical neutron capture measurements (100 mb cross sections):

Φ_{tot} 10^{14} n/cm^2	*	N_i $* 10^{15} \text{ atoms}$	 	N_{act} $\sim 10^4 \text{ activated}$
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How to measure direct neutron cross sections?



Beam



Target



Neutrons → Stable/ long-lived nuclei → Measure decay or reaction products

Neutrons → ~~Short-lived nuclei~~

“inverse kinematics”
Short-lived nuclei → ~~Neutrons~~ $t_{1/2} = 10^{-8}$ s → Indirect measurements
Deuterium (d,p) reactions → Measure reaction products

Short-lived nuclei → Storage Ring → Neutrons → Measure reaction product

Storage Ring + “Neutron target”

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 17, 014701 (2014)

Measurements of neutron-induced reactions in inverse kinematics

René Reifarth¹ and Yuri A. Litvinov^{2,3}

¹Goethe-Universität Frankfurt am Main, Max-von-Laue-Str.1, 60438 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

²GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung, 64291 Darmstadt, Germany

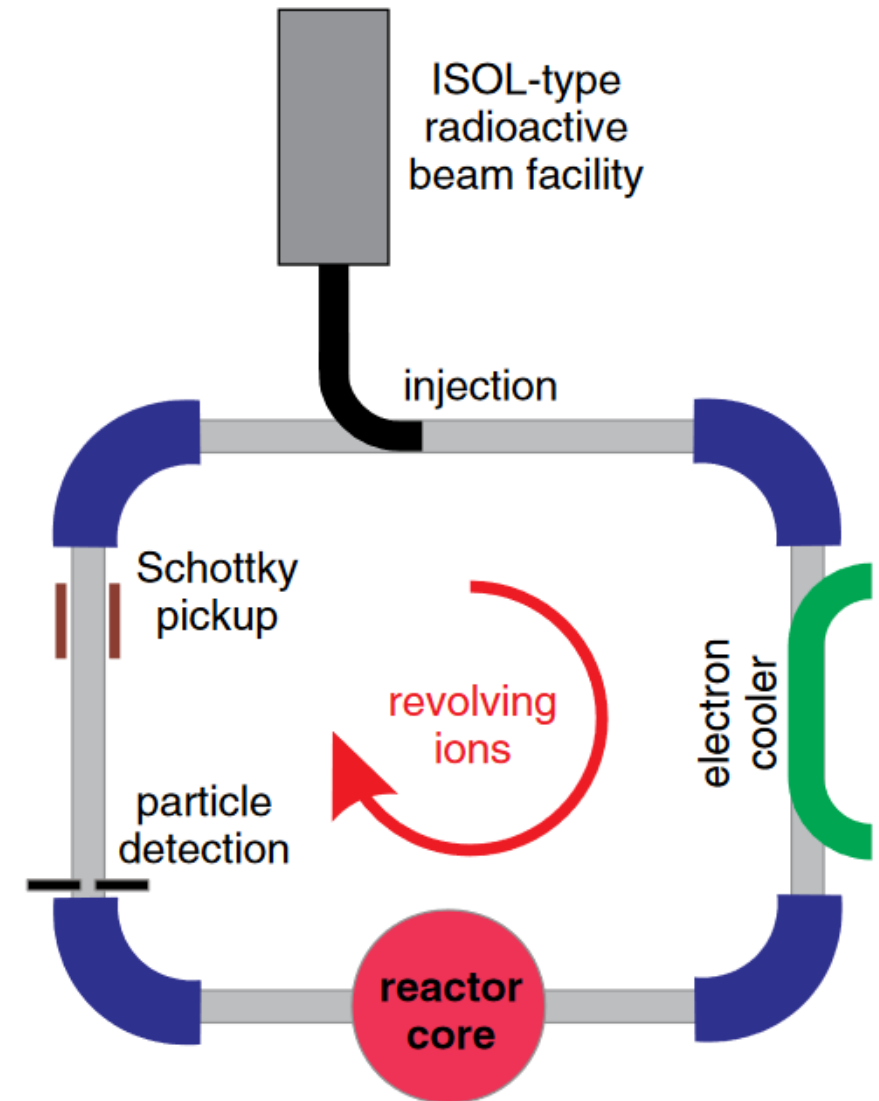
³Max-Planck-Institut für Kernphysik, 69117 Heidelberg, Germany

(Received 17 September 2013; published 10 January 2014)

Neutron capture cross sections of unstable isotopes are important for neutron induced nucleosynthesis as well as for technological applications. A combination of a radioactive beam facility, an ion storage ring and a **high flux reactor** would allow a direct measurement of neutron induced reactions over a wide energy range on isotopes with half lives down to minutes.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevSTAB.17.014701

PACS numbers: 25.40.Lw, 29.38.-c, 28.41.-i



Storage Ring + Spallation Neutron Target

PHYSICAL REVIEW ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS **20**, 044701 (2017)

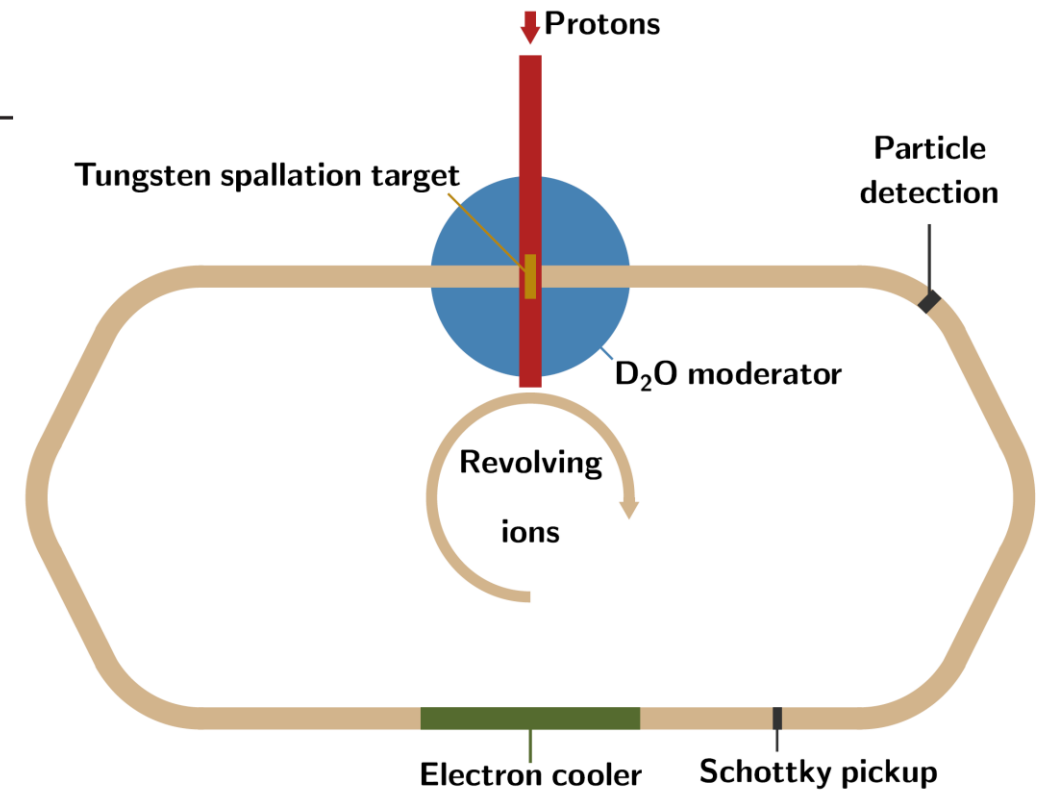
Spallation-based neutron target for direct studies of neutron-induced reactions in inverse kinematics

René Reifarth,^{*} Kathrin Göbel, Tanja Heftrich, and Mario Weigand
Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, Frankfurt am Main, 60438 Frankfurt, Germany

Beatriz Jurado
CENBG, 33175 Gradignan, France

Franz Käppeler
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, 76131 Karlsruhe, Germany

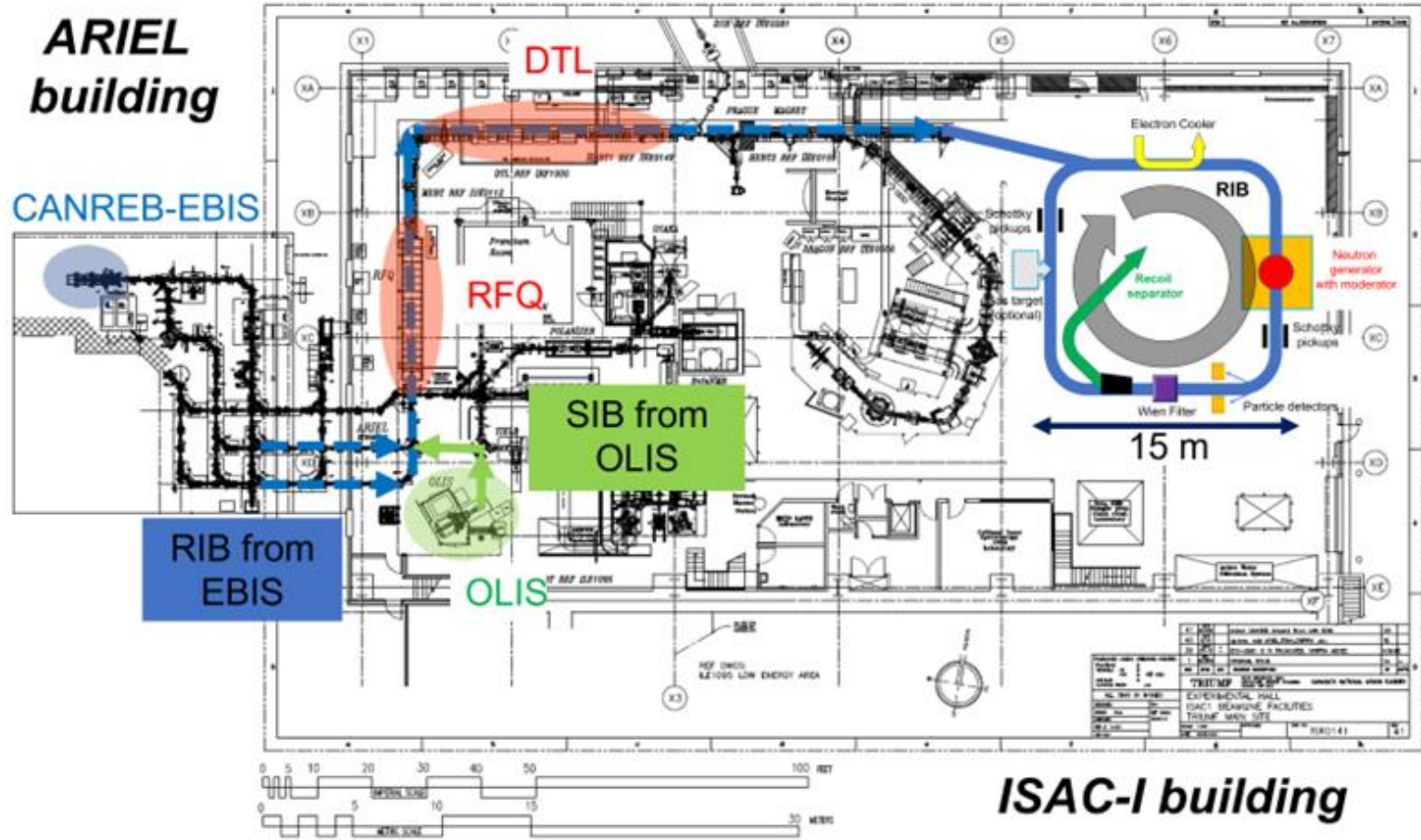
Yuri A. Litvinov
GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung, 64291 Darmstadt, Germany
 (Received 29 November 2016; published 6 April 2017)



→ see *Los Alamos Project* (S. Mosby, A. Couture, R. Reifarth):
 Los Alamos Report LA-UR-21-30261 (Oct. 2021)

TRIUMF Storage Ring: TRISR@ISAC-I

- Low-energy ring (0.1 – 2 A MeV)
- 40-50 m circumference
- $B\rho(\text{max}) = 2 \text{ Tm}$
- $A/q \leq 7$ (ISAC DTL)
- Injection from 0.15 A MeV up to 1.8 A MeV
- Radioactive beams and stable beams (OLIS)
- Charge-breeding via new CANREB EBIS



Focus on neutron capture cross sections for heavy nuclei with $A > 50$ (r- and i-process) at astrophysical energies (100-2000 keV)

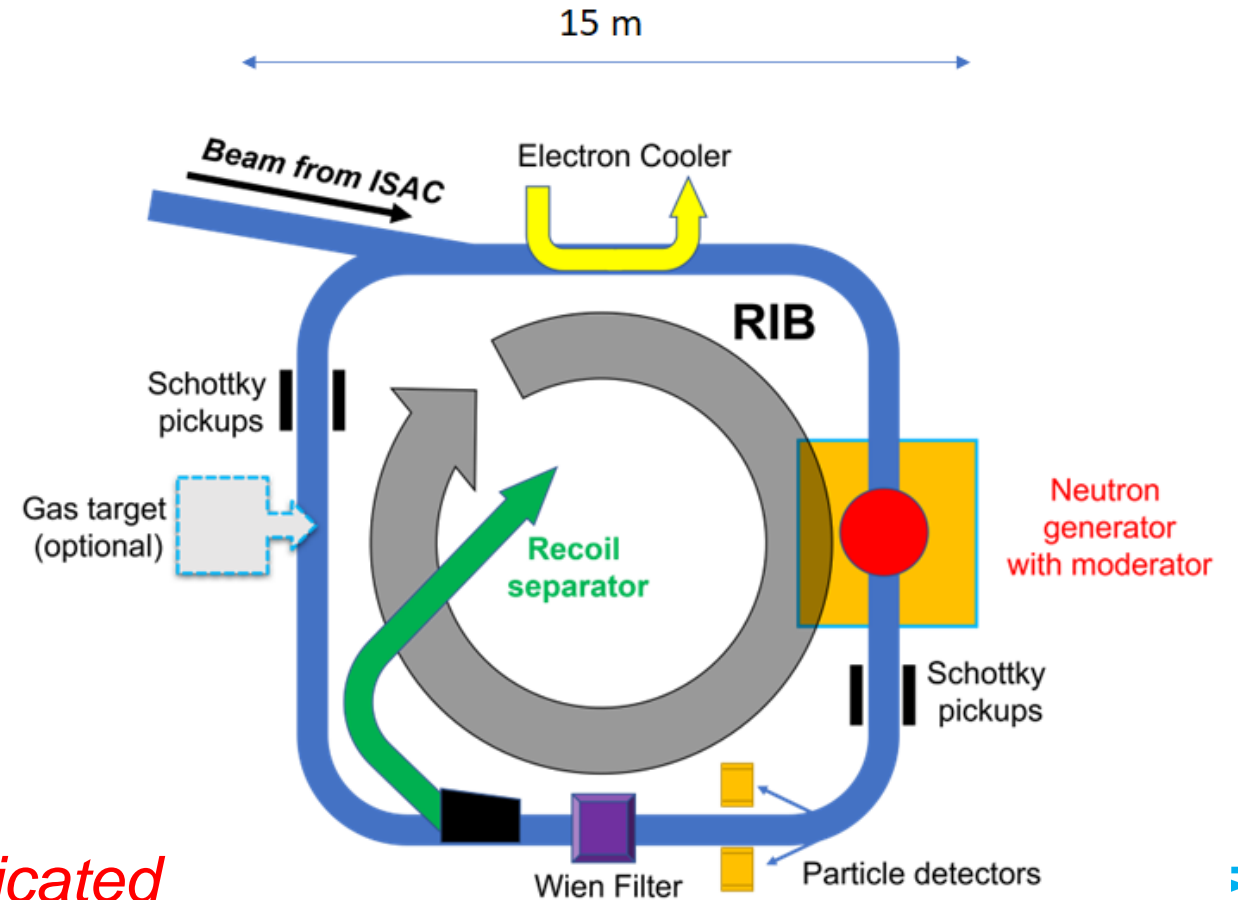
TRIUMF Storage Ring: TRISR@ISAC-I

Includes

- Electron cooler
- Particle detection via Schottky pickups and particle detectors

Unique features:

- Compact **high-flux neutron generator**
- Sensitive reaction product detection via **recoil separator**



Neutron generator needs dedicated feasibility study since no one has ever tried to combine it with a storage ring!

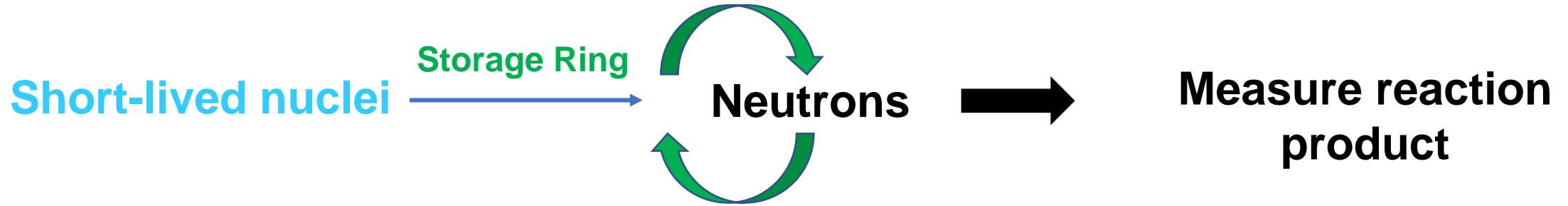
Potential Compact Neutron Generator

- Alectryon 300T from Phoenix LLC: **highest-output gaseous target DT neutron generator on the market**
- Neutron flux **up to $5 \cdot 10^{13}$ n/s**
- **Compact size:** 2.1m (W) x 2.7m (H), length 6 m

First step: **Feasibility study** which moderated neutron fluxes can be reached at target area – **need $>10^8$ n/cm²/s**



Can we measure neutron cross sections in a ring?



For astrophysical neutron capture measurements (100 mb cross section):

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \varphi & * & f & * & t_{\text{meas}} & * & N_{\text{RIB}} & \rightarrow & N_{\text{act}} \\
 10^8 \text{ n/cm}^2/\text{s} & * & 135 \text{ kHz} & * & 10 \text{ s} & * & 10^8 \text{ pps} & \rightarrow & \sim 1 \text{ events/day}
 \end{array}$$

↑ Needs high neutron flux

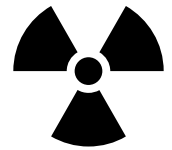
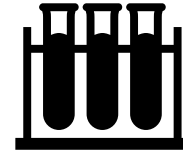
↑ for $E = 150 \text{ A keV}$

↑ Need long beam lifetime (UHV)

Need sensitive detection system ↑

TRIUMF Storage Ring Project: Other applications

- Neutron activation measurements of environmental samples
- Production of radioisotopes for research (e.g. ^{177}Lu , ^{161}Tb for LS)
- Implantation of radioisotopes in μm depth
- ...



Outlook: Funding & Timeline



New NSERC Project Grant (2022)

TRISR Feasibility Studies:

WP 1: Storage Ring Matrix (Rick Baartman, Dobrin Kaltchev, Tobias Junginger, Oliver Kester)

WP 2: In-Ring Detection (Iris Dillmann)

WP 3: Neutron Generator and Moderator (Iris Dillmann, Oliver Kester) **not NSERC fundable** ☹️

WP 4: Recoil-Separation Technique (Alan Chen, Annika Lennarz, Chris Ruiz, Barry Davids)

WP 5: Astrophysical Calculations & Theory (Nicole Vassh)

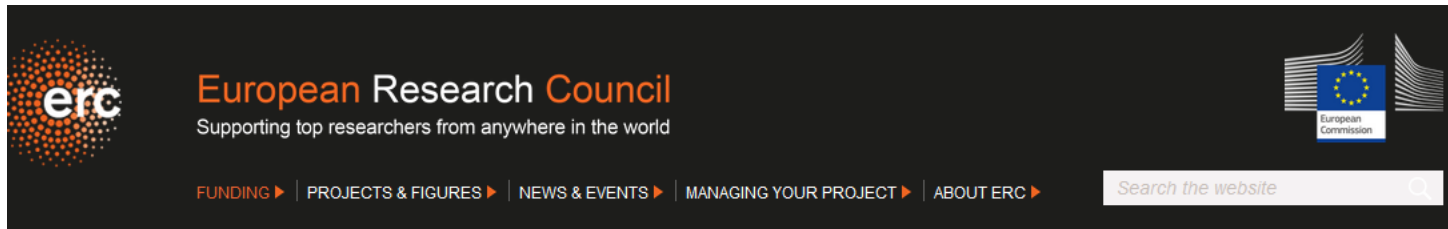
Alternative Funding Sources?

Feasibility study for neutron generator is crucial! Needs to be the first step.

Alternative funding sources:

- **Next TRIUMF 5YP**
- **ERC Synergy Grant (tbd- next deadline Nov. 8, 2022)**
- ~~NSERC Alliance Grant~~
- ~~Find rich donor (unlikely)~~

ERC Synergy Grant



Home » Funding » Synergy Grants

SYNERGY GRANTS

Are you a researcher that wants to address a research problem so ambitious, that can not be dealt with you and your team alone? The Synergy Grants could be for you!

Who can apply?

A group of **two to maximum four Principal Investigators (PIs)** – of which one will be designated as the corresponding PI (cPI) – working together and bringing different skills and resources to tackle ambitious research problems. **No specific eligibility criteria regarding the academic training** are foreseen for ERC Synergy Grants. PIs must present an **early achievement track-record** or a **ten-year track-record**, whichever is most appropriate.

Proposals will be evaluated on the **sole criterion of scientific excellence** which, in the case the ERC Synergy Grants, takes on the additional meaning of **outstanding intrinsic synergetic effect**.

OPEN CALL

- Synergy Grants [ERC-2023-SYG](#)
 - [Information for Applicants](#)
 - [Timeframe Synergy Grant 2023](#)
- Deadline: 8 Nov 2022

ON-GOING EVALUATIONS

- [Timeframe Synergy Grant 2022](#)
- [Timeframe Synergy Grant 2023](#)

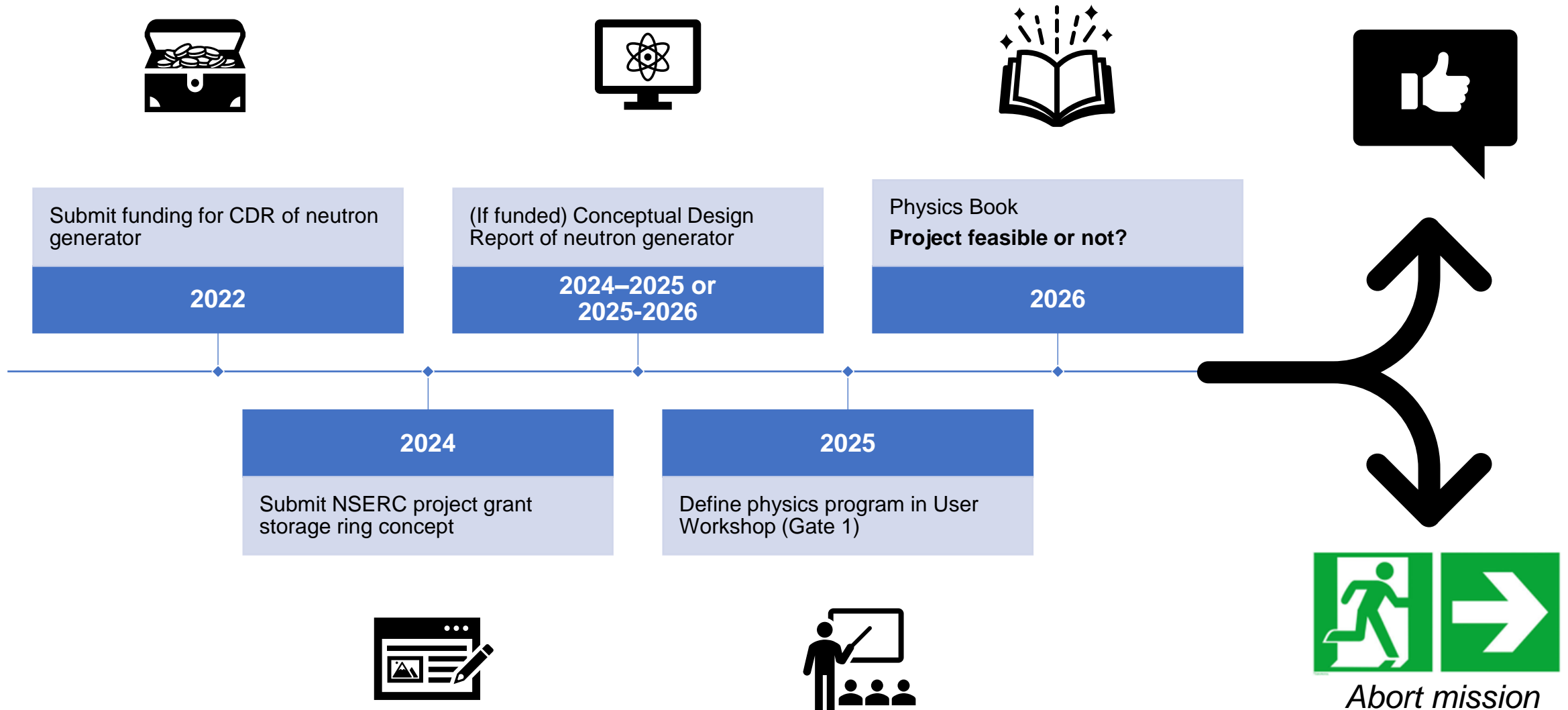
USEFUL DOCUMENTS

- [ERC Work Programme 2023](#)

- 2-4 PIs:
Yuri Litvinov (GSI Darmstadt),
Iris Dillmann (TRIUMF),
NN (tbc)
- Up to 10 MEuro for 6 years
- Deadline: November 8, 2022

**Can pay the feasibility study
for the neutron generator!**

TRIUMF Storage Ring: Anticipated timeline



TRIUMF Storage Ring: If feasibility study positive



2026–2027

Technical Design Report
(Gate 2A)

**Submit CFI funding
proposal (C\$30-40M)**



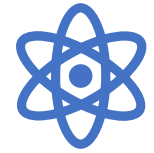
2029

Start construction



~ 2032

**First
commissioning
experiments**



~ 2033

**Day-0
experiments**

Summary: Neutron Generator + Storage Ring

- **Worldwide unique facility!**
- Fits in existing TRIUMF-ISAC infrastructure (no new building needed)
- Will highly benefit from **new ARIEL infrastructure**: CANREB-EBIS, higher beam intensities, cleaner neutron-rich beams
- **Unique access to direct neutron capture cross sections of RIB** but will be likely **limited to high-intensity beams and by beam lifetime (~s)**
- Diverse research program **complementary to existing ISAC program**
- **Logical future extension of existing TRIUMF-ISAC program with potential to attract new users**

Thank you!

Merci!

www.triumf.ca

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