DarkLight Annual Progress Report

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TRIUMF PP-EEC Review April 18, 2023





Introduction

- Previous PP-EEC approved DarkLight for 1300 h beam time
- Have made significant progress
 - Spectrometer and chamber design, simulation, background characterization
- Aiming for installation this fall
- Workshop organized on scientific opportunities at ARIEL e-linac
 - Proceedings published: https://iopscience.iop.org/issue/1742-6596/2391/1



https://meetings.triumf.ca/event/262/

Large Phase Space To Search



- There is a lot we do not know!
- Phase space grows with complexity of model
- One either performs a broad search, or focuses on existing anomalies to illuminate the path

Anomalies Abound

• $(g-2)_{\mu}$ anomaly (among other μ puzzles)

• Differences in standard model values between theorists calculations

• Could be indicative of BSM physics



B. Abi, et al., PRL 126, 141801 (2021)

Dark Photon



- Is there a dark photon? Dark partner to the EM photon?
- Proposed by B. Holdom, Phys. Lett. B166, 196 (1986)
- Universal coupling to electric charge, but weaker by factor ϵ^2 .
- Could there be something beyond a dark photon?

Atomki Experiment

- Signal rises and falls with proton beam energy
- Bump within acceptance, not edge effect
- Appears only for symmetric pairs, which is expected for intermediate massive particle
- Similar story for ⁴He and ¹²C, different angle, same mass
- Points to proto-phobic vector boson



B. Fornal, Int. J. of Mod. Phys. 32 (25), 2017

Dark Boson - Measurable in an Accelerator!



- Measure the produced e^+e^- spectrum and reconstruct invariant mass
- $m(e^+ + e^-) = m(X)$
- Need a high current, low energy electron accelerator
- Sensitive to leptonic-only coupling models!

Complementarity



X17 points us to an area where we do not have lepton-based exclusion limits! If theory groups can bring $g_{\mu} - 2$ into better agreement with experiment, the $g_{\mu} - 2$ preferred band will move down in this figure.

DarkLight!

R. Alarcon, R. Dipert, G. Randall Arizona State University, US A. Christopher, T. Gautam, M. Kohl, J. Nazeer, T. Patel, M. Rathnayake, M. Suresh Hampton University, US S Benson Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, US J. Bessuille, E. Cline, P. Fisher, D. Hasell, E. Ihloff, R. Johnston, J. Kelsey, I. Korover, S. Lee, X. Li, P. Moran, R. Milner, C. Vidal, Y. Wang Laboratory for Nuclear Science, MIT, US H Merkel University of Mainz, DE R. Kanungo Saint Mary's University, CA J. C. Bernauer, E. Cline, R. Corliss, K. Dehmelt, A. Deshpande Center for Frontiers in Nuclear Science, Stony Brook University, US R. Baartman, J. Dilling, O. Kester, R. Laxdal, T. Planche, S. Yen TRIUMF, CA M Hasinoff University of British Columbia, CA W. Deconinck. M. Gericke University of Manitoba, CA J. Martin University of Winnipeg, CA I. Friščić University of Zagreb, HR

DarkLight at ARIEL!



Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Phase 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
 - Planned run this Fall and next Spring



Figure from T. Planche, ARIEL Workshop

Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Phase 0
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- Phase 1
 - Single user mode
 - Up to 51 MeV
 - CFI grant submitted, passed conceptual design review



Figure from T. Planche, ARIEL Workshop

Several Stages of Running

- Planned upgrades and expansions to the ARIEL hall
- Phase 0
 - Minimal changes
 - Run at 31 MeV near beam dump
 - Planned run this Fall and next Spring
- Phase 1
 - Single user mode
 - Up to 51 MeV
 - CFI grant submitted, passed conceptual design review
- Phase 2
 - Multi-User mode
 - 51 MeV



Figure from T. Planche, ARIEL Workshop

DarkLight Target Vacuum Chamber

- 10, 5, and 1 $\mu \rm m$ thick Ta foil target acquired
- 0.5 μ m foil ordered
- 300 $\mu {\rm A}$ beam, 30 MeV \rightarrow 8 W heating
- Target ladder allows "empty space" configuration
- Design and construction underway at MIT Bates
- Characterized backgrounds in experimental hall in spring 2022



Permanent Magnets

• Permanent magnets acquired from SABR

• Incorporated in beam line optics simulation and FLUKA calculation

• Installation onto beam line planned for this fall



Spectrometers

- Up to 35 MeV central momentum, 0.38 T field
- $\pm 2^{\circ}$ in-plane, $\pm 5^{\circ}$ out-of-plane acceptance
- ± 20 % momentum acceptance
- Mass resolution \approx 120 keV
- Spectrometer angles, 20° (36°) for e⁺ (e⁻) in Phase 0 configuration
- Final configuration work ongoing, order to be placed shortly



Tracking Detectors

- $25 \times 40 \text{ cm}^2$ triple-GEMs built by Hampton
- APV+MPD4 readout
- Planes constructed and already available
- $\bullet\,$ Will travel to JLab next week to leak-check, HV test, and attach readout



Trigger Hodoscope

- Trigger via segmented scintillator hodoscope
 - Double-ended SiPM readout
 - Design resolution <200 ps
- Under construction at TRIUMF
- HV supply boards being tested at SBU
- DAQ development underway at TRIUMF



Bump Hunt



Background Processes

- Irreducible background
 - $X17
 ightarrow e^+e^-$ competes with $\gamma
 ightarrow e^+e^-$
 - γ from scattering or radiative terms
 - e^+e^- pairs from γ scales with $\mathcal L$
- Random background
 - Any e^+ with beam e^-
 - Scales with \mathcal{L}^2



•
$$\frac{S}{\sqrt{B}} = \frac{p_{sig}\mathcal{L}}{\sqrt{p_{irred}\mathcal{L} + p_{rand}\mathcal{L}^2}}$$

- Independent of \mathcal{L} at large $\mathcal{L}!$
- *p_{random}* can be optimized by moving electron spectrometer to larger angles





Projected Reach



If theory groups can bring $g_{\mu} - 2$ into better agreement with experiment, the $g_{\mu} - 2$ preferred band will move down in this figure.

Projected Reach at 30 MeV



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Projected Reach with Energy Upgrade



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Test Run Upcoming



Moving near the beam dump in 2023. Photo Credit: T. Planche, ARIEL Workshop.

The Path Forward

- Phase 0: Existing ARIEL Design
 - GEMs can be commissioned and available within 6 months
 - Trigger construction underway
 - Can begin installation and commissioning at TRIUMF this fall, 2023!
- Second cryo-module Implementation
 - Phase 1: additional cryo-module installed to reach 50 MeV beam
 - Phase 2: Septum + kicker to allow simultaneous running with ARIEL

Summary

- PP-EEC approved for 1300 h of beamtime for DarkLight
- Progress on multiple fronts in the past year
 - Finalized detector layout and experiment design
 - Submitted CFI grant and passed conceptual design review
 - Completed detailed technical review of magnets, scheduling similar review for vacuum systems
 - Secured US funding for experiment setup
 - FLUKA studies underway, used to design beam dump collimator, verifying background characterization
 - Supporting 6 undergraduates, 2 in CA, 4 in US, 1 Master student, 3 Ph. D. students, more to come!