

# TRIUMF's current and future opportunities for radioactive ion source research and development

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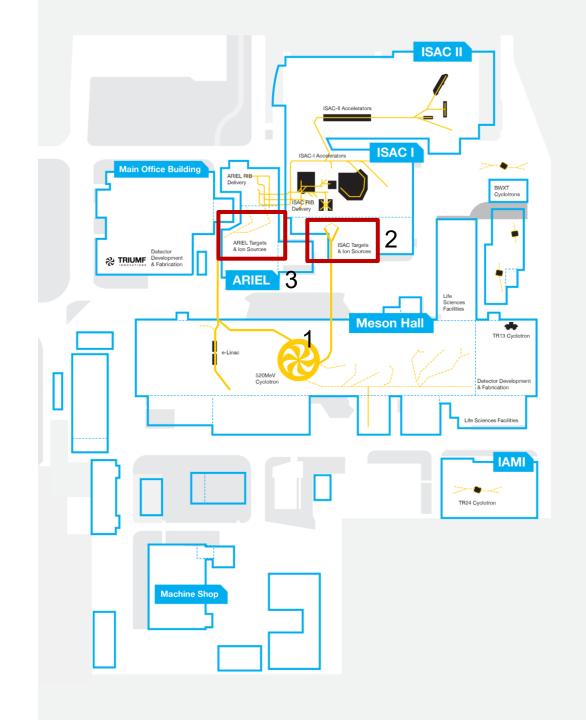


- Intro (more a recap)
- FEBIAD ion source (to link present and future)
- ARIEL new infrastructure and opportunities

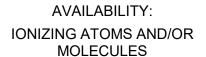
# **TRIUMF** site recap

- 1. Main cyclotron produces protons up to 520 MeV.
- 2. Single beamline delivering protons either of the two ISAC target stations
- 3. New proton beamline for the ARIEL west station and electron beamline for the ARIEL east station. Both station can run simultaneously.

 Operating three simultaneous beam through a complex beamline switchyard increases the demand on the ion source's performance.









EFFICIENCY:
MORE CURRENT FROM
MORE NEUTRALS\*



SELECTIVITY:
REDUCE BACKGROUND
FOR CLEANER BEAMS



RELIABILITY:

"BETTER INFRASTRUCTURE =
MORE SCIENCE POSSIBILITIES"



BEAM QUALITY: LOW ENERGY SPREAD, SMALL EMITTANCE



Systematic Measurements



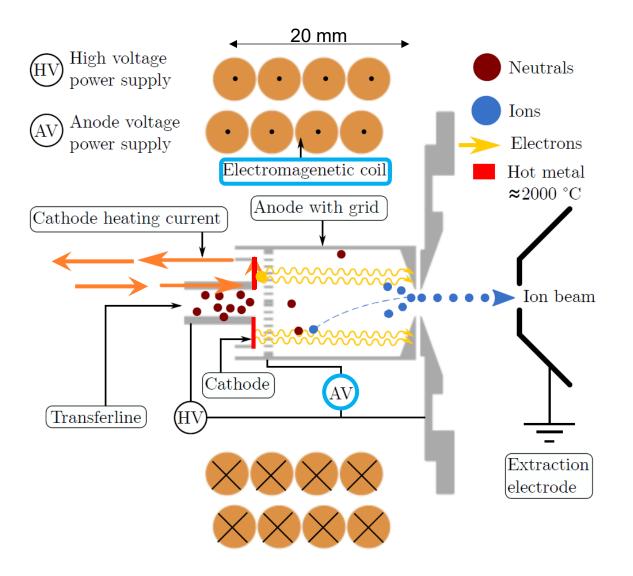
Simulations





# The Forced Electron Beam Induced *Arc Discharge* source as the pathway of this talk

#### The FEBIAD ion source

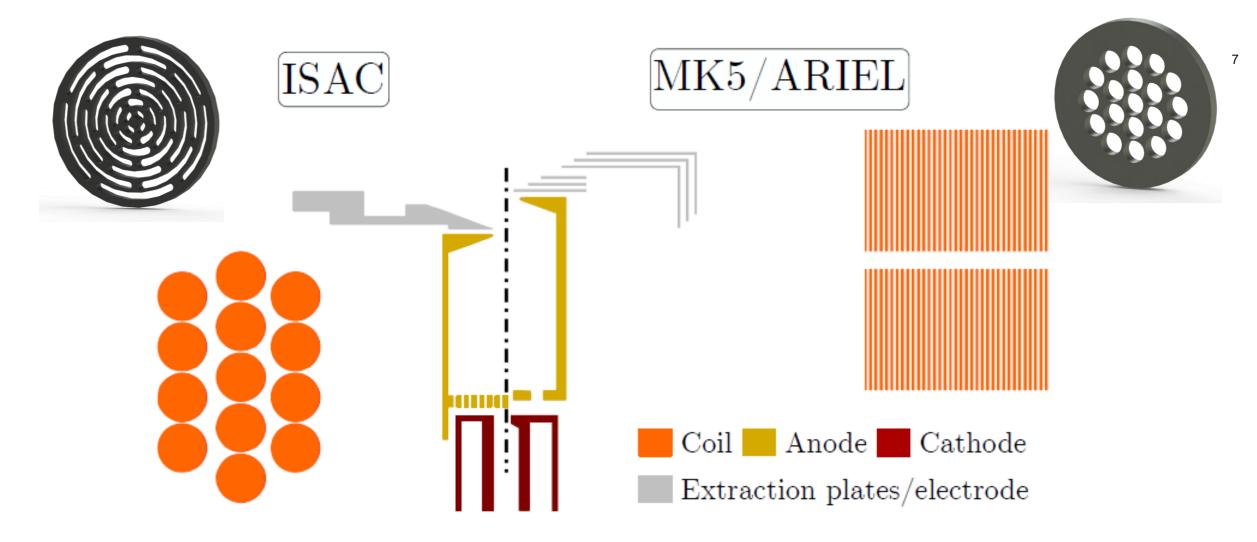


The FEBIAD ion source is typically used for noble gases\*, halogens, and molecules.

- Hot cathode emits electrons.
- Electrons pulled into the anode volume.
- Magnetic field confines the electrons.
- Electron impact ionization.

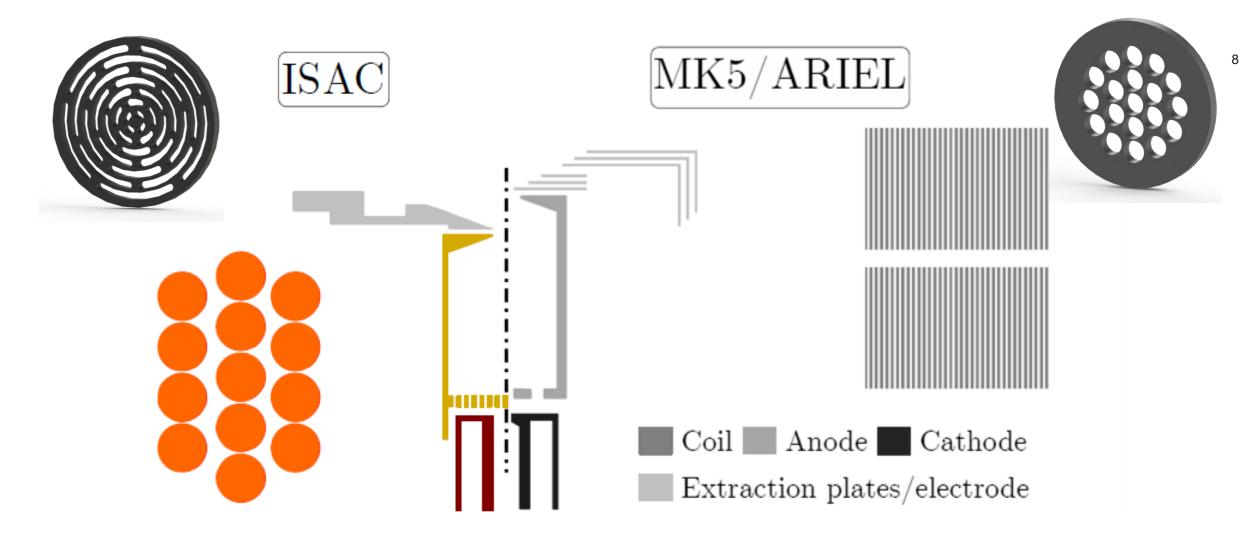
Multidimensional parameter space available for operation.

# How do the TRIUMF FEBIADs look like?



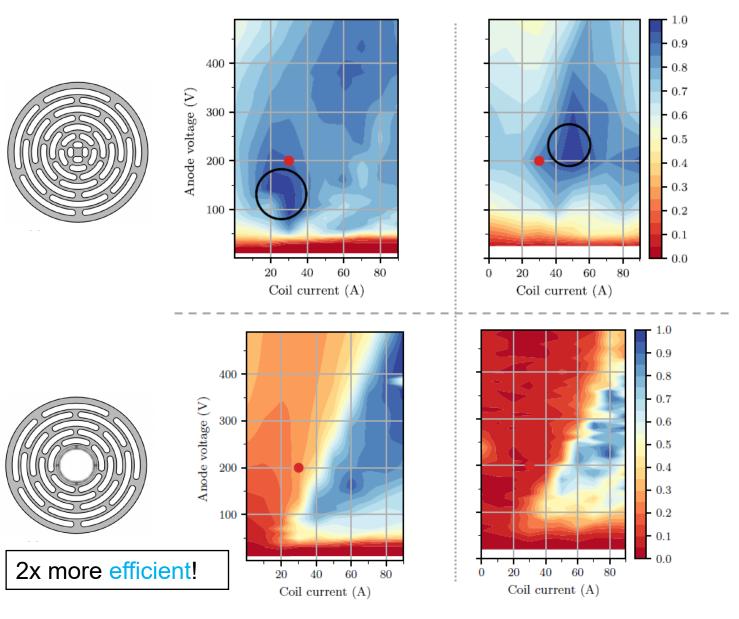
The anode length, grid openings and coil construction are noticeable different

### How does the TRIUMF FEBIAD look like



The anode length, grid openings and coil construction are noticeable different

# Normalized <sup>40</sup>Ar<sup>+</sup> ionization efficiency as a function of anode voltage and electromagnet current



- No dominant effect with electromagnet current
- Blue hue in most of the map (> 0.6)
- Higher efficiency island near operation point
- Simulated ion extraction qualitatively agrees

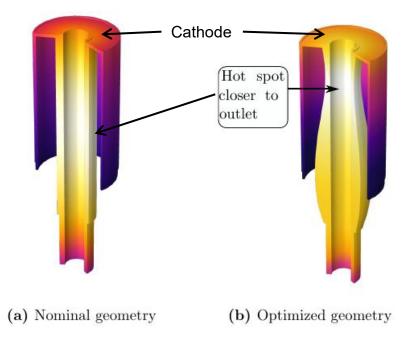
- Dominant effect with electromagnet current
- Red hue in most of the map (< 0.4)</li>
- Simultaneous increase with voltage and current
- Simulated ion extraction qualitatively agrees

Measured Simulated ion extraction

F Maldonado (PhD Thesis) http://hdl.handle.net/1828/14082

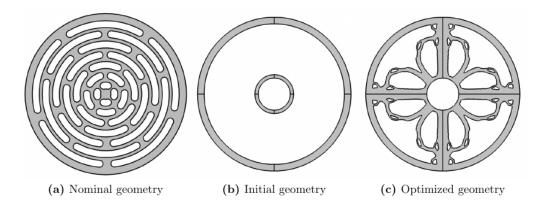
# **Simulation-based optimization**

# Transferline shape-optimization



Provides reliability. Prevents cathodeanode short due to thermal deflections while moving the hotter temperature towards the emitting face.

# Grid generative-design-optimization

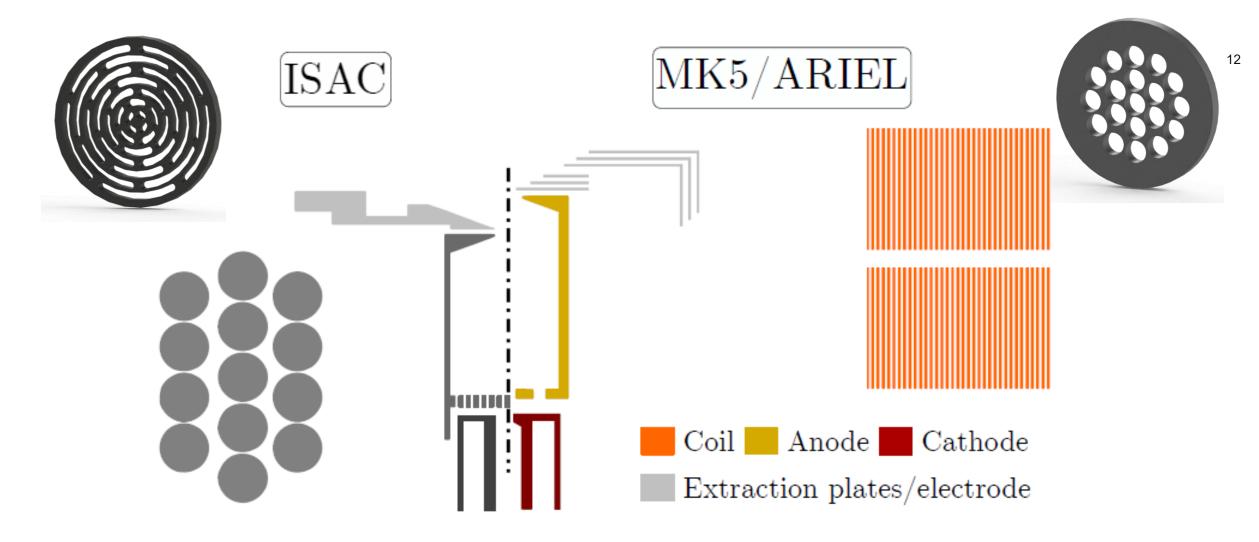


Resilient to electron bombardment. Increases electron into the anode volume and hence increases the ionization efficiency.

- Additive manufacturing of Ta
  - A standard geometry tested at ISOLDE in 2023 as part of a collaboration with SPES.
- Monolith geometry for ARIEL manufactured including anode body
  - To be tested next year at ISOLDE as part of a collaboration



### How does the TRIUMF FEBIAD look like



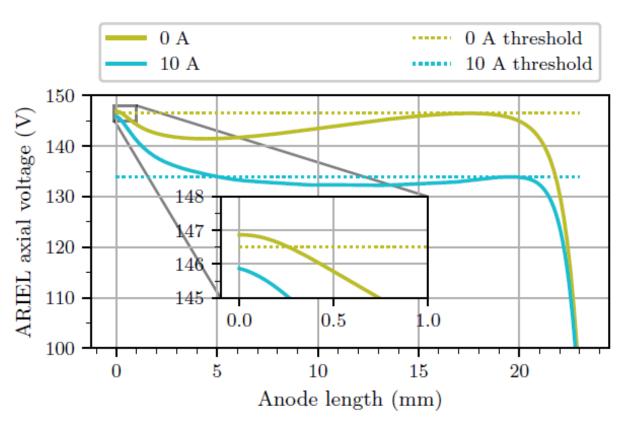
The anode length, grid openings and coil construction are noticeable different

# Ion energy spread explained from electric potential and spatial distribution of the ionization

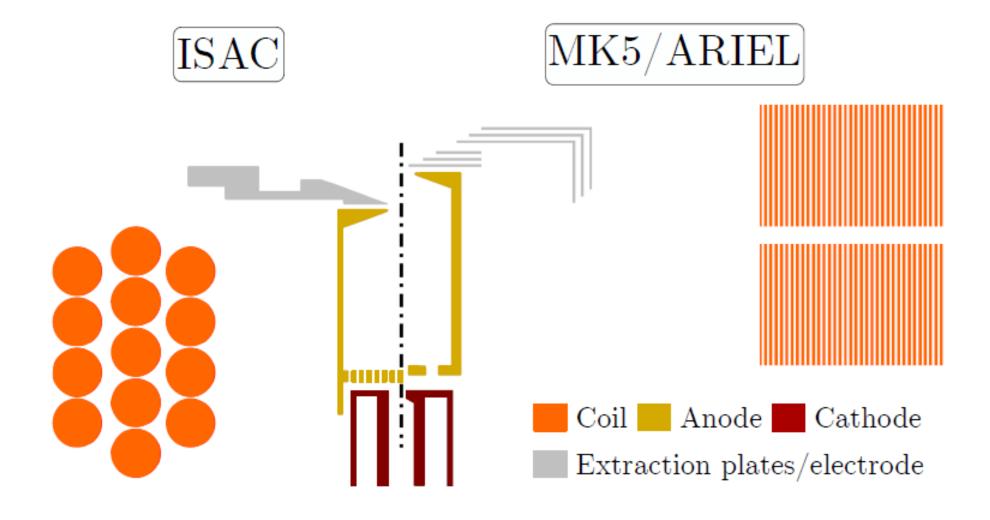
# Energy spread for a 6 keV argon beam

# Measured 12.5Energy spread (eV) Simulated 10.07.55.0 2.510 Coil current (A)

# Electric potential on-axis

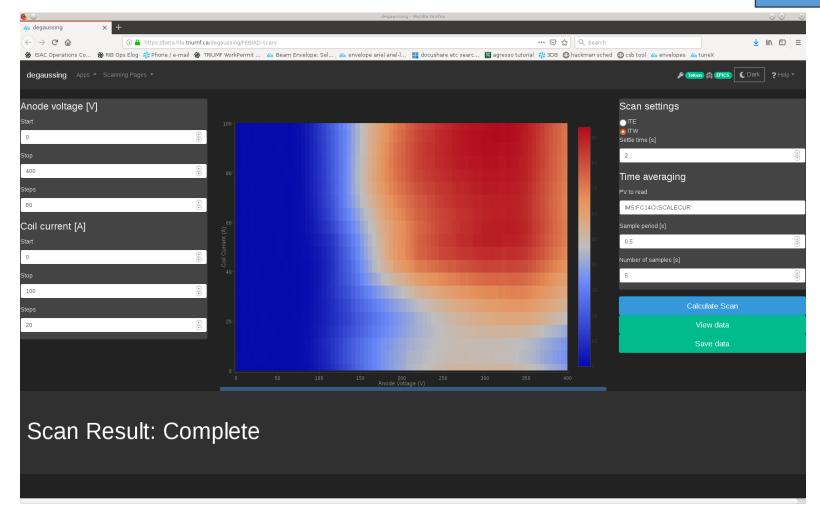


Values measured at GANIL for a MK5/ARIEL geometry. Quantify the beam quality for the ARIEL FEBIAD



# Web-app for automatic contour parameter scans

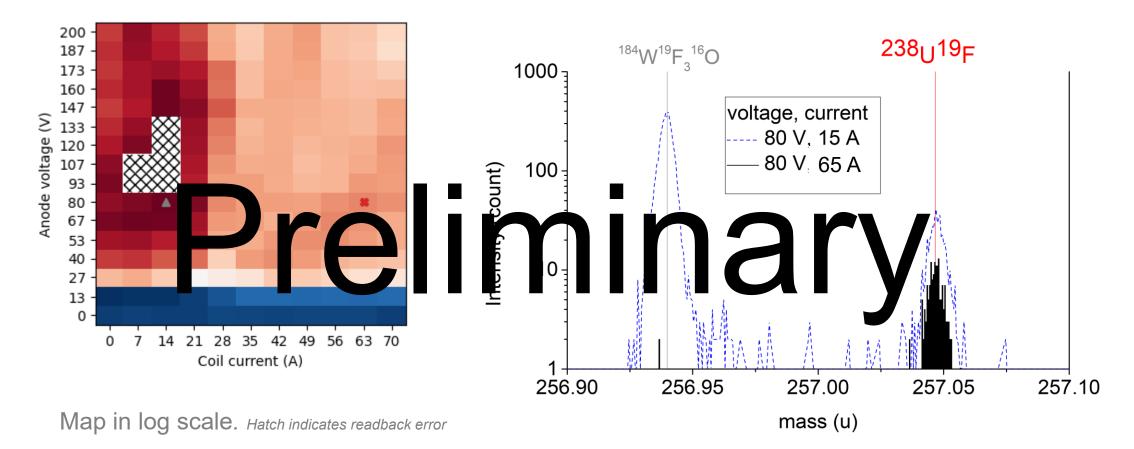
# Please check Omar's talk Thu 13:30 And Santiago's at 14:00



- Thesis data measured locally via HLA libraries.
  - i.e., not user friendly.
- The new paradigm enables any expert to run automatic scans.
  - i.e., user friendly.
- Significantly reduces workload considering manual tapping in EPICS.

<sup>20</sup>Ne<sup>++</sup> measurement at **ITE,1600** data points automatically measured in just **under two hours**. Support reliability

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- The FEBIAD can be selective by reducing unwanted isobaric molecules. Provides selectivity
- Methodology needs refinement if/when we want to produce in-target radioactive molecules fluorides of interest

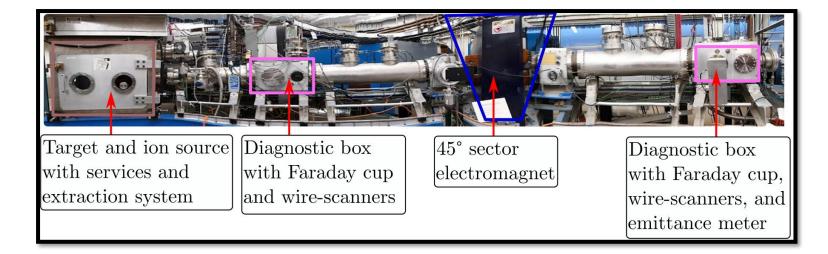


# How would this be different with ARIEL



# **ARIEL:** new infrastructure, new opportunities

# Two Offline test stands





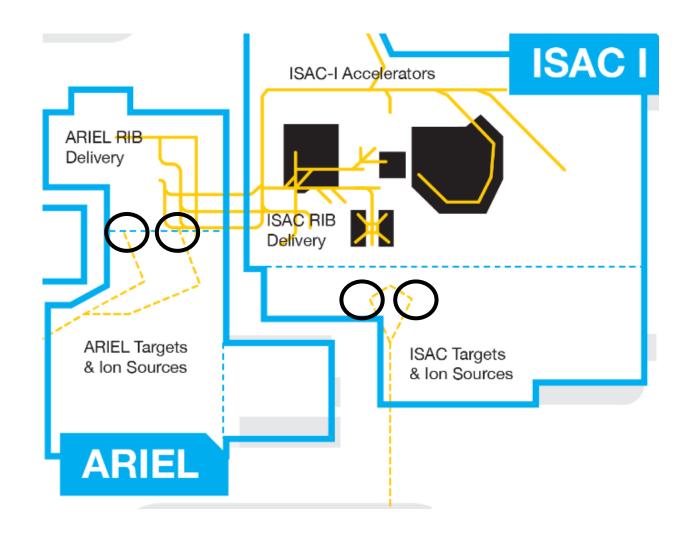
ISAC offline test stand

Please Dave's poster 144

ARIEL offline test stand

Please Navid's poster 59

- Two Offline test stands
- Four target stations



#### What needs to be answered for ARIEL ion source

#### Ion beam properties

• Extraction electrode position vs: intensity, beam size, emittance

#### Isobaric comparison

• With an advanced diagnostic, e.g., an MR-TOF MS, measure production ratios

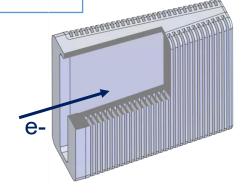
### Pulsed electron beam and release efficiency

• Could there be a first step with a pulsed gas injection at an offline test stand to understand better the ion source and with that help understand the target release

#### Optimum rastering

• When rastering our electron beam, is there an optimum way for increasing the release, does this affect the ion source

In other words, create a baseline measurement campaign to inform the developments to come





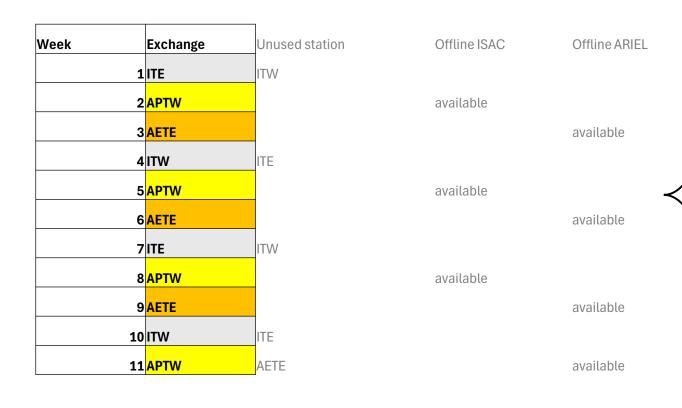
# **Timeline**



- Ready for commissioning by 2027
- 5000 h of RIB to ISAC during the 2029 operational year



# Operations mode, and windows for development



#### Bound to:

- Target material production
- Target and Ion Source unit assembly
- Target and Ion Source unit assembly for R&D
  - Pyrophoric materials

# Please Marla's poster 148

- ARIEL FEBIAD
- ARIEL IGLIS



- Two different geometries would allow us, as with the FEBIAD, to better understand what is happening with the ion sources and make them better.
- After ARIEL commissioning
  - Standard radioactive ion sources implementation for ARIEL.
  - Students needed for modelling and take current framework beyond what it can do now.
  - Streamline novel ion source geometries prototyping and testing by strengthening international collaboration with our R&D program



# How does the future target and ion source look like, how things will look in EMIS40?

Hard to say, but at TRIUMF this starts with more infrastructure to support the ideas to come. Ideas that we need to discuss now and plan as best as we can for their implementation.



# Summary

- Numerical and experimental campaign on different geometries provides more insight into what is happening inside the sources.
- The ISAC FEBIAD has a benchmarked model that allows multiple avenues for R&D and supports new developments.
- Creating time for ion source development is difficult with the imminent ARIEL commissioning. During operations we need to be smart about planning and executing R&D.

# Thank you!

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