NUCLEAR/ELEMENT PRODUCTION BY SUPERNOVAE, MEASURED BY X-RAY SPECTRA

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TALKING POINTS

 Supernova remnants: What are they? And why do we care about them

How we measured elemental abundances

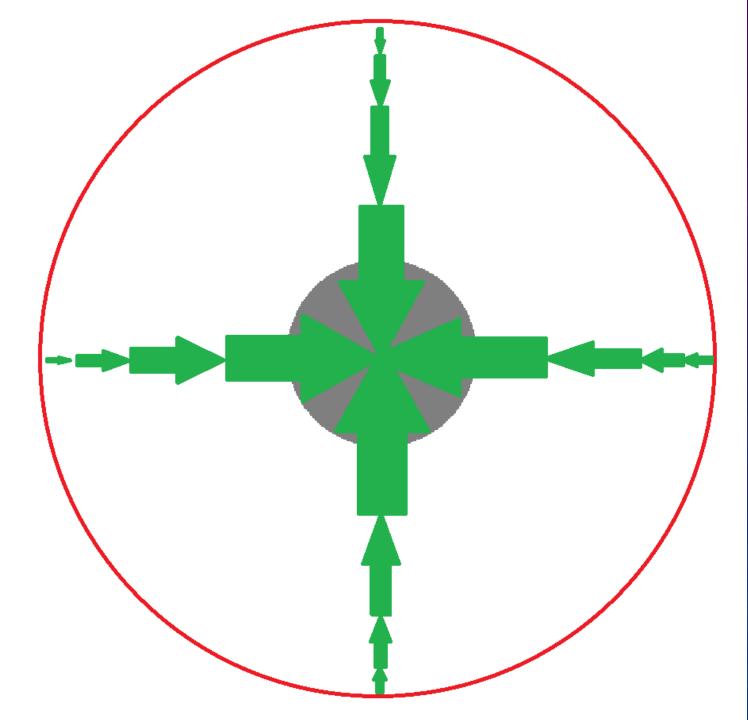
• MY research.

Supernova remnants: What are they? And why do we care about them

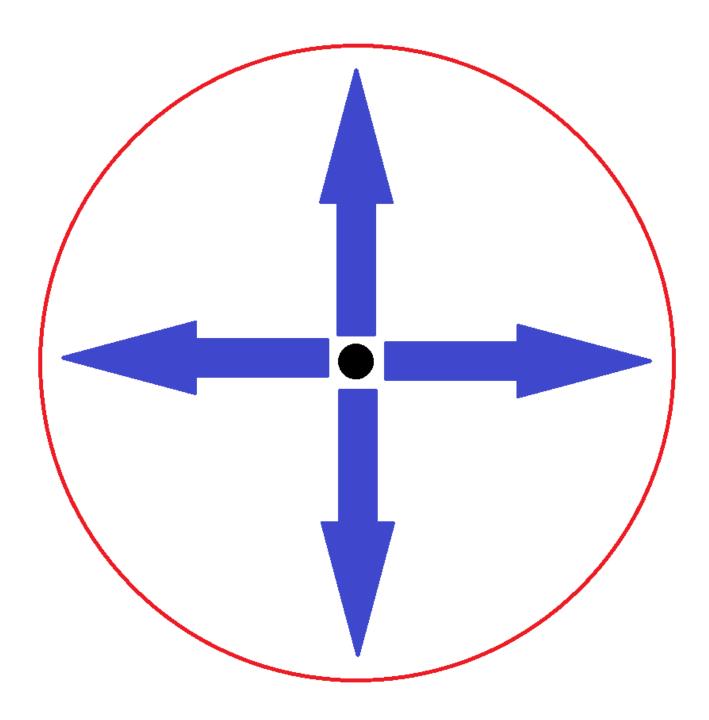


SUPERNOVA

- Death of large stars or white dwarfs
- Massive explosion
- Creation of heavy elements



CONTRACTION



REACTION



SUPERNOVA

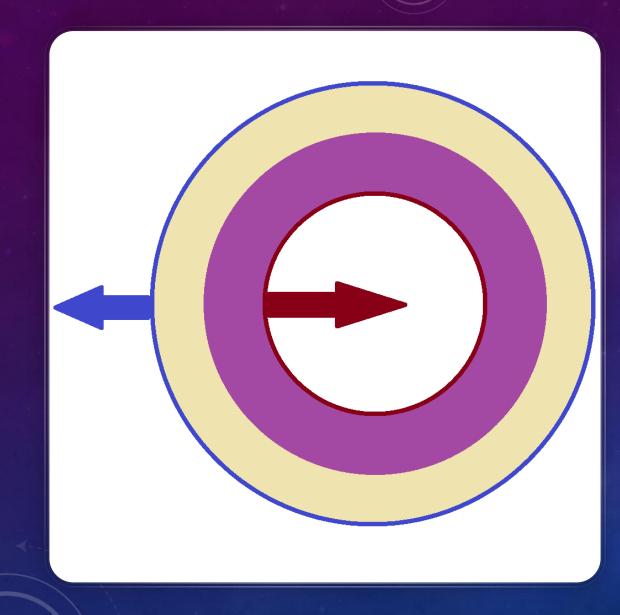
- Death of large stars or white dwarfs
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SUPERNOVA REMNANTS

Expanding balls of hot gas and plasma

Interactions with the surrounding dust and gas (Interstellar medium)

Spreads heavy elements



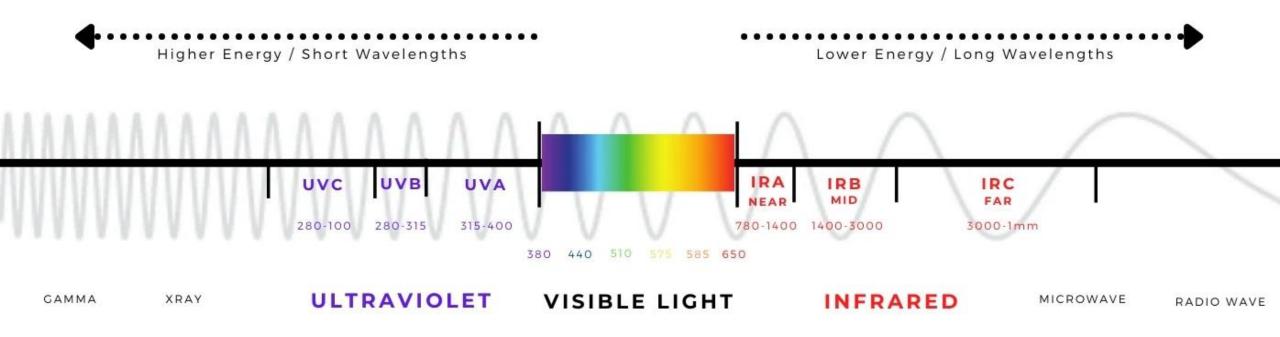
FORWARD AND REVERSE SHOCKS

- Two shocks
- One into ISM, one into material from star
- Emission between shocks
- Little to no hydrogen in purple region



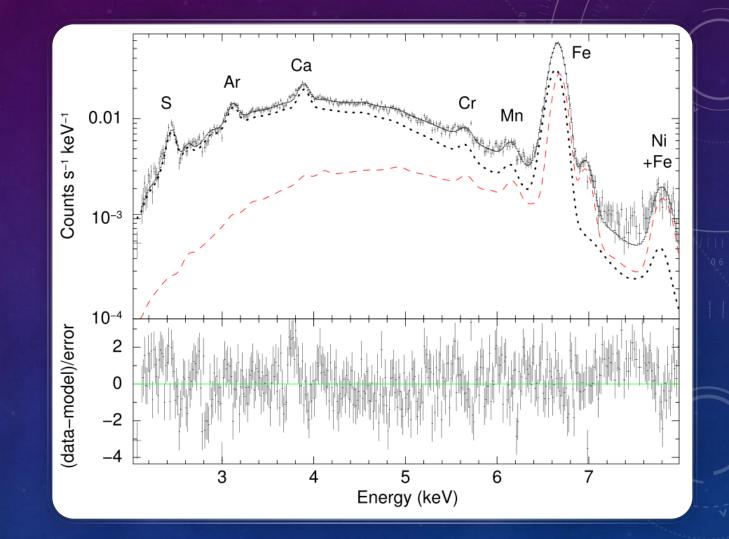
X-RAY SPECTRUM

- Photon between 50 to 50,000 time more energetic than visible light
- Typical studies focus of around 1-10keV (1.2-0.12 nm)



X-SPEC

- Calculates model spectrum and fits to observations
- Uses solar amounts of hydrogen
- Gives abundances from the model spectrum



Spectrum from:. Zhou, S.-C. Leung, Z. Li, K. Nomoto, J. Vink, and Y. Chen. Chemicalabundances in sgr a east: Evidence for a type iax supernova remnant. TheAstrophysical Journal, 908(1):31, Feb. 2021.



MY RESEARCH

HYDROGEN ASSUMPTION

- Little to no hydrogen in inner region
- Region between shocks responsible for emission
- X-spec uses approximately solar hydrogen abundances
- X-spec underestimates element abundances

1 H		big	bang f	fusion	Q		cosmic ray fission										
3 Li	4 Be	mer	ging n	eutro	n stars	Mare	exploding massive stars 💆					5 B	6 C	7 N	8 0	9 F	10 Ne
11 Na	12 Mg	dyir	dying low mass stars					exploding white dwarfs 🧖					14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar
19 K	20 Ca	21 Se	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 1	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba		72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 TI	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn
07	00																

ELECTRON/HYDROGEN DENSITY DENSITY

Element measurements based off electron to hydrogen ratio Heavy elemental abundances are significantly underestimated

THE PROCESS

01

Find the elemental abundance of supernova remnants previously studied 02

Correct the abundances while assuming little to no hydrogen 03

Calculate the masses of each element (assuming we have distance) 04

End goal of creation catalog of abundances and masses

KEY POINTS

What is a Supernova remnant

How are the

element

abundances

messaged

My

contributions

 Super nova remnants are spheres of gas and plasma expanding into the surrounded interstellar medium. Supernova create heavy elements.

• Elemental abundances are measured using the x-ray spectrum fitting software x-spec. This process assumes solar hydrogen abundances.

 I will correct the elemental abundance measurements in regions of supernova remnants that are hydrogen deficient, where the assumption of x-spec are no longer accurate.