



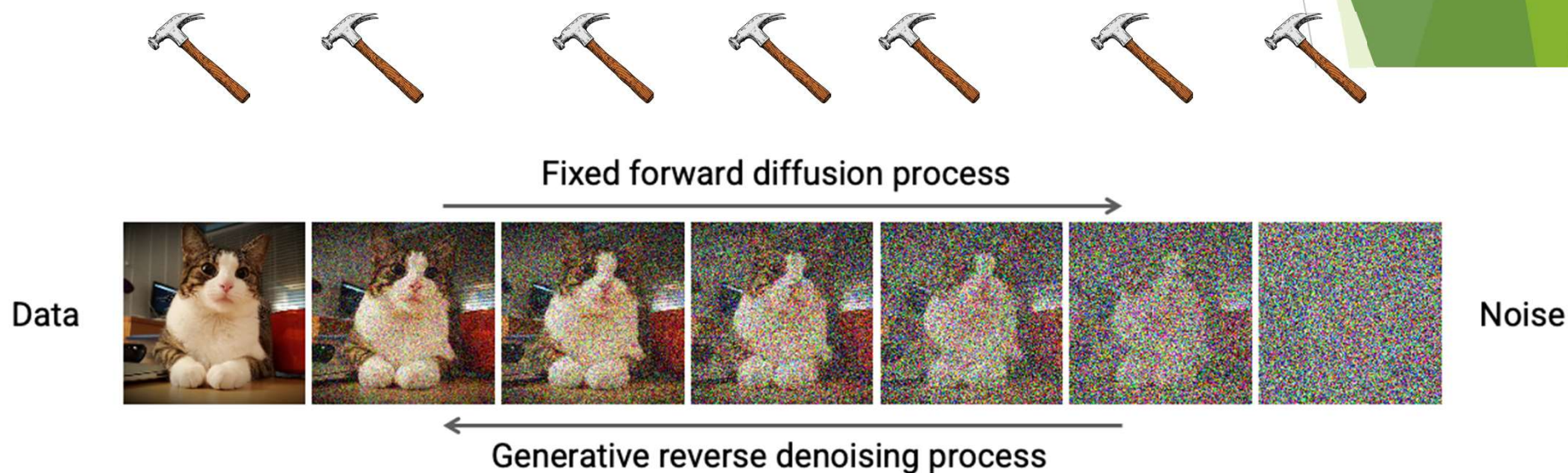
Conditional diffusion models - The equation festival is over... *for the moment*

Eric Paquet

NRC

21 February 2025

The condition should be *hammered* at each time step - no cat was harmed with this algorithm



Replacement method

- ▶ Part of the input bandwidth is occupied by the encoded condition.
- ▶ The condition must be systematically **hammered at each time step**.
- ▶ When **training** the network, the noise of the condition **should match** the noise of the data for the corresponding time step.
- ▶ When **generating** data, the condition should be reintroduced **at each time step** with the **correct level of noise**.

Replacement method for approximate conditional sampling

```
1: Input:  $\mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(0)}$  (motif)
2: // Forward diffuse motif
3:  $\check{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(1:T)} \sim q(\mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(1:T)} \mid \mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(0)})$ 
4:
5: // Reverse diffuse scaffold
6:  $\mathbf{x}^{(T)} \sim p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(T)})$ 
7: for  $t = T, \dots, 1$  do
8:   // Replace with forward diffused motif
9:    $\mathbf{x}^{(t)} \leftarrow [\check{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(t)}, \mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{S}}^{(t)}]$ 
10:
11:   // Propose next step
12:    $\mathbf{x}^{(t-1)} \sim p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(t-1)} \mid \mathbf{x}^{(t)})$ 
13: end for
14: Return  $\mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{S}}^{(0)}, \mathbf{x}^{(1:T)}$ 
```

The replacement method is not the end of the story...

- ▶ It introduces irreducible errors that **cannot be eliminated** by making the denoising conditional density more expressive.
- ▶ <https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.04119>
- ▶ The approximation error is **not tractable** in general.
- ▶ But it is still the most common approach.

The solution: particle filtering

- ▶ In the spirit of a Monte Carlo method, generate **K instances** for each time step where the condition is enforced by the replacement method.
- ▶ Compute the **unnormalised probabilities** (weights) of the condition given the noisy data with replacement.
- ▶ Normalise the probabilities.
- ▶ **Sample an outcome** using the normalised probabilities (from the **multinomial distribution**).
- ▶ Propose the next step.

Particle filtering for conditionally sampling from unconditional diffusion models

```
1: Input:  $\mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(0)}$  (motif),  $K$  (# particles)
2: // Forward diffuse motif
3:  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(1:T)} \sim q(\mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(1:T)} | \mathbf{x}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(0)})$ 
4:
5: // Reverse diffuse particles
6:  $\forall k, \mathbf{x}_k^{(T)} \overset{i.i.d.}{\sim} p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(T)})$ 
7: for  $t = T, \dots, 1$  do
8:   // Replace motif
9:    $\forall k, \mathbf{x}_k^{(t)} \leftarrow [\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(t)}, \mathbf{x}_{S,k}^{(t)}]$ 
10:
11:   // Re-weight based on  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(t-1)}$ 
12:    $\forall k, w_k^{(t)} \leftarrow p_{\theta}(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{(t-1)} | \mathbf{x}_k^{(t)})$ 
13:    $\forall k, \tilde{w}_k^{(t)} \leftarrow w_k^{(t)} / \sum_{k'=1}^K w_{k'}^{(t)}$ 
14:    $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_{1:K}^{(t)} \sim \text{Resample}(\tilde{w}_{1:K}^{(t)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:K}^{(t)})$ 
15:
16:   // Propose next step
17:    $\forall k, \mathbf{x}_k^{(t-1)} \overset{indep.}{\sim} p_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(t-1)} | \tilde{\mathbf{x}}_k^{(t)})$ 
18: end for
19: Return  $\mathbf{x}_{S,1:K}^{(0)}$ 
```

But don't worry...

- ▶ The equations festival will be back next week!