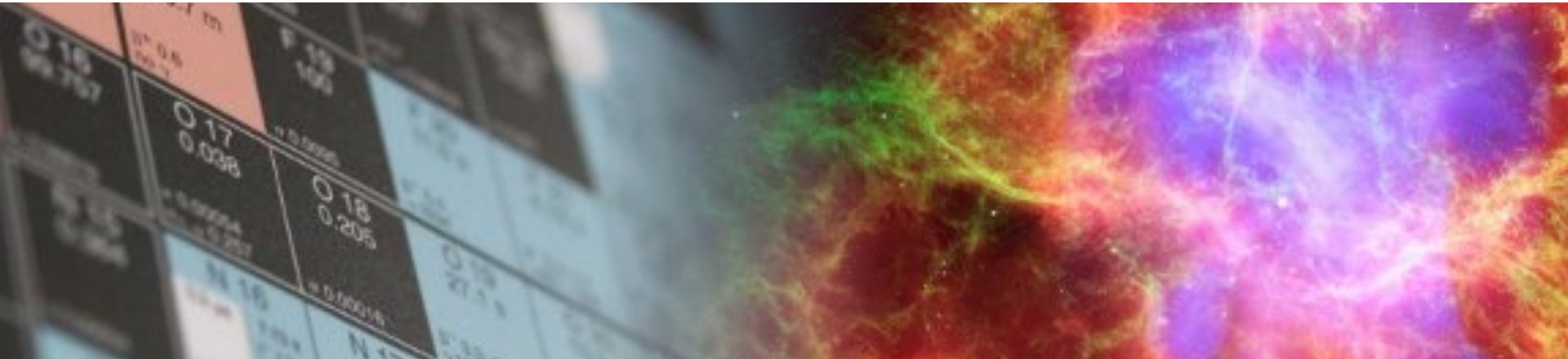


Neutron-rich matter from chiral EFT, experiments, and observations

Achim Schwenk



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT



TRIUMF PAINT Workshop, Feb. 25, 2026



European Research Council
Established by the European Commission

ERC AdG EUSTRONG



Exzellente Forschung für
Hessens Zukunft

Nuclear masses around N=82 and r-process nucleosynthesis

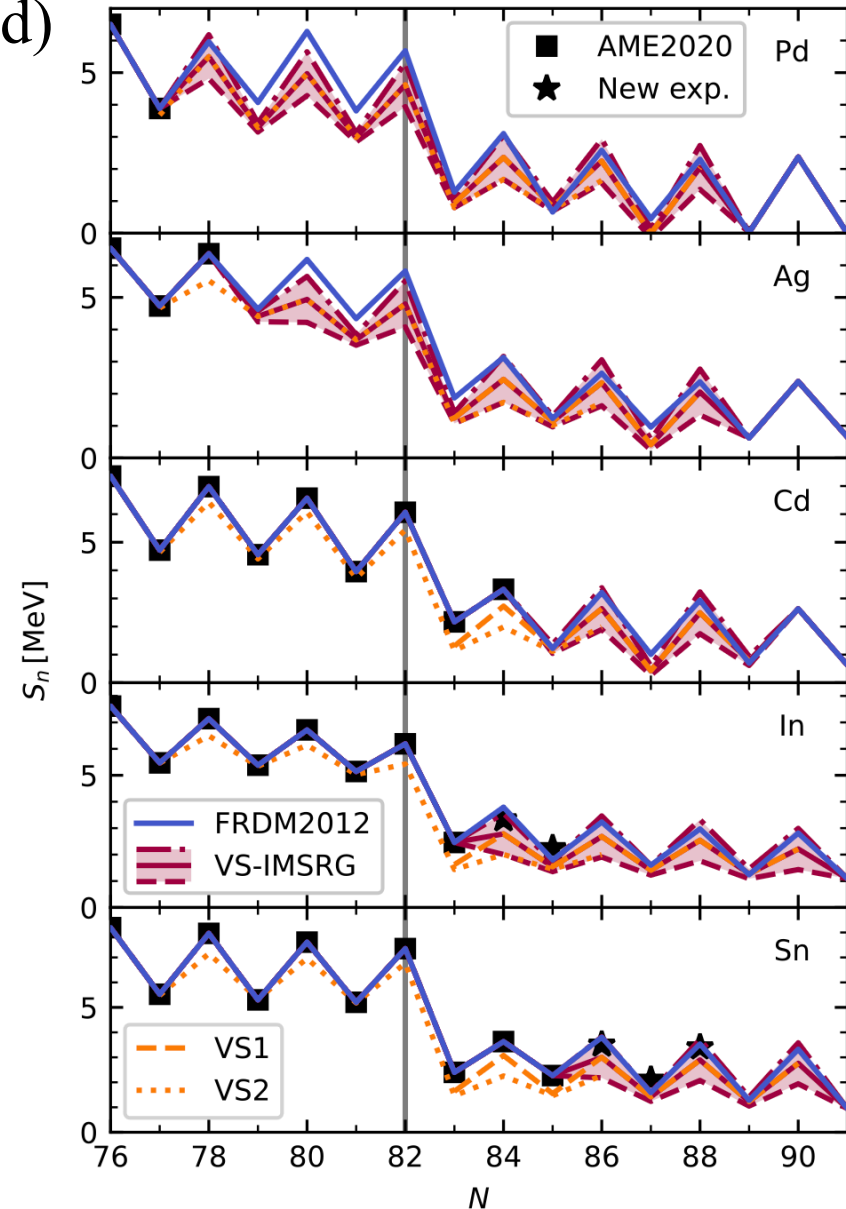
Kuske, Miyagi, Arcones, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

masses around N=82 (Sn, In, Cd, Ag, Pd)
→ interesting region at exp frontier

VS-IMSRG results with valence space
+ interaction uncertainties

separation energies have smaller
uncertainties due to correlations;
IMSRG(3f2) is within VS1, VS2

incorporate VS-IMSRG masses
with uncertainties (min/central/max)
in baseline AME2020 + FRDM2012



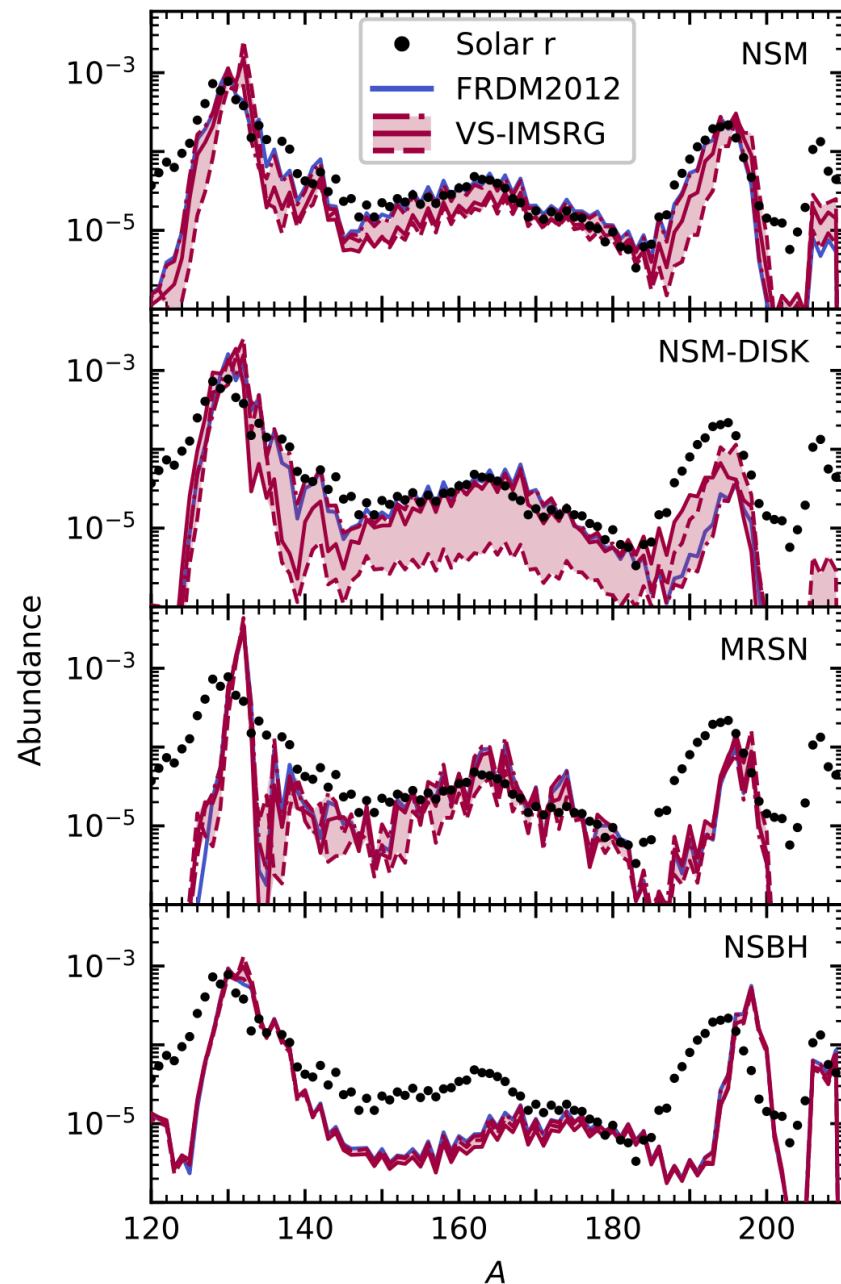
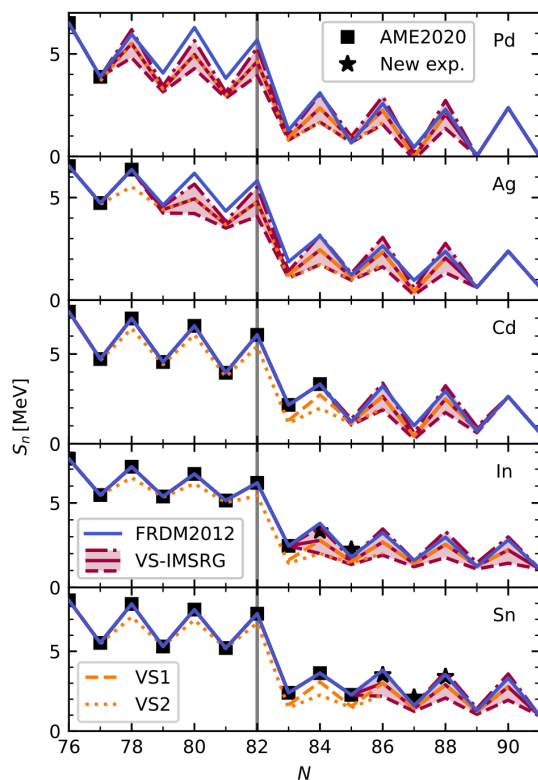
Nuclear masses around N=82 and r-process nucleosynthesis

Kuske, Miyagi, Arcones, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

VS-IMSRG masses (min/central/max)

in baseline AME2020 + FRDM2012

explore r-process predictions for different astrophysics scenarios



Nuclear masses around N=82 and r-process nucleosynthesis

Kuske, Miyagi, Arcones, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

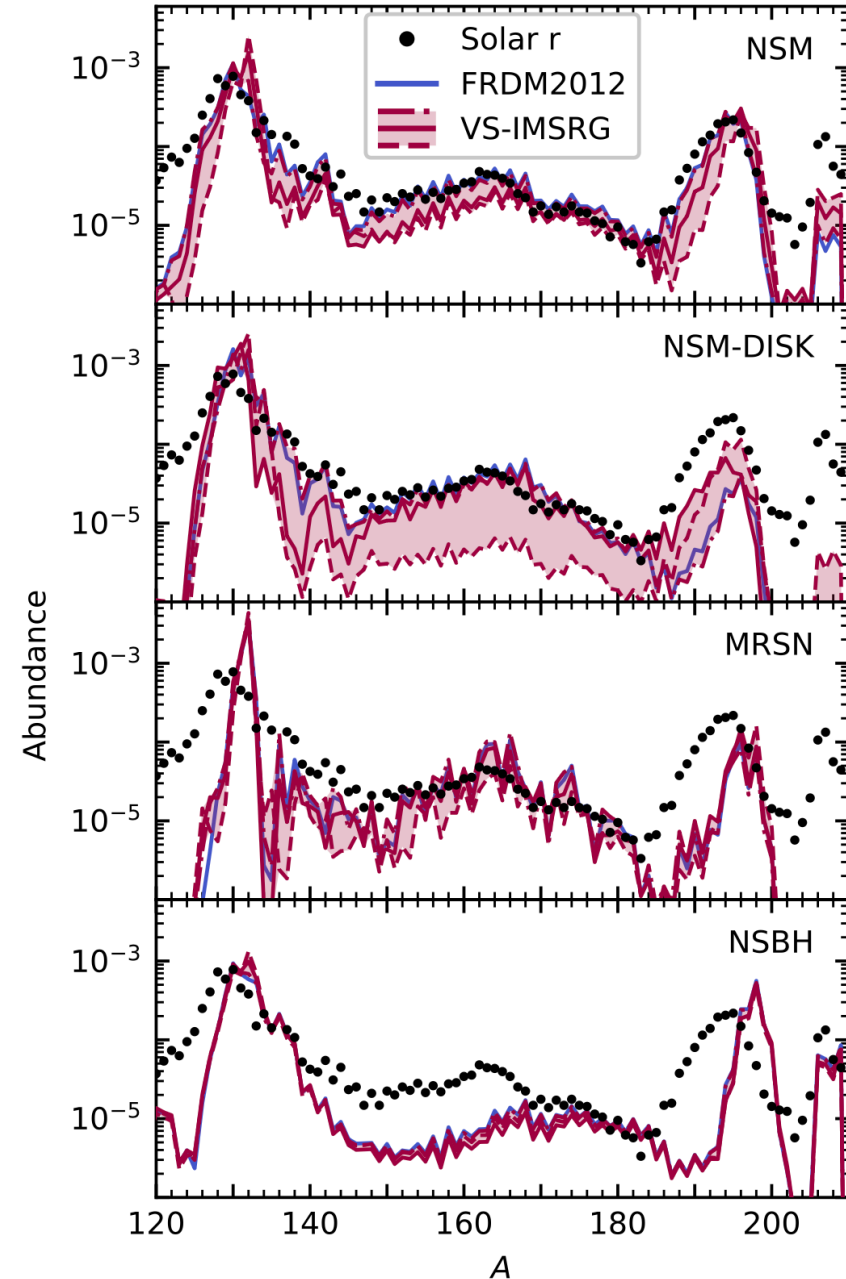
VS-IMSRG masses (min/central/max)

in baseline AME2020 + FRDM2021

explore r-process predictions for
different astrophysics scenarios

largest effects for n-star mergers
(NSM and NSM-DISK)

ab initio masses strengthen waiting
point of 2nd peak, leading to slower
nucleosynthesis flow, and important
impact on 3rd peak



Nuclear masses around N=82 and r-process nucleosynthesis

Kuske, Miyagi, Arcones, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

VS-IMSRG masses (min/central/max)

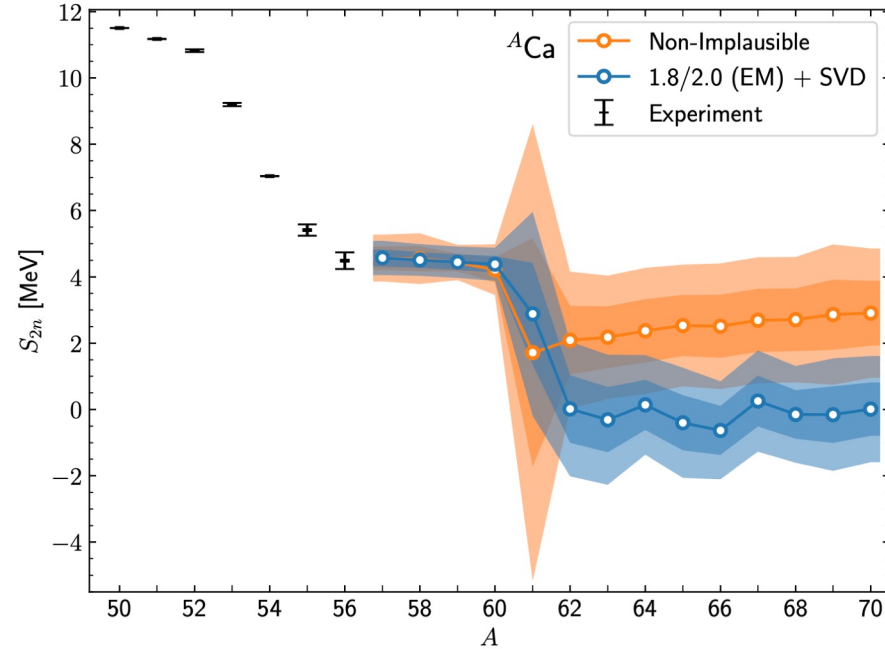
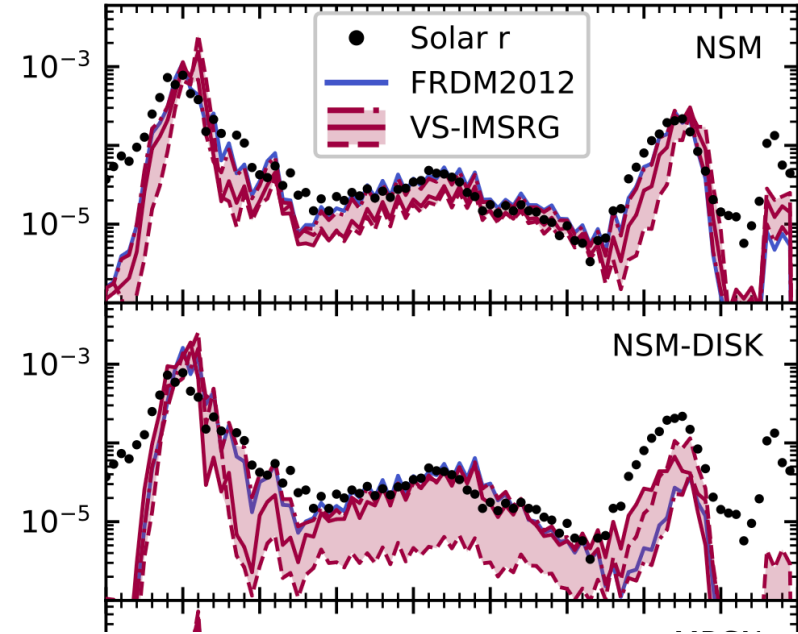
in baseline AME2020 + FRDM2012

explore r-process predictions for different astrophysics scenarios

largest effects for n-star mergers (NSM and NSM-DISK)

ab initio masses strengthen waiting point of 2nd peak, leading to slower nucleosynthesis flow, and important impact on 3rd peak

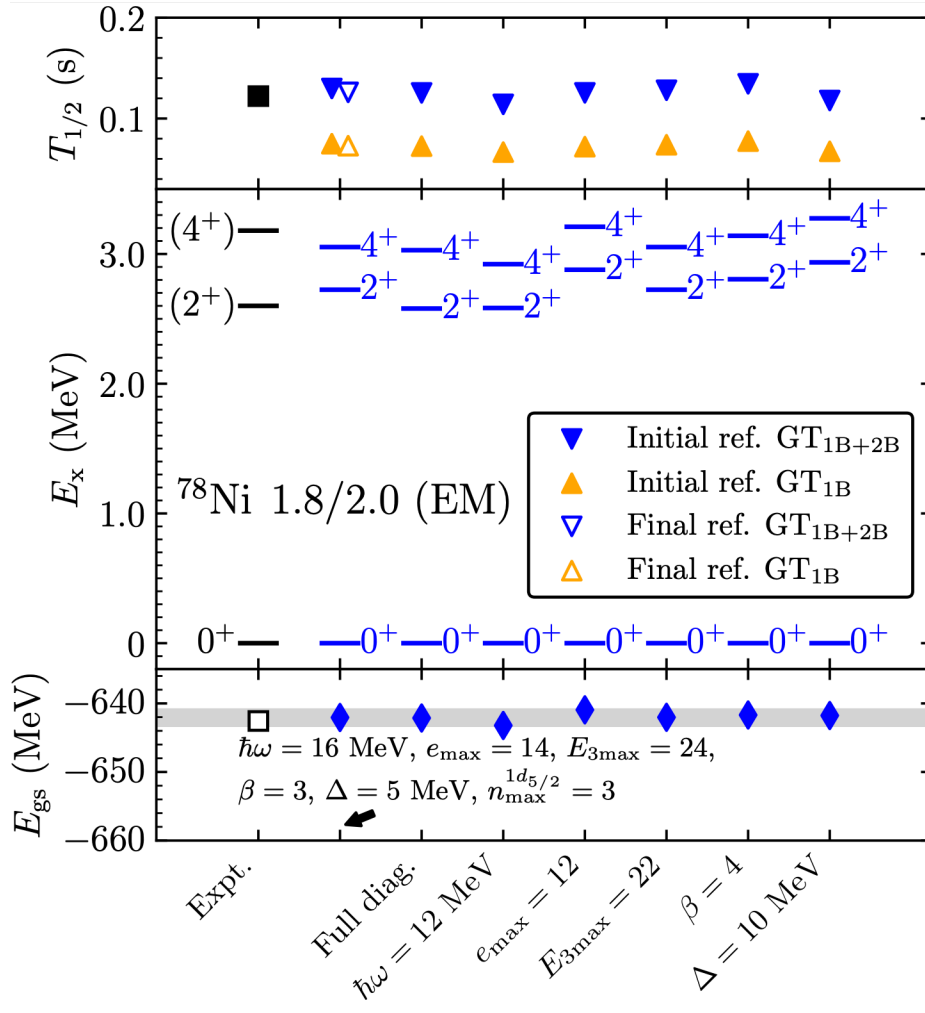
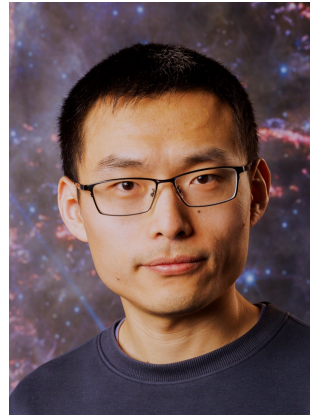
future: correlated ab-initio-based mass model see poster of Max Cincar



Gamow-Teller beta decays for N=50 nuclei

Zhen Li, Miyagi, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

VS-IMSRG calc for valence space on top of ^{48}Ca core
 1.8/2.0 (EM) interaction with 1B + 2B currents,
 test sensitivities to IMSRG + model space choices



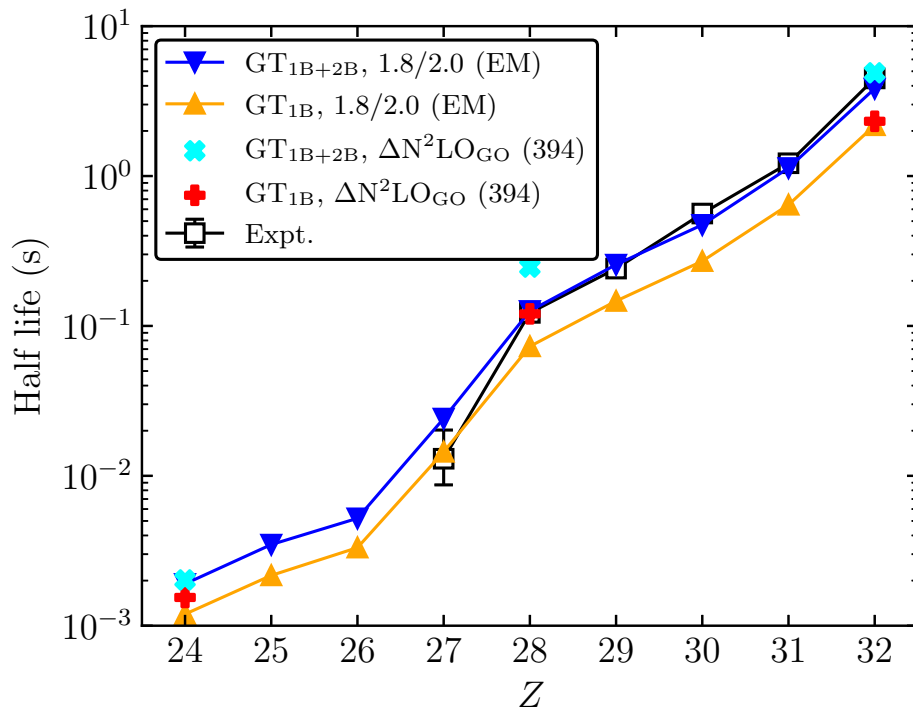
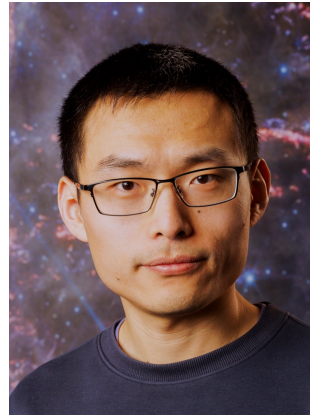
very good agreement with exp
 with 2B currents included,
 weak sensitivities to theo choices

Gamow-Teller beta decays for N=50 nuclei

Zhen Li, Miyagi, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

VS-IMSRG calc for valence space on top of ^{48}Ca core
1.8/2.0 (EM) interaction with 1B + 2B

for N=50 nuclei, explore in addition $\Delta\text{N}^2\text{LO}_{\text{GO}}$ interaction



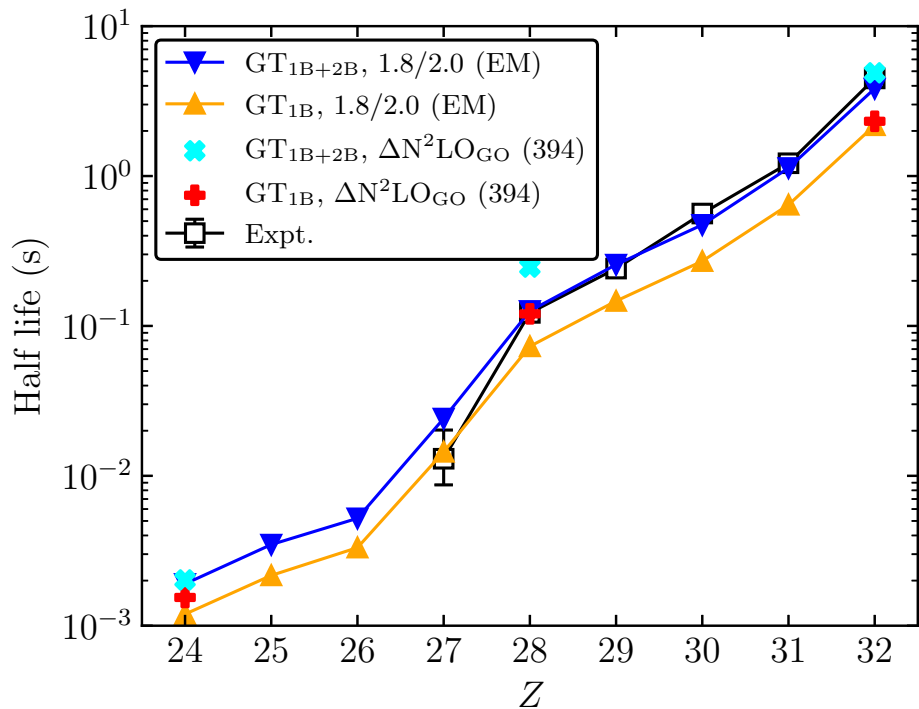
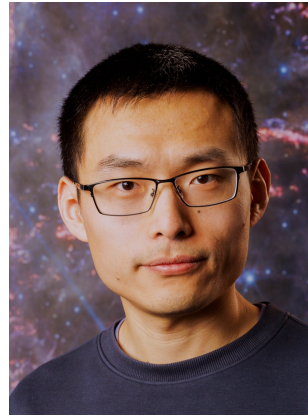
overall good agreement with exp,
without adjustments

Gamow-Teller beta decays for N=50 nuclei

Zhen Li, Miyagi, AS, arXiv:2509.19131

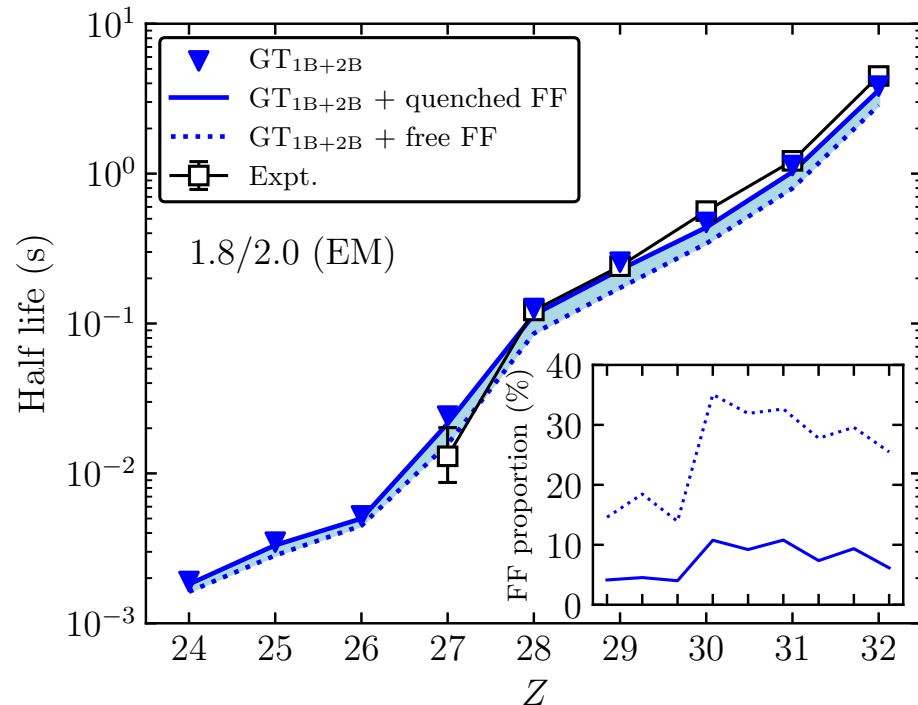
VS-IMSRG calc for valence space on top of ^{48}Ca core
1.8/2.0 (EM) interaction with 1B + 2B

for N=50 nuclei, explore in addition $\Delta N^2\text{LO}_{\text{GO}}$ interaction



+ contributions from
first-forbidden (FF) transitions

overall good agreement with exp,
without adjustments



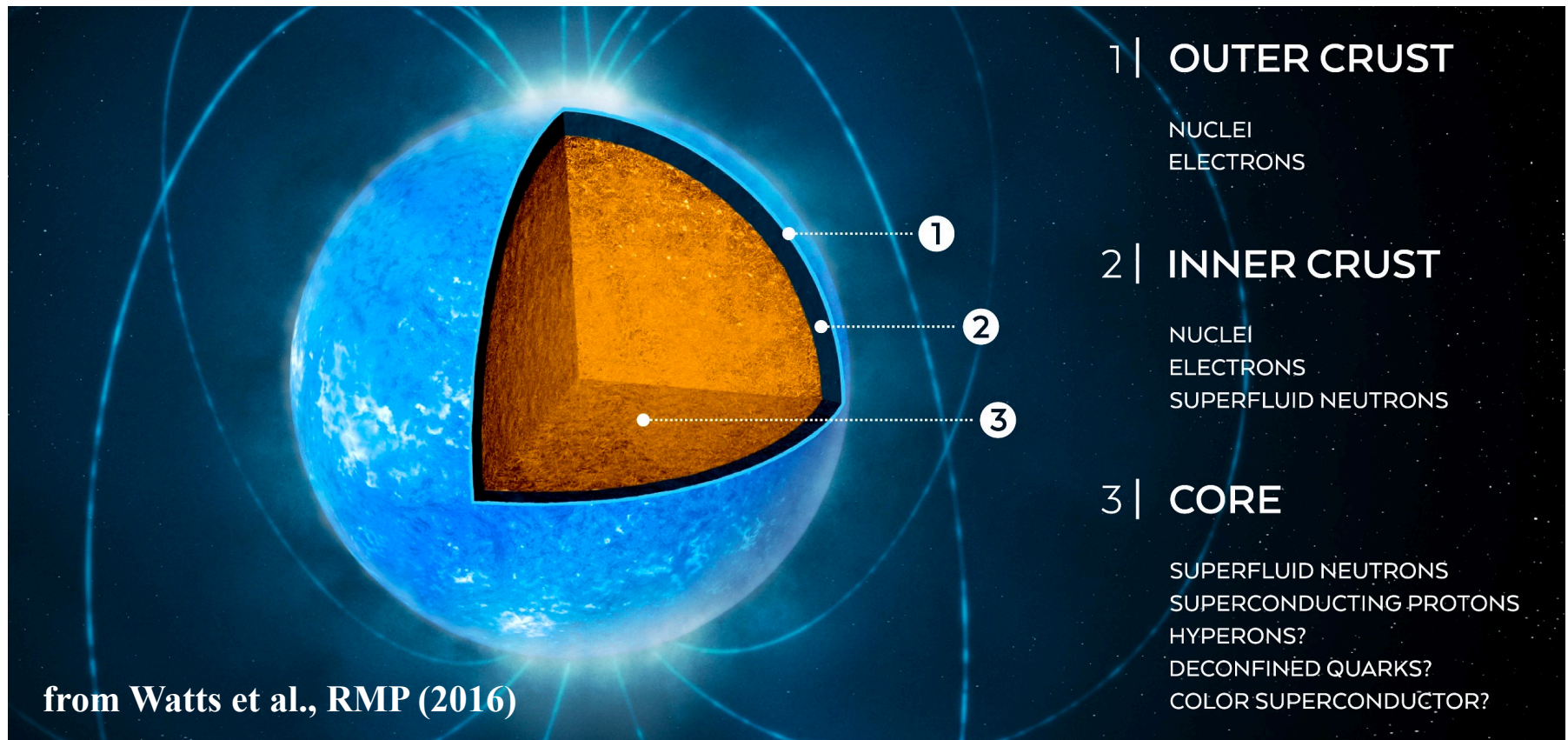
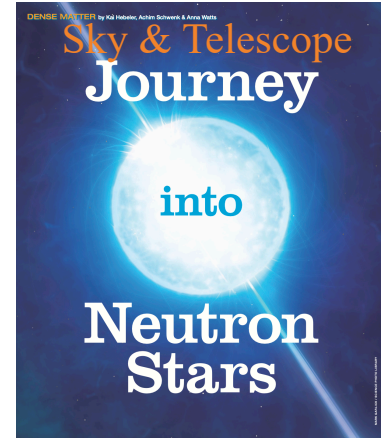
Extreme matter in neutron stars

Dense matter up to $\sim 3-8 n_0$ (95% CI, in heaviest n stars)

governed by strong interactions, up to few n_0 : n,p,e, μ

When (do) degrees of freedom change?

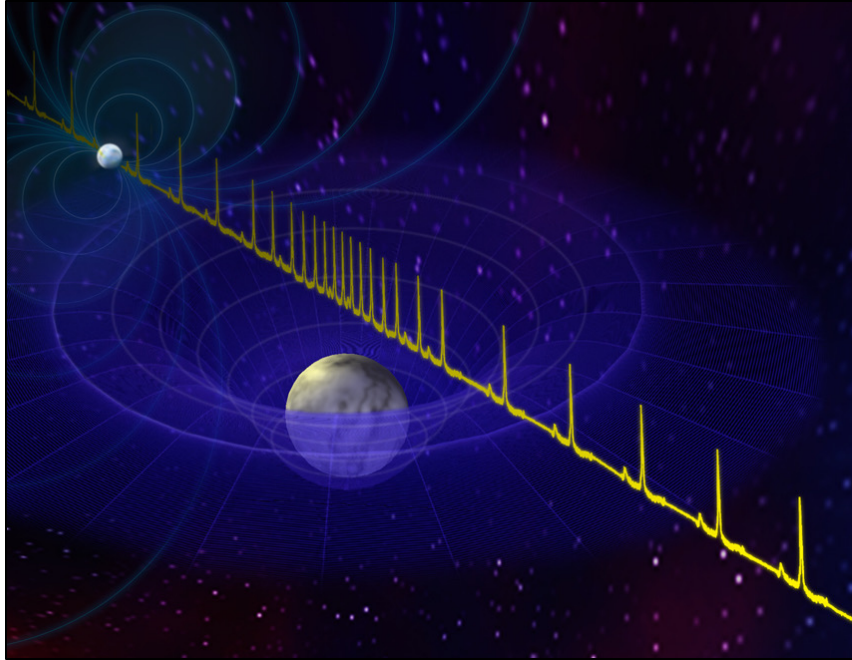
Chiral EFT sets pressure of first few km [Hebeler et al., PRL \(2010\), ApJ \(2013\)](#)



Neutron star masses

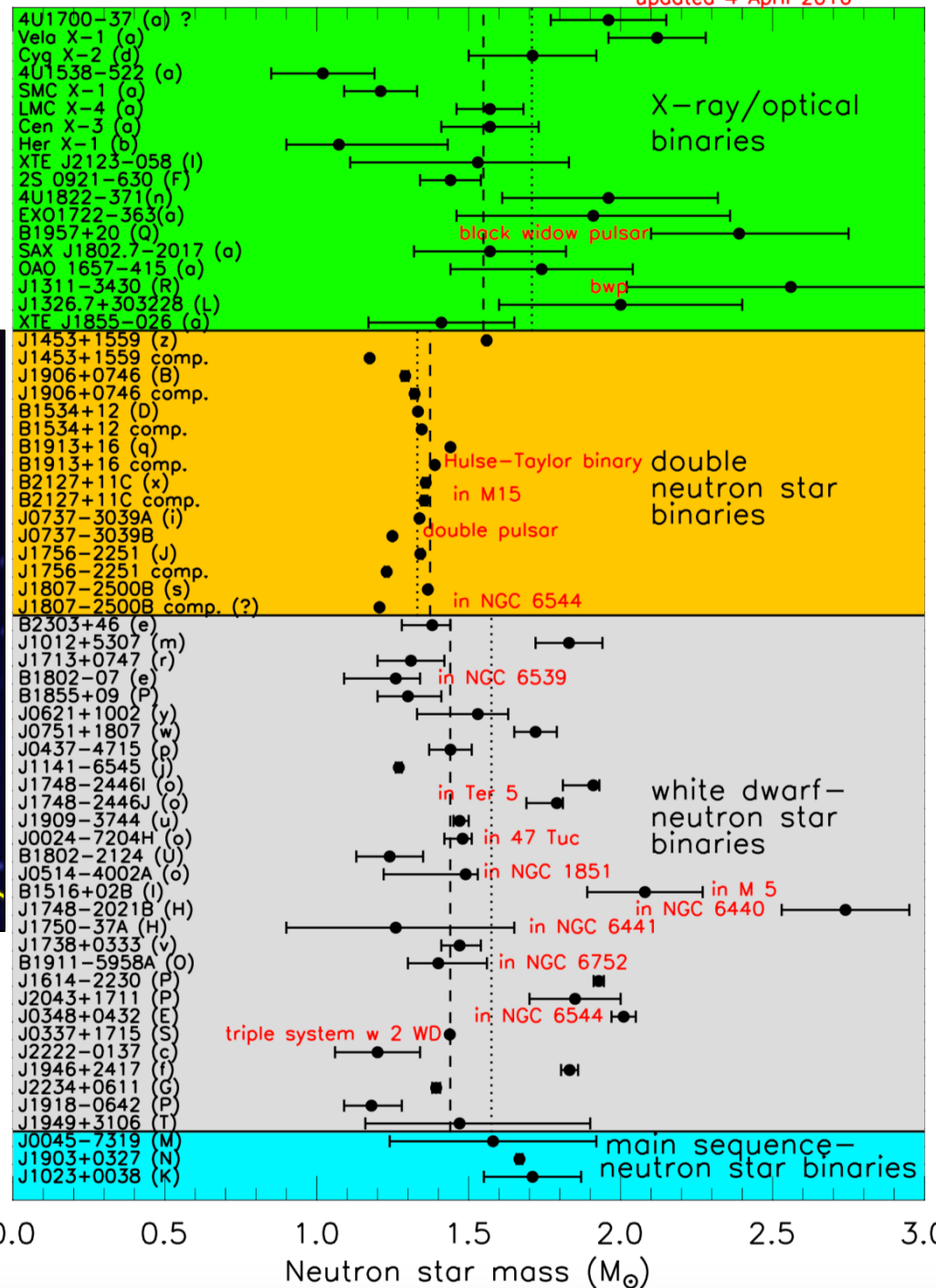
from Jim Lattimer

mass measurements from
radio pulsar timing



three $2 M_{\text{sun}}$ n stars observed

- J1614: Demorest et al., Nature (2010),
- J0348: Antoniadis et al., Science (2013),
- J0740: $2.08 \pm 0.07 M_{\text{sun}}$ Fonseca et al., (2021)



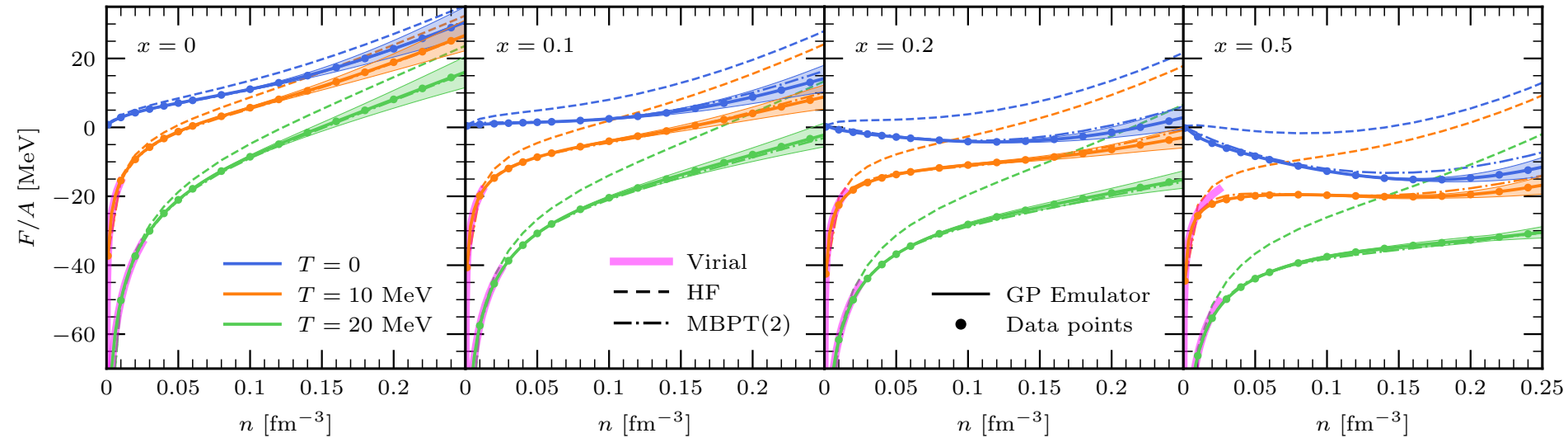
0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0
Neutron star mass (M_{\odot})

EOS for arbitrary proton fraction and temperature

Keller, Hebeler, AS, PRL (2023)

based on chiral NN+3N interactions to N³LO

order-by-order EFT uncertainties + (smaller) many-body uncertainties



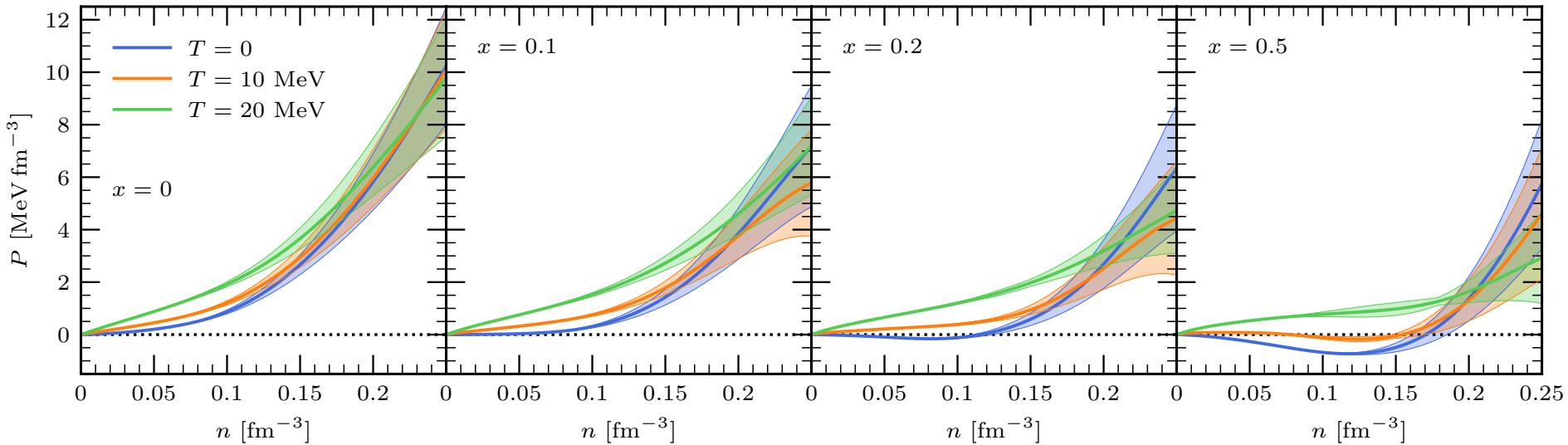
excellent reproduction of free energy data by Gaussian process (GP)

agrees with model-indep. virial EOS Horowitz, AS, NPA (2006) at low densities

EOS for arbitrary proton fraction and temperature

Keller, Hebeler, AS, PRL (2023)

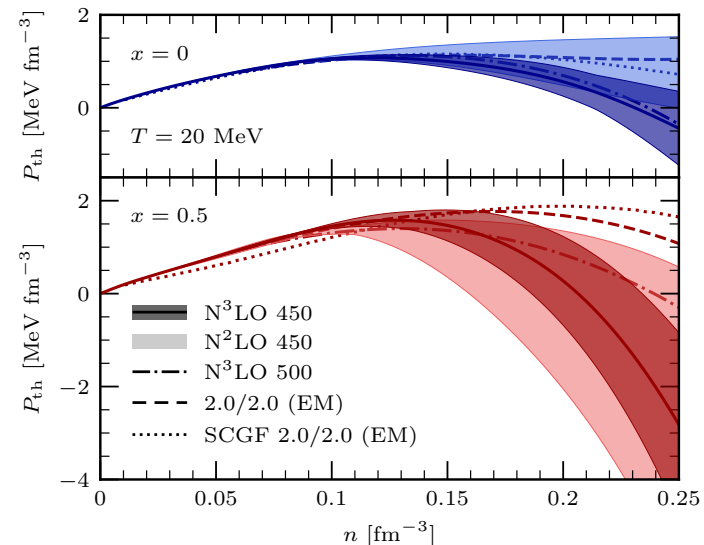
GP emulator to calculate **pressure** (thermodyn. consistent derivatives)



pressure isothermals cross at higher densities

→ negative thermal expansion

thermal part of pressure decreases with increasing density,
found for all chiral interactions studied,
is related to density dep. of m^* from $3N$



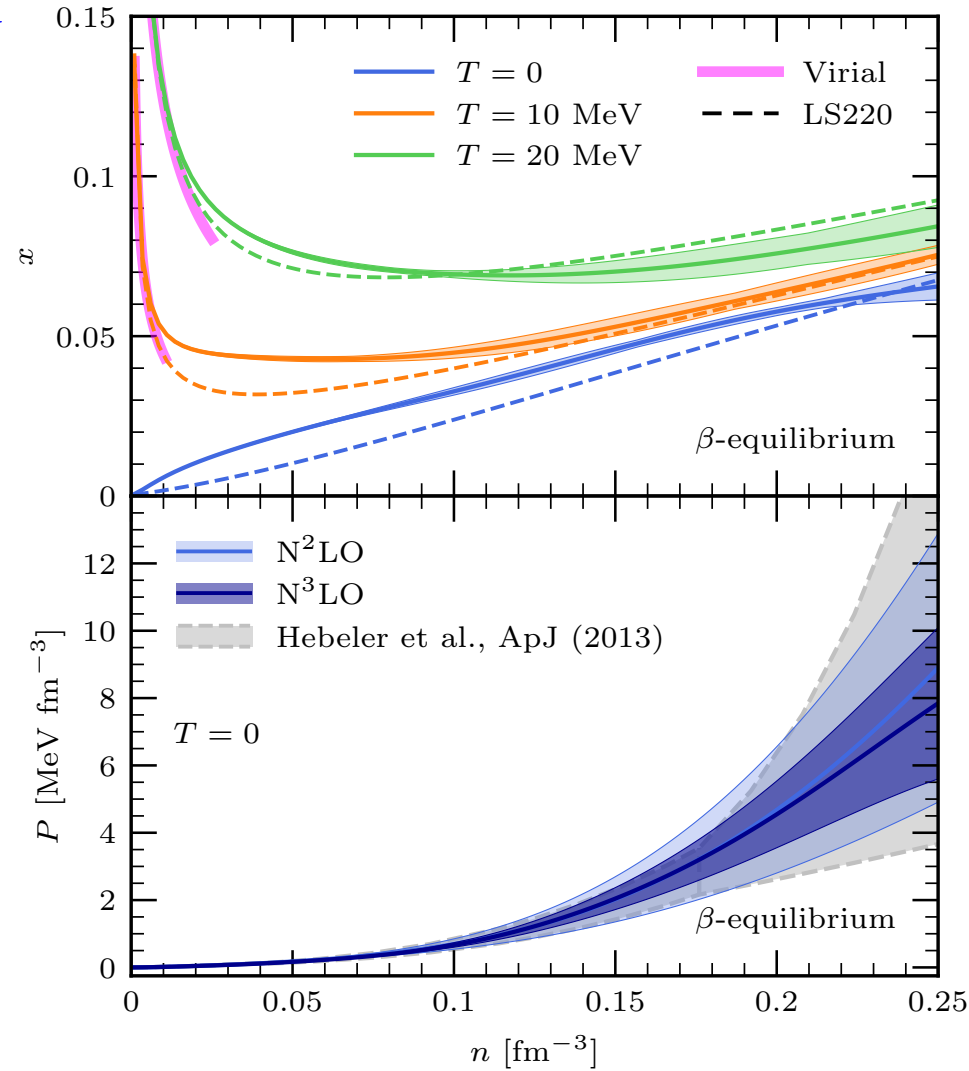
EOS for neutron star matter in beta equilibrium

Keller, Hebeler, AS, PRL (2023)

use GP emulator to access arbitrary proton fraction, solve for beta equilibrium

EOS of neutron star matter at $N^2\text{LO}$ and $N^3\text{LO}$, no indication of EFT breakdown

$N^3\text{LO}$ band prefers higher pressures, improvement over older calculations



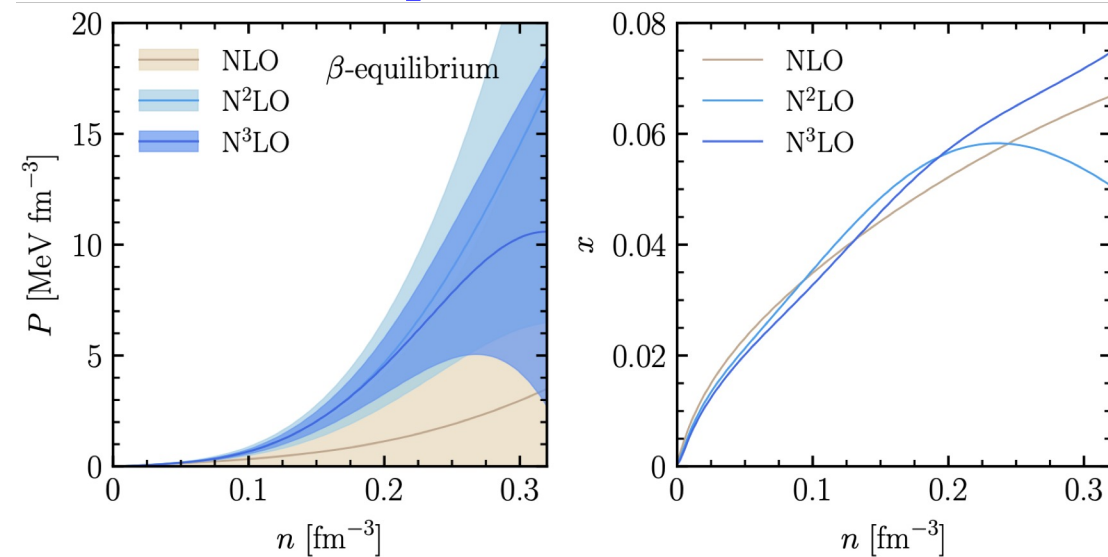
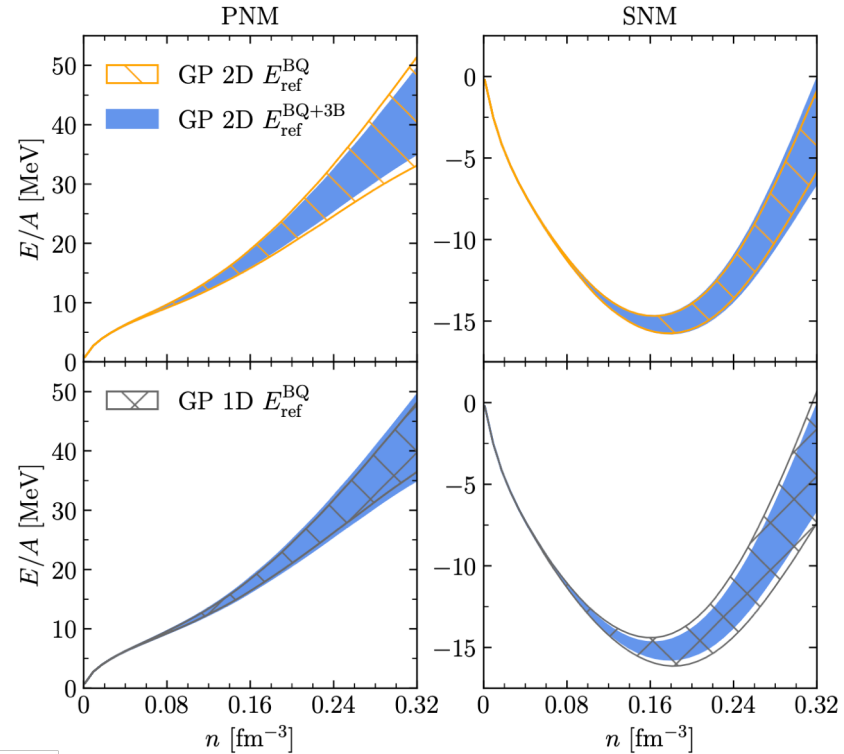
EFT truncation uncertainties from 2d GP

Göttling, Hoff, Hebeler, AS, arXiv:2512.19593

GP-Bayesian uncertainties from order-by-order analysis with 3-body-informed reference energy

agrees well with 1d GP from Drischler et al. for PNM and SNM

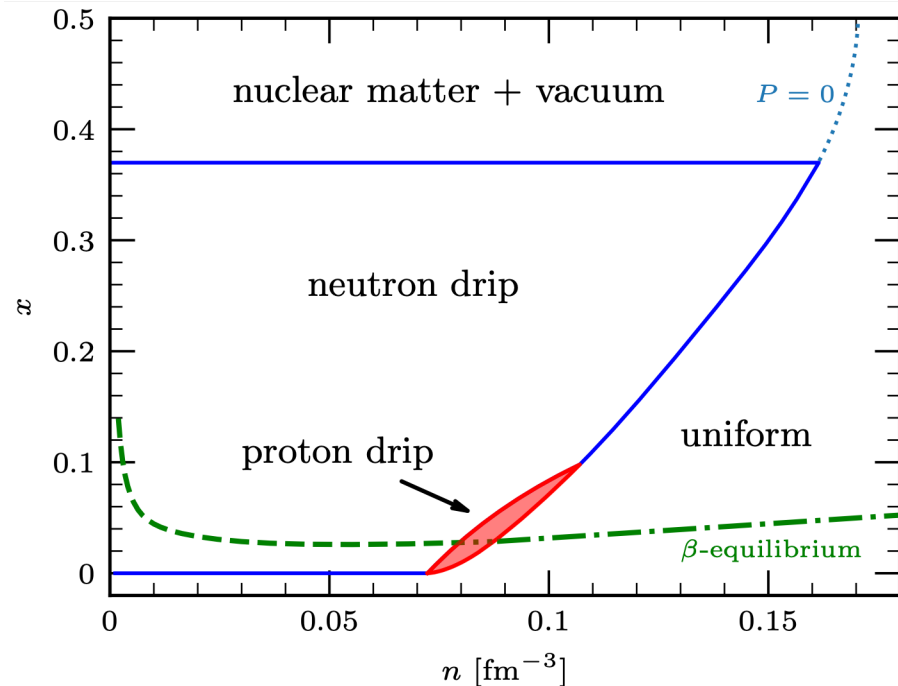
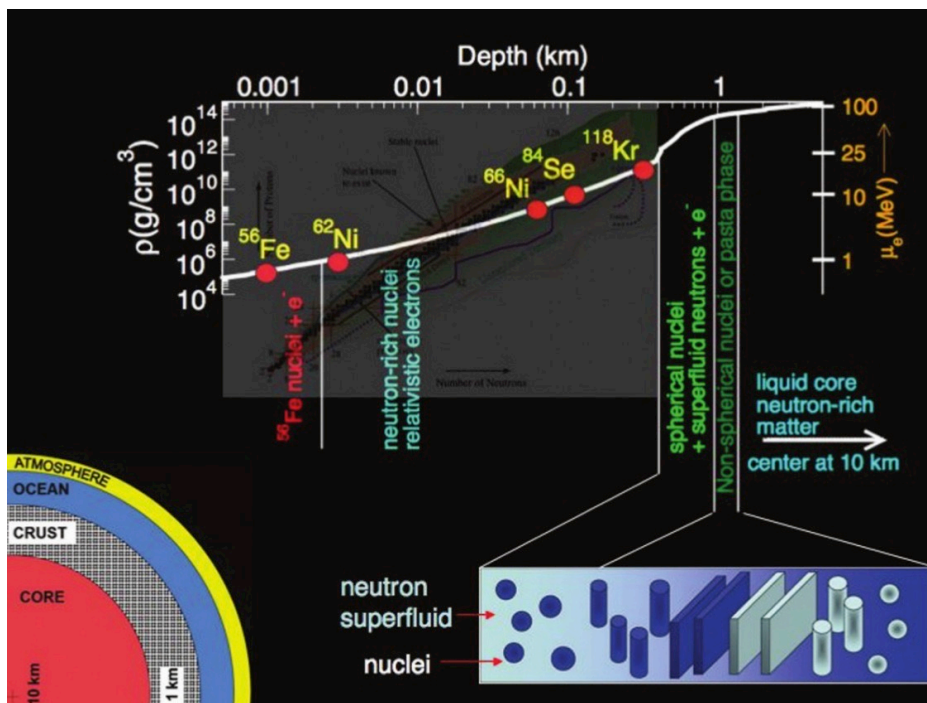
GP-Bayesian uncertainties for EOS in beta equilibrium



Subnuclear phase diagram of neutron star matter

~ 5% proton fraction in denser neutron matter

below $\sim 0.5 n_0$ possible pasta phases: clusters/structures of high density surrounded by neutron (and proton?) gas: neutron (and proton?) drip



Keller, Hebeler, Pethick, AS, PRL (2024)

Chiral EFT calculations establish proton drip:

robust for any reasonable EOS, proton drip aids pasta formation

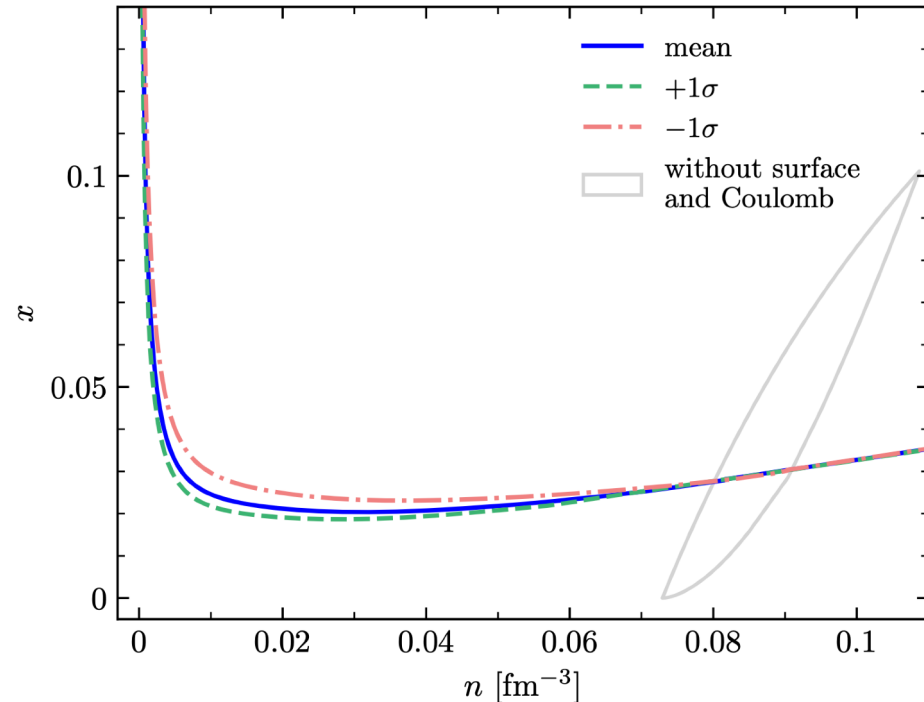
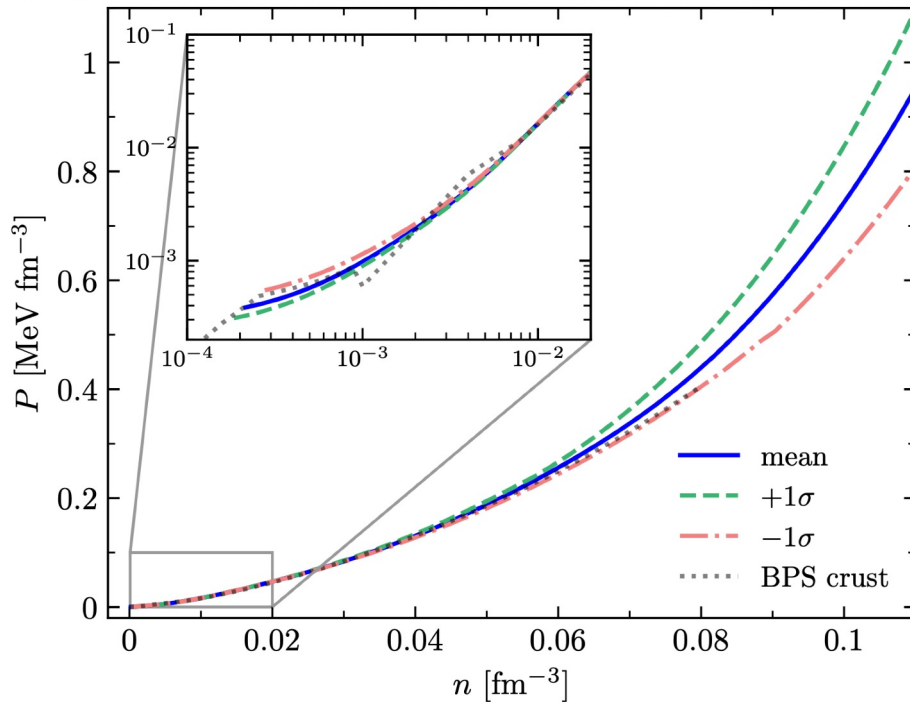
Consistent inner-crust EOS

Göttling, Hoff, Hebeler, AS, arXiv:2512.19593

construct inner-crust EOS consistent with uniform asymmetric matter calculations with EFT uncertainties at N³LO

based on compressible liquid drop model

with surface tension and Coulomb effects (adjusted to exp. masses)



future: include in astrophysics inference framework

Constraints from neutron skins and related probes

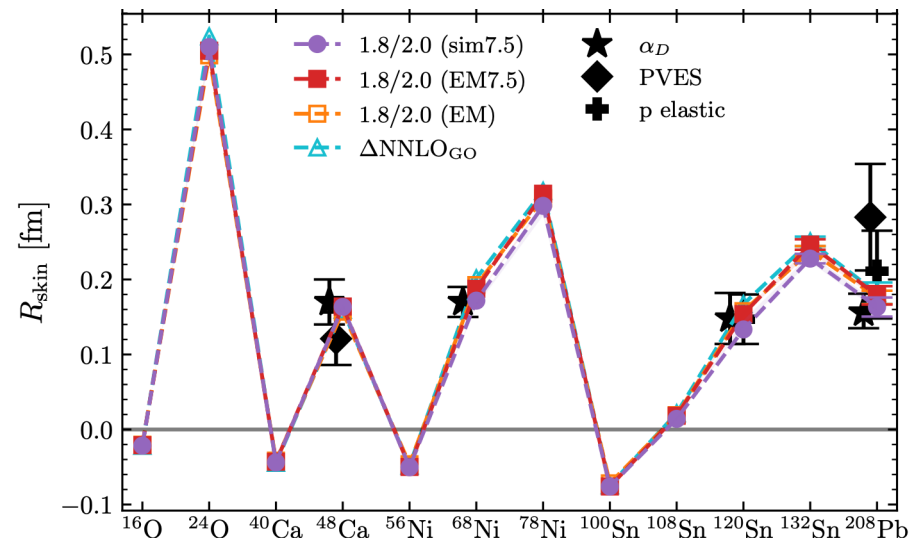
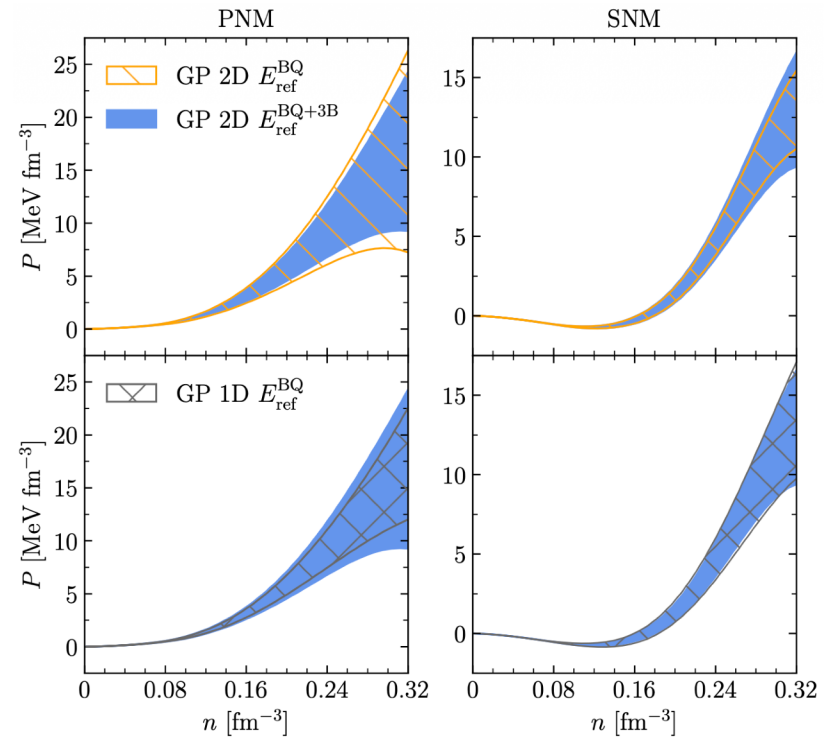
$$\text{neutron skin} = R_n - R_p$$

probes neutron matter pressure,
large pressure \sim larger skin

different experiments sensitive
to neutron skin, probes matter
below n_0 where chiral EFT
uncertainties are smaller

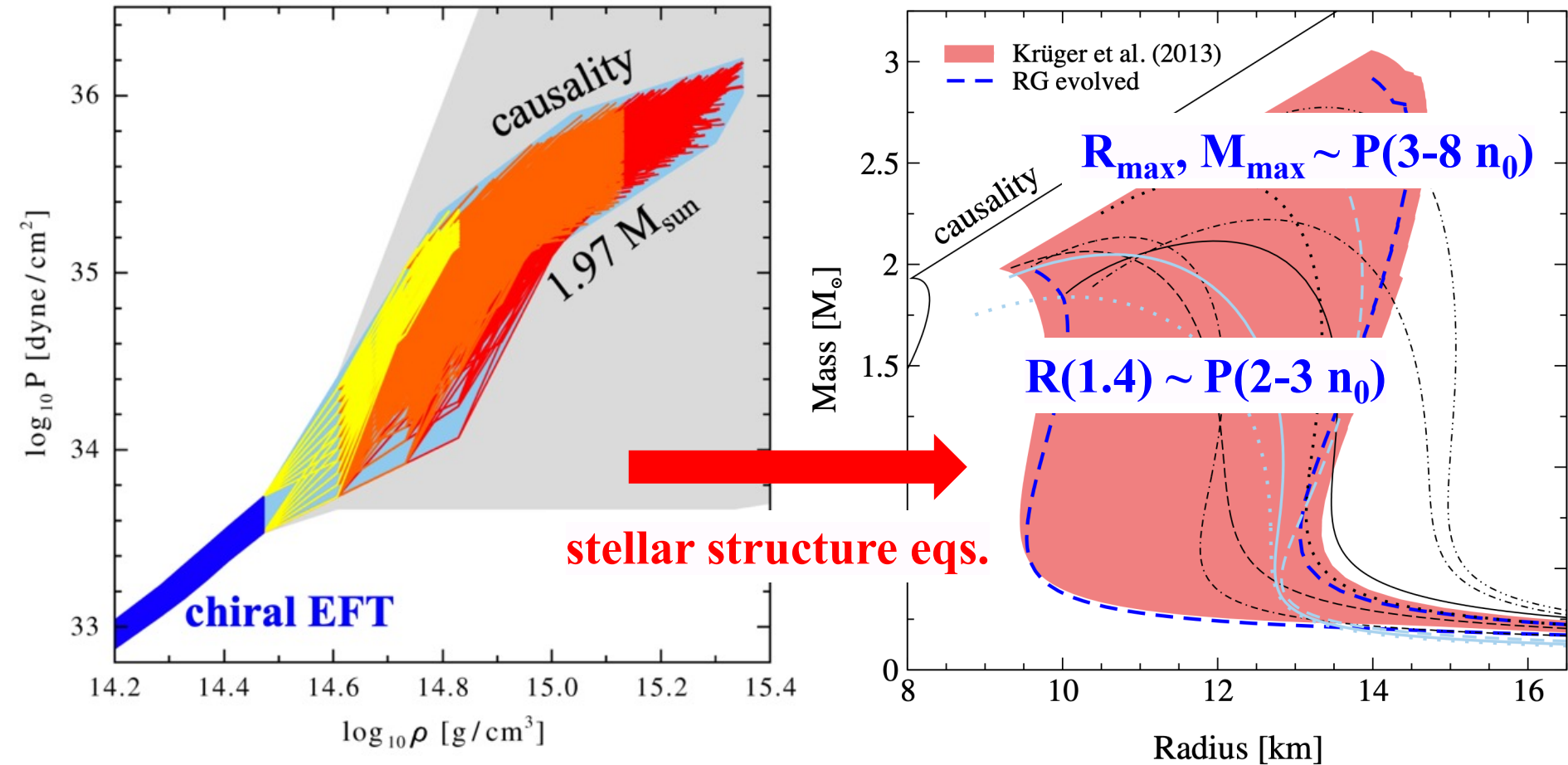
\rightarrow neutron skins tightly predicted
in chiral EFT calculations

Arthius et al., arXiv:2401.06675,
Novario et al., PRL (2023)



Impact on neutron stars Hebeler, Lattimer, Pethick, AS, PRL (2010), ApJ (2013)

constrain high-density EOS by causality, require to support $2 M_{\text{sun}}$ star



piecewise polytropes (PP) includes phase transitions

other high-density extensions use speed of sound parametrizations (CS), Gaussian processes, piecewise speed of sound,...

Neutron star radius information

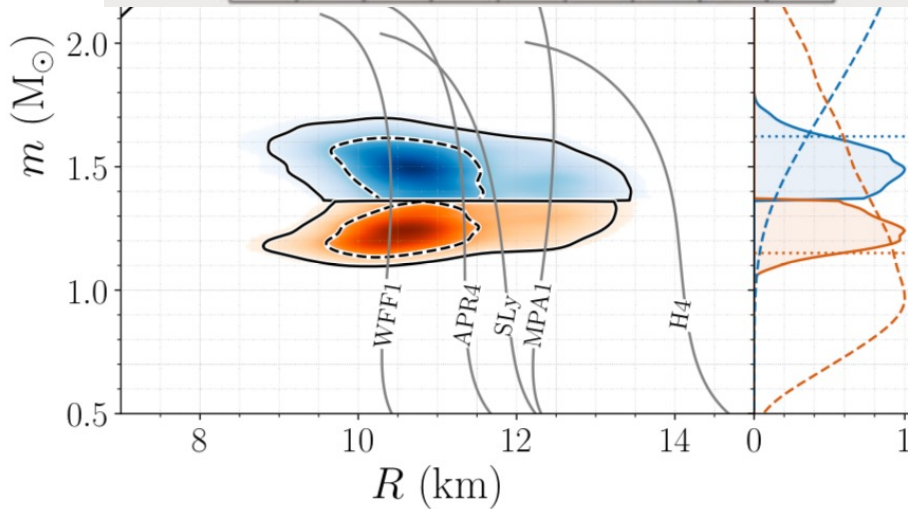
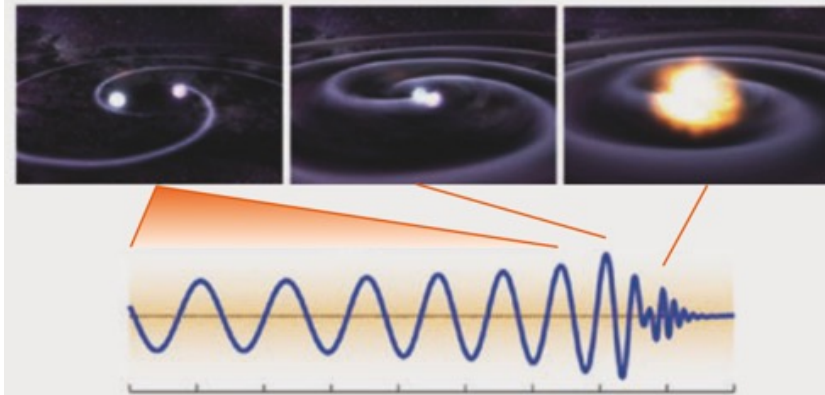
from gravitational waves

and

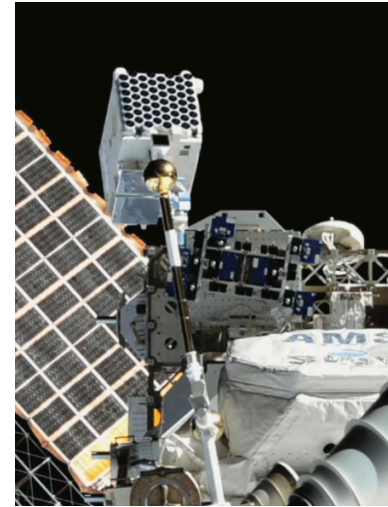
pulse-profile modeling

GW170817: Measurements of neutron star radii and equation of state

The LIGO Scientific Collaboration and The Virgo Collaboration



tidal deformability $\sim R^5$

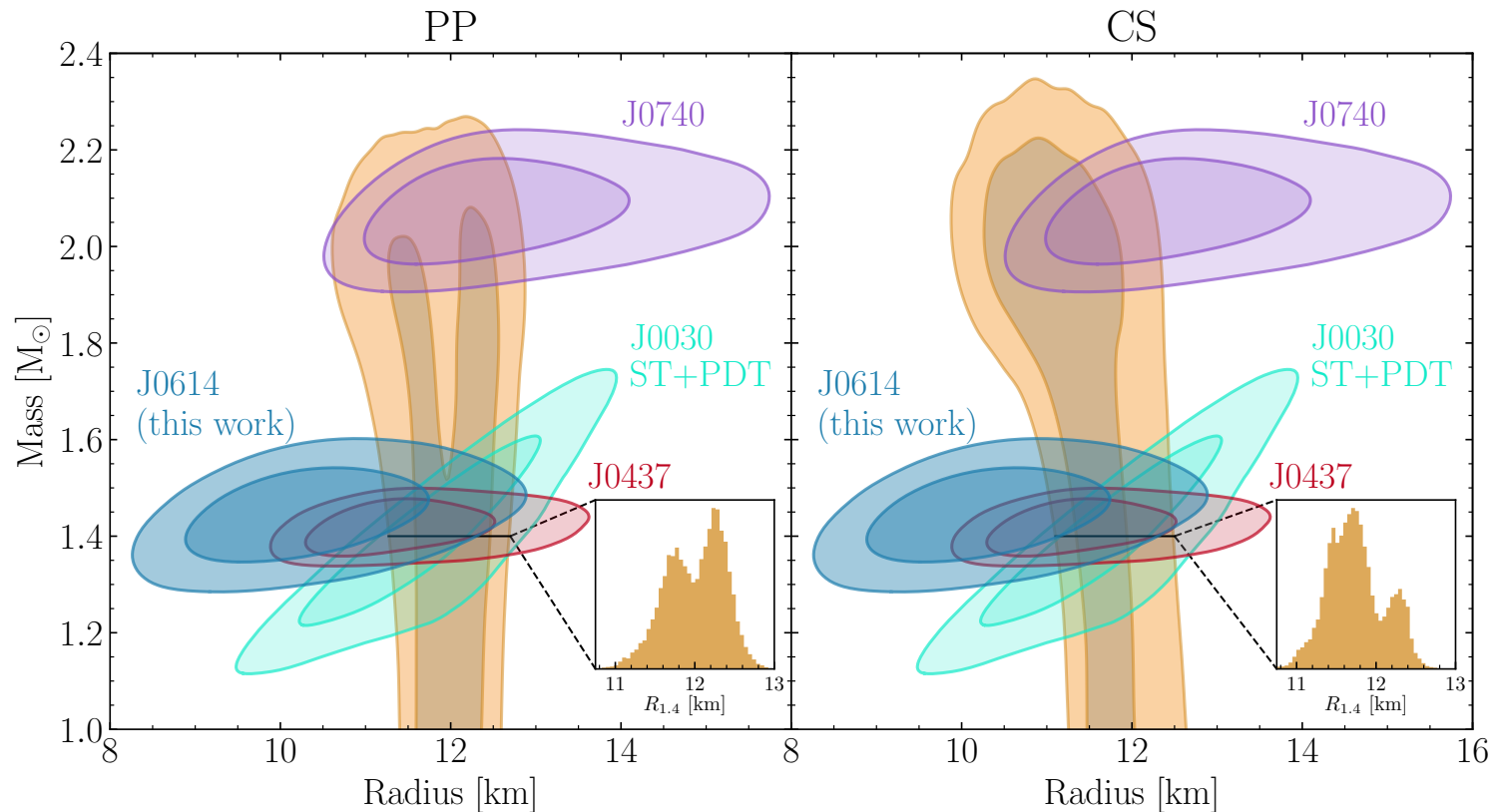


sensitive to
compactness
M/R



LIGO/Virgo and NICER results

chiral EFT up to $1.5n_0$ + general high-density extensions + causality
including information from GW170817 and 4 stars studied by NICER



Raaijmakers et al., ApJL (2020), (2021), Rutherford, Mendes, Svensson et al., ApJL (2024)
Mauviard-Haag et al., ApJ (2025)

posterior dist. ~ 12 km very similar for PP/CS high-density extensions

Constraints at intermediate densities

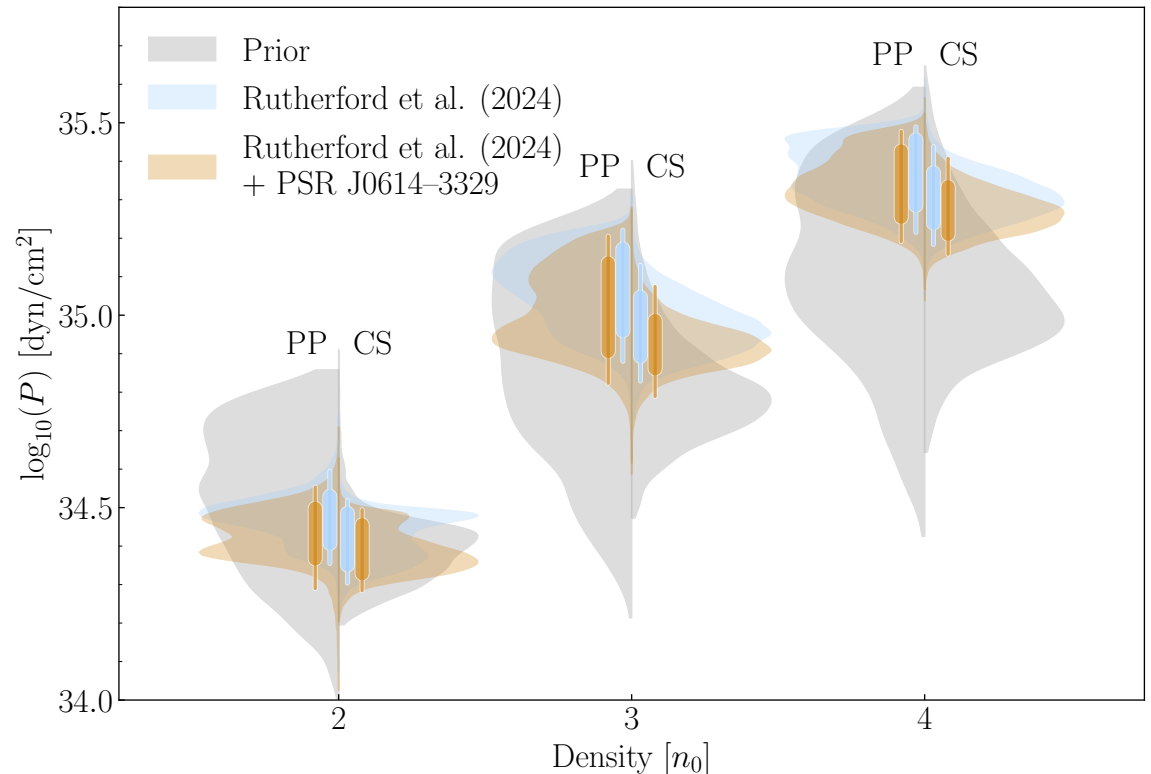
chiral EFT up to $1.5n_0$ + general EOS extrapolations + causality

including information from GW170817 and 4 stars studied by NICER

observations constrain
pressure at intermediate
densities

posteriors at $3-4n_0$
→ astro prefers
higher pressures

important to explore
prior sensitivities



Rutherford, Mendes, Svensson et al., ApJL (2024)

Mauviard-Haag et al., ApJ (2025)

will be very constraining with more observations

Summary

Chiral EFT + powerful many-body methods

→ reliable predictions for neutron-rich nuclei for r-process

EOS up to $\sim 1-2 n_0$ with controlled uncertainties

← high-density constraints from multimessenger astrophysics

Thanks to: astro/EOS:

**A. Arcones, F. Alp, M. Cincar,
Y. Dietz, S. Dokur, C. Drischler,**

**M. Drissi, H. Göttling, S. Guillot, J. Lattimer, K. Hebeler, L. Hoff,
J. Keller, J. Kuske, L. Mauviard, M. Mendes, C. Pethick,
N. Rutherford, R. Somasundaram, I. Svensson, I. Tews, A. Watts**

ab initio: **P. Arthuis, S. Bogner, C. Brase, M. Companys, M. Drissi,
K. Hebeler, H. Hergert, M. Heinz, J.D. Holt, L. Jokiniemi, Z. Li,
T. Miyagi, T. Plies, A. Porro, R. Stroberg, U. Vernik, A. Tichai**

