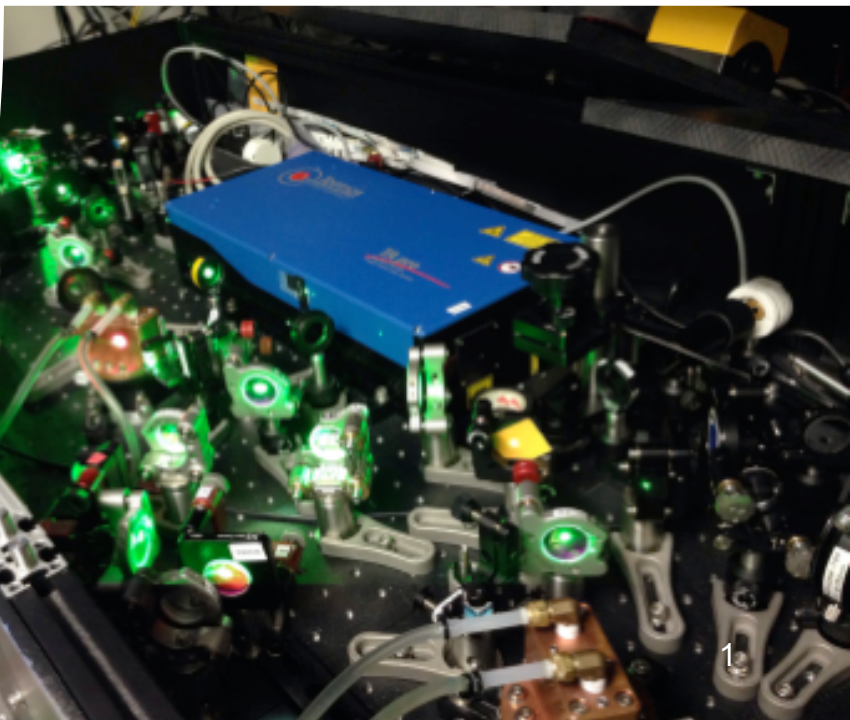
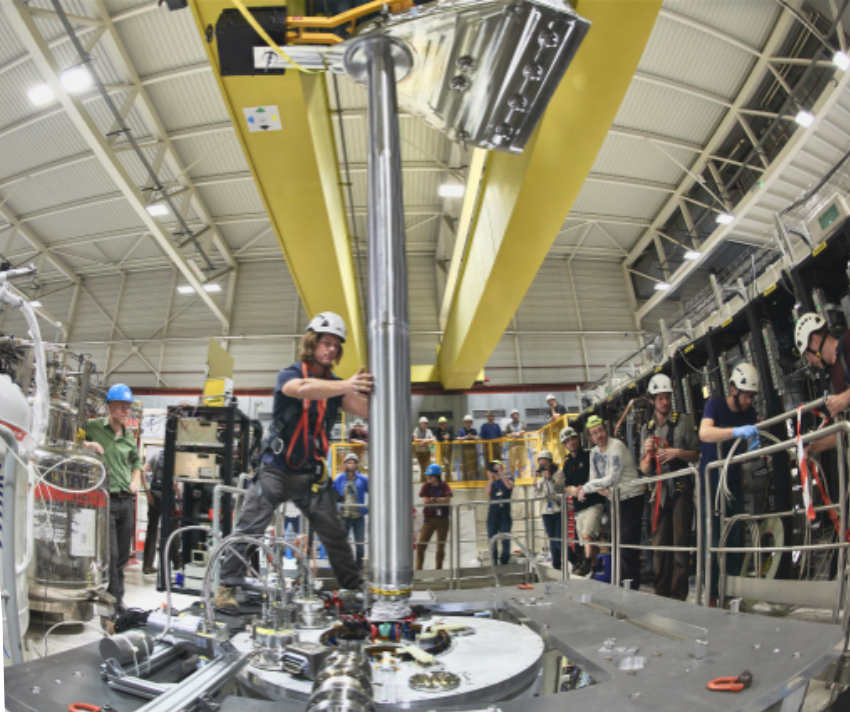


New techniques in precision measurements on simple atoms (and molecules)

Developing New Directions in fundamental Physics 2020

Nov 5, 2020

Makoto Fujiwara, TRIUMF



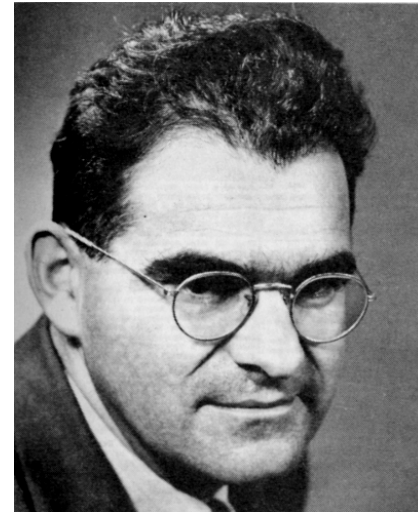
UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY



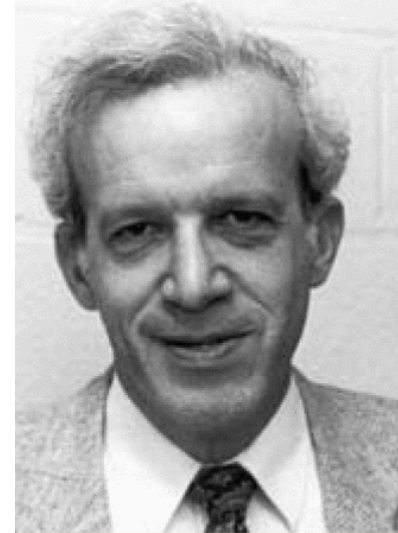
SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY



“To understand hydrogen is to understand all of physics”



Victor Weisskopf



Dan Klepper

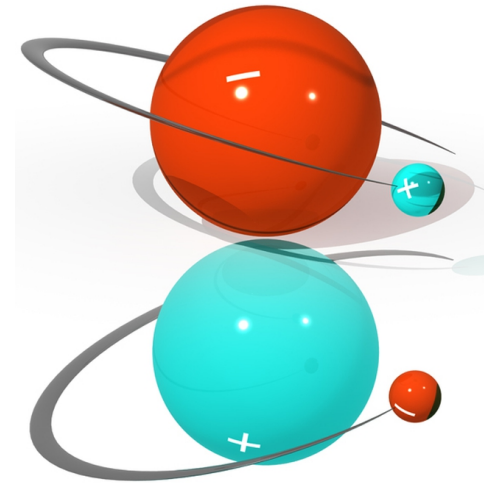
- Hydrogen
 - “Much of what we know about the Universe comes from looking at hydrogen”
 - 75% of *known* Universe
 - One of the most precisely measured physical systems
- Exotic hydrogen (TRIUMF/CENPA)
 - Muonium
 - Muonic Hydrogen
 - Hadronic Hydrogen
 - Antihydrogen
 - Positronium

Tests of QED, Quantum Field Theory, General Relativity
Fundamental Symmetries (CPT, Equiv. Principle etc)

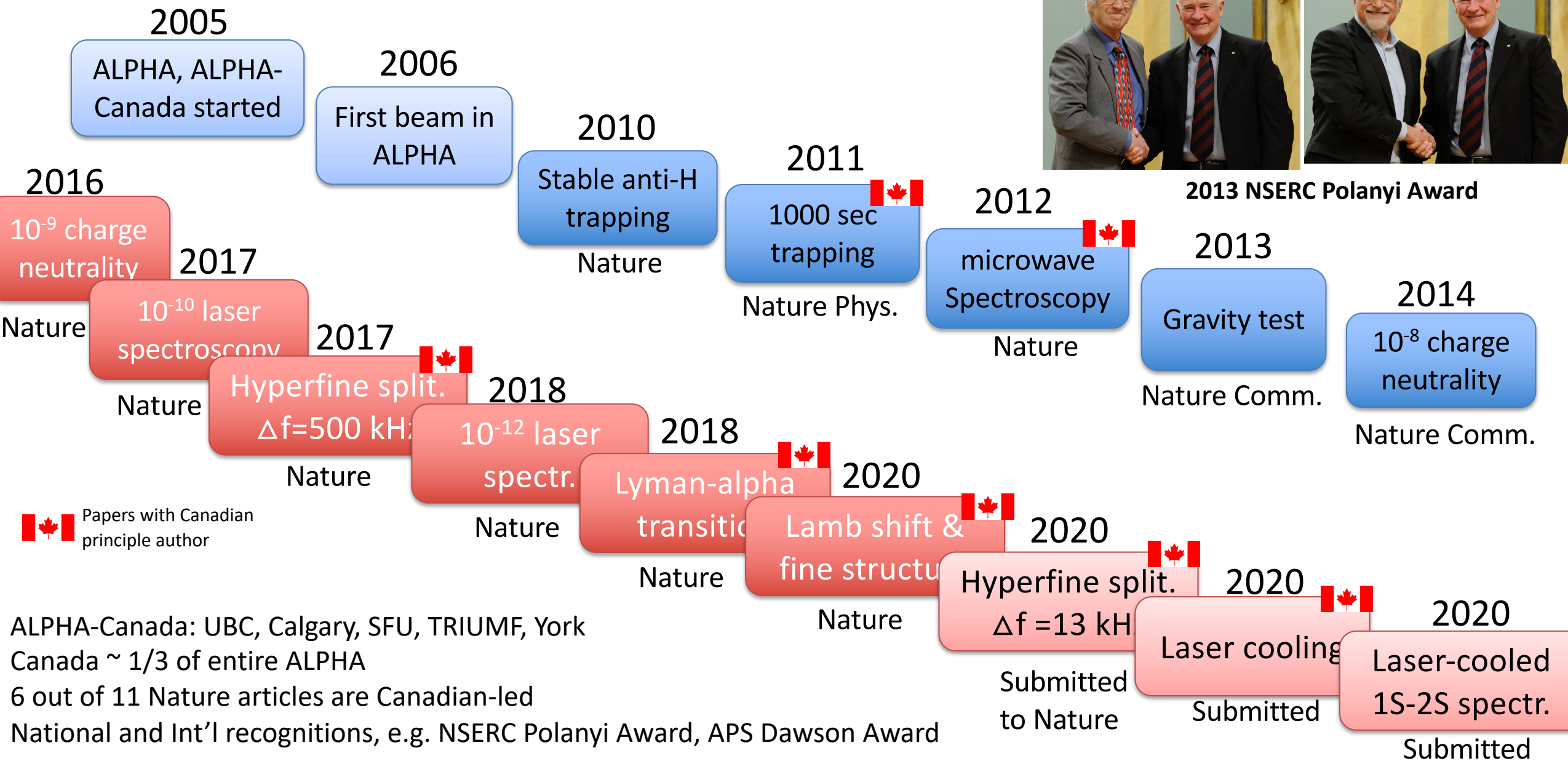
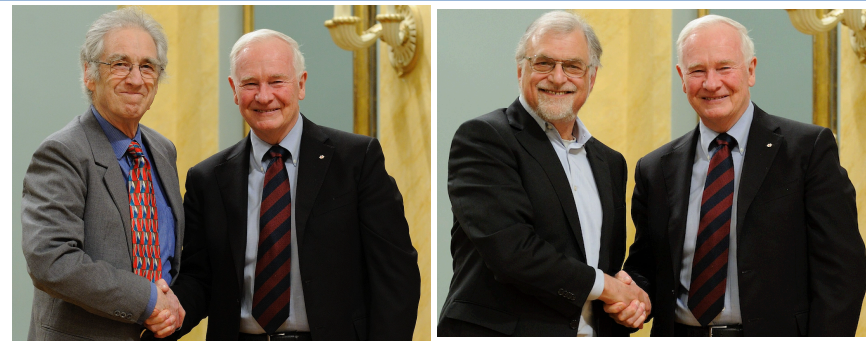
“Are we asking the right question?” [arXiv:1309.7468](https://arxiv.org/abs/1309.7468)

If we can improve the precisions of simple systems, we should!

- Hydrogen–antihydrogen symmetry test with ALPHA@CERN likely limited by hydrogen precision in near future
- HAICU@Canada (UBC, SFU, TRIUMF, Calgary, York): Developing novel “quantum sensing” techniques to push both antihydrogen AND hydrogen measurements
- These new techniques could be used for new types of exciting measurements at TRIUMF!



- This talk:
 - Introduction/motivation
 - ALPHA antihydrogen experiment
 - HAICU: proposed R&D platform
 - Future opportunities

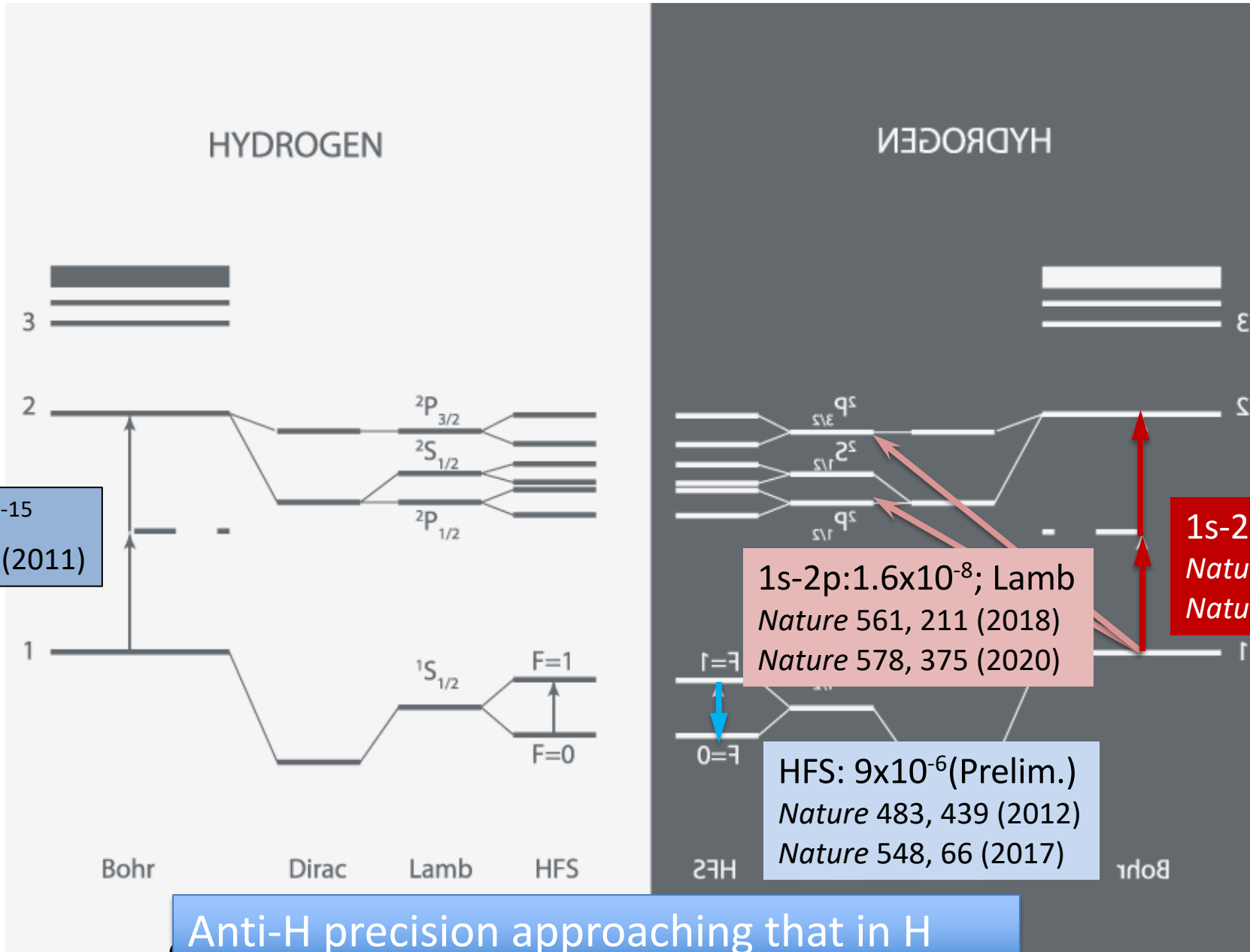


ALPHA-Canada: UBC, Calgary, SFU, TRIUMF, York

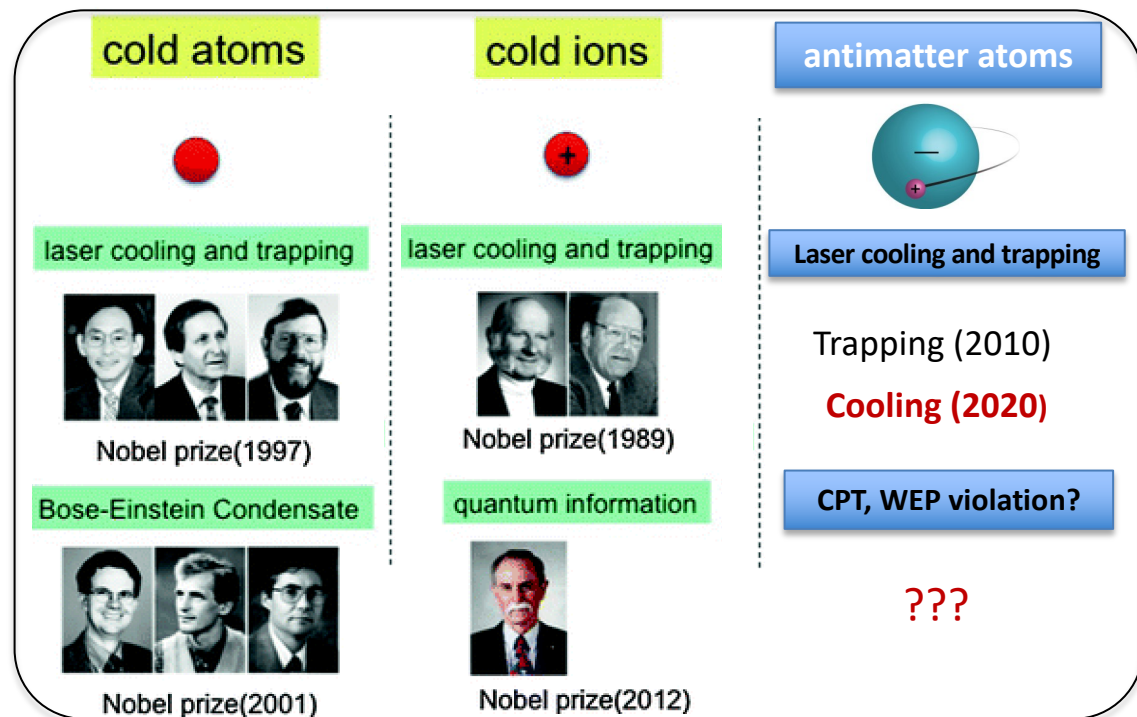
Canada ~ 1/3 of entire ALPHA

6 out of 11 Nature articles are Canadian-led

National and Int'l recognitions, e.g. NSERC Polanyi Award, APS Dawson Award

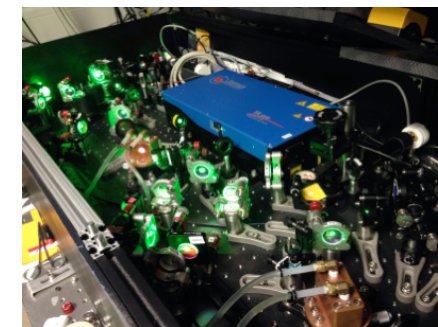


Laser cooling of atoms, ions revolutionized atomic physics in last 40 years



Inoue 2017

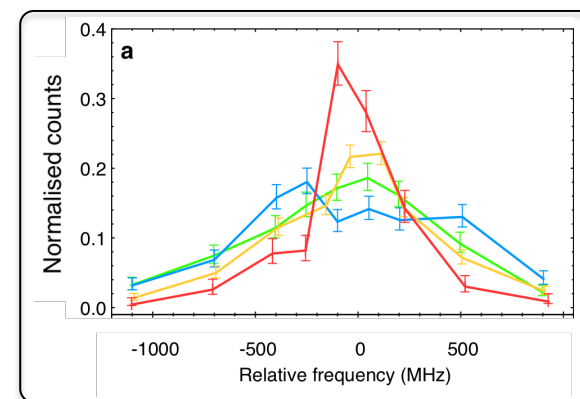
Laser at 121 nm (VUV)
Extremely challenging!



UBC laser (Momose)

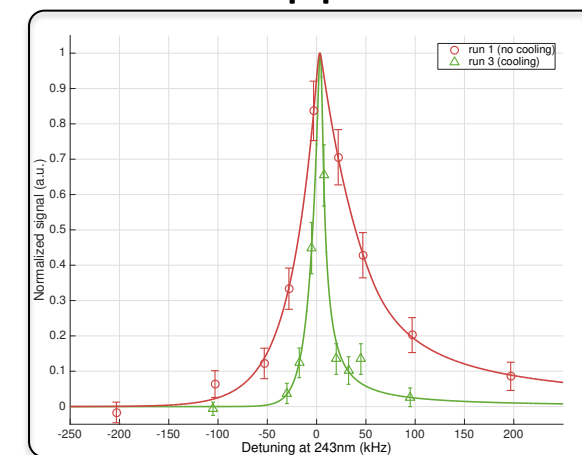
Preliminary results

Cooling demonstration



1S-2P lineshape

First application



1S-2S lineshape

Olin (TRIUMF)

A game changer! Culmination of efforts in the past decade!



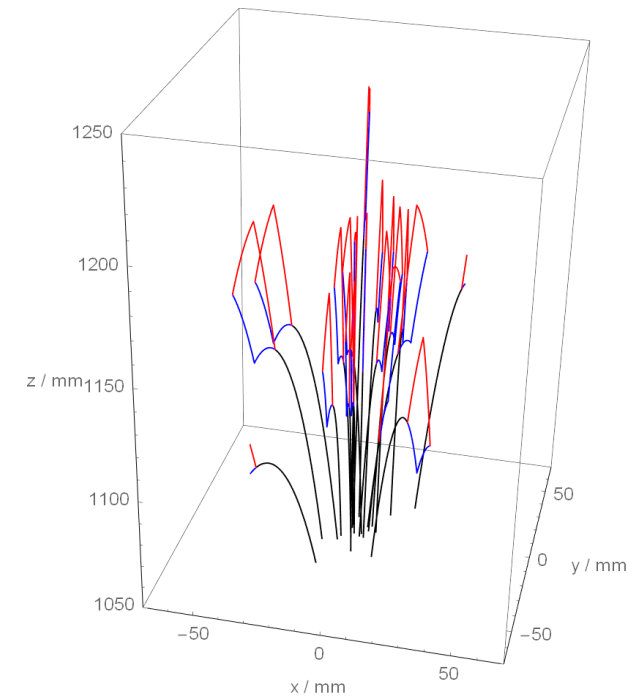
Objective: to make precision hydrogen–antihydrogen comparison
in the same apparatus

→ Need to improve both anti-H and H techniques!

HAICU: Hydrogen-Antihydrogen Infrastructure at Canadian Universities

- R&D platform for development for “quantum sensing” techniques for anti-H
- Use H (and other cold atoms) as proxy
 - (Anti)atomic fountain
 - (Anti)Matter-wave interferometer
 - Ramsey hyperfine spectroscopy
 - Optical trapping
 - Anti-molecular clock
- Hydrogen difficult to handle
 - 1s-2p transition at 121 nm
 - Difficult to trap
 - No fountain made with H

(Anti)atom Interferometer Simulation

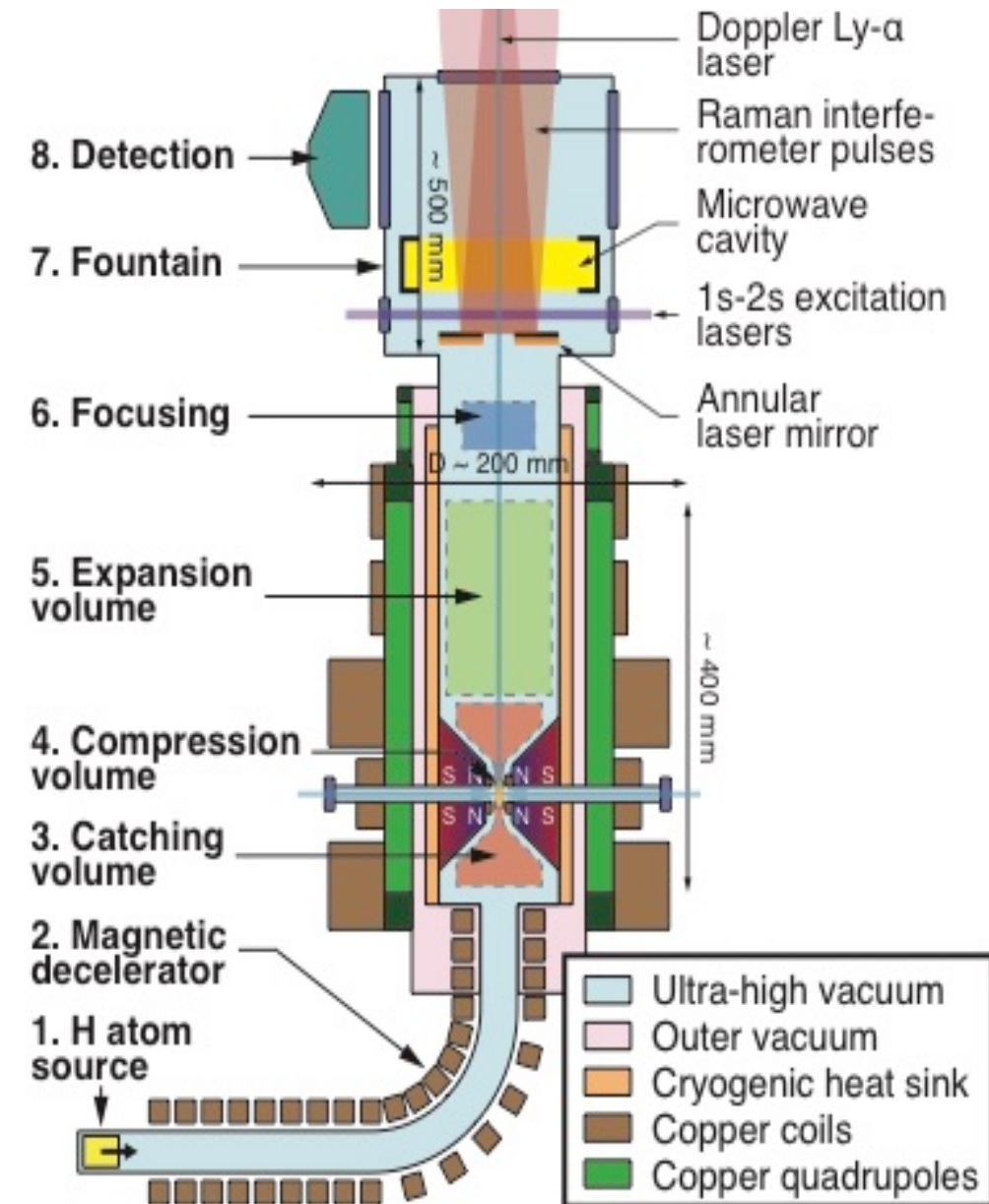


- Techniques needed for anti-H could be useful to improve H measurements

Key Concept [paper in preparation]

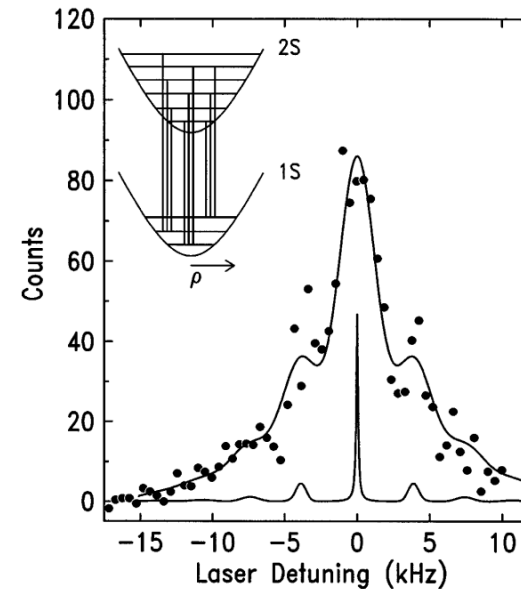
- **Magnetic compression** of atomic clouds in a small, high density quadrupole trap (\sim mm radius)
 - Dynamically transferred from Octupole; now feasible due to laser cooling
 - Magnets are challenging!
- **Laser cooling** \rightarrow high phase space density (\sim 100 μ m radius, 2 mm length)
 - Allow densities $10^7 - 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ (currently $\sim 1 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ in ALPHA)
 - This is a basis for antihydrogen molecular clock development [Myers PRA2018; Zammit et al PRA2019]
- **Expansion cooling**
 - \rightarrow Can create a (anti)H gas in micro-Kelvin regime!
 - Precision spectroscopy
- **Launch into free space** as fountain for interferometric and other interrogations (\sim 100 nK regime)

Up to $10^7 - 10^8$ colder and/or denser anti-H cloud!

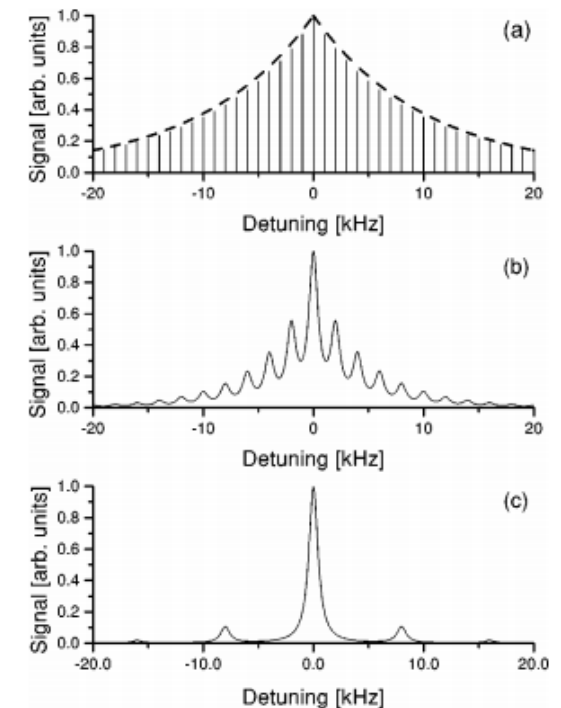


- Hydrogen spectroscopy with H in $< \mu\text{K}$ regime
 - Note the current best H measurement uses 6 K atomic beam
 - Dominant errors
 - 2nd order Doppler broadening
 - Transit-time broadening

- Lamb-Dicke spectroscopy in harmonic trap



Cesar PRL 77, 255 (1996)

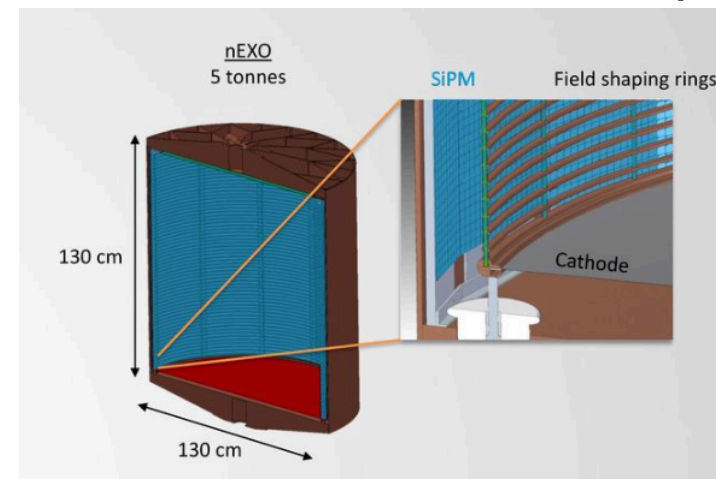
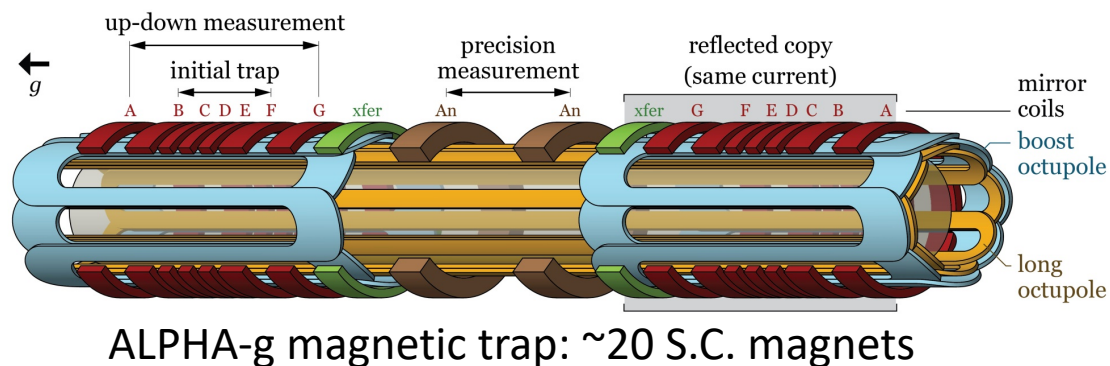


Cesar PRA 59, 4564 (1999)

- Fine structure const. via H fountain & interferometer
 - Larger recoils “signal” than Cs
 - QED test with $g-2$
(Christian Panda)
- Optical trapping of H
- Muonium physics
- Positronium physics
 - ~4 σ discrepancy with QED
- Colder tritium atoms for Project-8 (Elise Novitski)
- Dark photon with para-H₂
 - J. Bramante et al, PRD 101, 0550540 (2020)
- Molecular fountain
- Radioactive molecules
- Our cooling scheme may be useful for other systems

- VUV lasers
- Superconducting magnetic trap
- Cryogenics
- Magnetic deceleration beamline
- Magnetometry

- Detection of H
 - Anti-H is easy to detect!
- VUV photon detection
 - SiPM at low temperatures
 - Synergies with Dark Matter/Neutrino expt's

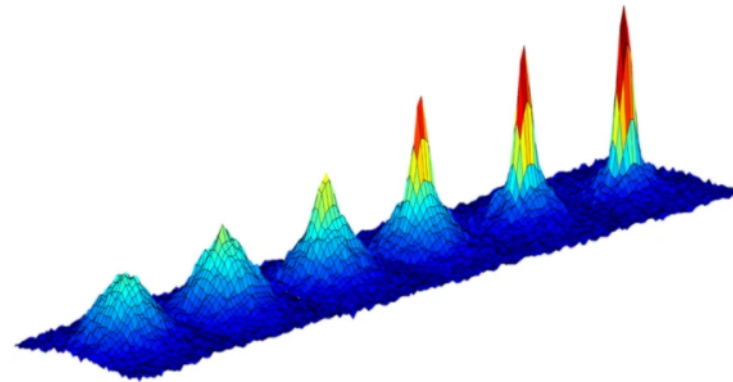


nEXO
SiPM "wall"

Requires national lab infrastructure!



Bose-Einstein condensates
on Int'l Space Station
Nature June 11, 2020



Antimatter experiments in space? (micro-gravity environment)

BEC created on Earth: 1995
BEC created in space: 2020
(25 years later)

Trapped anti-H on Earth: 2010
Trapped anti-H in space:
2035???

- New techniques for studies of anti-H & H atoms (molecules) proposed
 - 10^6 - 10^8 times colder and/or denser than existing expt's
 - Fountain, interferometer, Optical trapping, Ramsey spectroscopy, molecular ion clocks...
- CFI proposal under review
- Next few years
 - Will focus on ALPHA related R&D
- Beyond ~2025
 - Opportunities for H, Mu, Ps, Radioactive molecules etc.

Aiming at ambitious goals!



O snail
Climb Mount Fuji
But slowly, slowly!
— Issa Kobayashi

Result to be announced any day!



Stay tuned for the next DND!

